Annex 1 to the Ordinance of the Federal Department of Justice and Police (FDJP) of 15 November 2017 on the conduct of the Surveillance of Post and Telecommunications (VD-ÜPF; SR 780.117)

Technical requirements for the handover interfaces for the conduct of the Surveillance of Telecommunications

Version 3.0

Entry into force: 01.01.2024

1 Scope of application

The present document is the Annex 1 to the ordinance of the FDJP of 15 November 2017 on the conduct of the surveillance of post and telecommunications (VD-ÜPF).

It describes the technical requirements and options for the handover interfaces between the equipment of the Communication Service Providers (CSPs) and the equipment of the Post and Telecommunications Surveillance Service (PTSS) for the provision of information requests, real-time interception, historical data (retroactive interception), emergency search and tracing. It specifies how the respective ETSI technical specifications apply to the different administrative and technical handover interfaces in Switzerland.

Some of the administrative and technical handover interfaces are not standardised by ETSI and are therefore specified in a proprietary manner in this document.

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2 Abbreviations

0000	Third Organization Destances in Desired
3GPP	Third Generation Partnership Project
5GC 5GS	5G Core Network
5G-GUTI	5G System 5G Globally Unique Temporary Identifier
	5G S-Temporary Mobile Subscription Identifier
AAnF	AKMA Anchor Function
AF	Application Function
AKMA	Authentication and Key Management for Application
AMF	Access and Mobility Management Function
ASCII	American National Standard Code for Information Interchange
ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation One
BA	Basic Access (ISDN Basic Access)
BBIFF	Bearer Binding Intercept and Forward Function
BC	Bearer Capability
BRAS	Broadband Remote Access Server
BSSID	Basic Service Set Identifier
BÜPF	"Bundesgesetz vom 18. März 2016 betreffend die Überwachung des Post- und
	Fernmeldeverkehrs (BÜPF, SR 780.1)" - Federal Act of 18 March 2016 on the
	Surveillance of Post and Telecommunications
CC	Content of Communication
CD	Call Data
CDR	Charging Data Record
CGI	Cell Global Identification
CLIP/R	Calling Line Identification Presentation / Restriction
CMTS	Cable Modem Termination System
COLP/R	Connected Line Identification Presentation / Restriction
CS	Circuit-switch
CSP	Communications Service Provider
CUG	Closed User Group
CUPS	Control and User Plane Separation
DCF77	German longwave time signal and standard-frequency radio station.
DDI	Direct Dialling In
DN	Data Network
DNN	Data Network Name
DSG	"Bundesgesetz vom 25. September 2020 über den Datenschutz (DSG,
	SR 235.1)" – Federal Act of 25 September 2020 on Data Protection (FADP)
DSS1	Digital Subscriber Signalling System No 1
DTD	Document Type Definition
E.164	International public telecommunication numbering plan defined by ITU-T
ECGI	E-UTRAN Cell Global Identification
eCNAM	Enhanced Calling Name
	Eidgenössisches Justiz- und Polizeidepartement (see FDJP)
EN-DC EPS	E-UTRA – NR Dual Connectivity
EFS	Evolved Packet System European Telecommunications Standards Institute
E-UTRAN	Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network
FDJP	Federal Department of Justice and Police
FOITT	Federal Office of Information Technology, Systems and Telecommunication
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
GERAN	GSM EDGE Radio Access Network
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GPSI	Generic Public Subscription Identifier

GSM GSMA GUAMI HI HLC HPLMN HR HTTP HTTPS IANA ICF IEF IEF IEF IEF IEF IEF IEF IEF IEF IE	Global System for Mobile Communications GSM Association Globally Unique AMF Identifier Handover Interface High Layer Compatibility Home Public Land Mobile Network Home Routing HyperText Transfer Protocol HyperText Transfer Protocol over Secure Socket Layer Internet Assigned Numbers Authority Identifier Caching Function Identifier Event Function Identifier Event Function Internet Engineering Task Force Internal Interception Function Identifier Query Function Internet Message Access Protocol International Mobile station Equipment Identity International Mobile station Equipment Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity Internet Protocol Interception Related Information IT Service Centre Federal Department of Justice and Police Integrated Services Digital Network International Organization for Standardization
ITU-T	International Telecommunication Union - Telecommunication Standardisation Sector
LALS LAN LBO LD LEA LEMF LI LI_HIQR LICF LIPF LIID LMISF MAP MCPTT MDF MMS MSC MSISDN MSN MTA	Lawful Access Location Services Local Area Network Local Break-Out Lawful Disclosure Law Enforcement Agency Law Enforcement Monitoring Facility Lawful Interception Lawful Interception Handover Interface Query Response Lawful Interception Control Function Lawful Interception Control Function Lawful Interception Provisioning Function Lawful Interception Identifier LI Mirror IMS State Function Mobile Application Part Mission Critical Push-To-Talk Mediation and Delivery Function Multimedia Messaging Service Mobile Station Mobile Switching Centre Mobile Subscriber ISDN Number Multiple Subscriber Number Multiple Subscriber Number
N3IWF N9HR NAI NAS NCGI NCI	Non 3GPP Inter Working Function N9 Home Routing Network Access Identifier Non-Access Stratum NR Cell Global Identity NR Cell Identity

NEF NEID	Network Exposure Function Network Element Identifier
NF	Network Function
NID	Network Identity
NIDD	Non-IP Data Delivery
NPLI	Network Provided Location Information
NR	New Radio
NRF	Network Repository Function
OFCOM	Federal Office of Communications (Switzerland)
OID	Object Identifier
OMA	Open Mobile Alliance
PCF	Policy Control Function
PCRF	Policy and Charging Rules Function
PDN-GW	Packet Data Network Gateway
PEI	Permanent Equipment Identifier
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
POI	Point Of Interception
POP3	Post Office Protocol – Version 3
PRA PRS	Primary Rate Access Premium Rate Services
PRS PSTN	
PTC	Public Switched Telephone Network Push-To-Talk over Cellular
PTSS	Postal and Telecommunications Surveillance Service
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key
RAI	Routing Area Identity
RCD	Rich Call Data
RCS	Rich Communication Suite
S8HR	S8 Home Routing
S-GW	Serving Gateway
SAI	Service Area Identity
SCEF	Service Capabilities Exposure Function
SDP	Session Description Protocol
SHAKEN	5
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
SIM	Subscriber Identity Module
SIRF	System Information Retrieval Function
SMF	Session Management Function
SMS	Short Message Service
SMSF SMTP	SMS Function
SNITE	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol Subscriber Number
SR	Classified Compilation of Federal Legislation
STIR	Secure Telephony Identity Revisited
SUCI	Subscription Concealed Identifier
SUPI	Subscription Permanent Identifier
TAI	Tracking Area Identity
TCE-O	Telecommunications equipment belonging to the person obliged to cooperate
	(e.g. the CSP)
TCP	Transport Control Protocol
TDM	Time Division Multiplexing
TF	Triggering Function
TMSI	Temporary Mobile Subscriber Identity
TNGF	Trusted Non-3GPP Gateway Function
TWIF	Trusted WLAN Interworking Function

UDM UDP	Unified Data Management User Datagram Protocol
UE	User Equipment
UMS	Unified Messaging System
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
UPF	User Plane Function
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
UTF-8	8-bit Unicode Transformation Format (IETF RFC 3629, ISO 10646)
UTRAN	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network
UUS	User-to-User Signalling
VD-ÜPF	"Verordnung des EJPD über die Durchführung der Überwachung des Post- und
	Fernmeldeverkehrs vom 15. November 2017 (SR 780.117)" - Ordinance of the
	FDJP of 15 November 2017 on the Conduct of the Surveillance of Post and
1440	Telecommunications
VMS	Voicemail Service
	Voice over IP
	Visited Public Land Mobile Network
VPN	Virtual Private Network
VÜPF	"Verordnung über die Überwachung des Post- und Fernmeldeverkehrs vom 15.
	November 2017 (VÜPF, SR 780.11)" - Ordinance of 15 November 2017 on the Surveillance of Post and Telecommunications
WGS	
	World Geodetic System Wireless Local Area Network
WLAN xCC	
xDSL	LI_X3 Communications Content
xIRI	Digital subscriber line (x stands for various types)
XIRI XML	LI_X2 Intercept Related Information Extensible Markup Language

XSD XML Schema Definition

3 Definitions

Communication service provider (CSP)

The CSP is intended as the legal entity providing telecommunication services, including network operators, access providers and service providers. Where appropriate, the requirements and options in this document concerning the CSP are applicable by analogy to the providers of derived communication services with extended obligations.

Handover interface (HI)

Physical and logical interface across which the information requests and the interception measures are requested from a CSP, and the results of information requests and the results of interception are delivered from a CSP to a law enforcement monitoring facility (processing system of the PTSS).

Historical Data (retroactive interception)

Retained data associated with telecommunication services involving the target identity, specifically communication associated information or data (including unsuccessful communication attempts), service associated information or data (e.g. service profile management by subscriber) and location information.

Interception Related Information (IRI)

Collection of information or data associated with telecommunication services involving the target identity, specifically communication associated information or data (including unsuccessful communication attempts), service associated information or data (e.g. service profile management by subscriber) and location information.

Content of Communication (CC)

Information exchanged between two or more users of a telecommunication service, excluding Interception Related Information.

Law Enforcement Monitoring Facility (LEMF)

The processing system (*Verarbeitungssystem*) which is designated as the transmission destination for the results of information requests and the results of interception relating to a particular interception subject. PTSS operates the LEMF in Switzerland.

Mediation Function (MF)

Mechanism which passes information between a CSP and a Handover Interface, and information between the Internal Network Interface and the Handover Interface.

Target identity

Technical identity (e.g. the interception's subject directory number), which uniquely identifies a target of interception. One target may have one or several target identities.

Delivery network (DN)

Network infrastructure between the CSP and the LEMF used to transmit the results of information requests and the results of interception. It can support different types of lower communication layers, which should be standard or widely used data communication protocols.

4 Administrative Handover Interfaces

This section covers the requirements related to the different administrative handover interfaces carrying the instructions for real-time interceptions, retroactive interceptions (aka historical data or retained data) and information requests orders as well as the different notifications and operational information exchanges between PTSS and the CSP.

4.1 General

The following table enumerates the different types of interception instructions and information requests to be exchanged between the PTSS and the CSP and indicates which administrative handover interface can be used.

VÜPF articles	Type of instruction and data exchanged between PTSS and CSP	1st Administrative HI	2nd Administrative HI	3rd Administrative HI
27, 35 to 48, 48a,48c	Information requests Abbr.: IRTask	HI-A according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex 1 Section 4.2.4	Secure Email Annex 1 Section 4.3.3.2	Telephone Annex 1 Section 4.4
48b	Information request IR_52_ASSOC_TEMP	Annex 1 Section 8.4.12	Not applicable	Not applicable
54 to 59	Real-time interception instructions Abbr.: LITask	HI-1 according to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Annex 1 Section 4.2.2 or 4.2.3	Secure Email Annex 1 Section 4.3.3.1	Telephone Annex 1 Section 4.4
67b,67c, 67d,67e, 68b,68c, 68d,68e	Real-time interception instructions for emergency search and search for convicted persons.	Telephone and HI-1 according to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Annex 1 Section 4.4 Section 4.2.2 or 4.2.3	Telephone and Secure Email Annex 1 Section 4.4 Section 4.3.3.1	Telephone Annex 1 Section 4.4
60 to 66, 67a,67f, 68a,68f, 68g	Retroactive (aka historical data or retained data) interception instructions Abbr.: RDTask	HI-A according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex 1 Section 4.2.4	Secure Email Annex 1 Section 4.3.3.2	Telephone Annex 1 Section 4.4

 Table 4-1: Administrative handover interfaces for interception instructions and information

 requests

The following table enumerates the different administrative handover interfaces that can be used to exchange general information and notifications between the PTSS and the CSP.

Type of Information	1st Administrative HI	2nd Administrative HI	3rd Administrative HI
General and operational	Secure Email	Telephone	Registered post
information	Annex 1	Annex 1	Annex 1
notifications	Section 4.3.4.1	Section 4.4	Section 4.5

Table 4-2: Administrative handover interfaces for general information and notifications

4.2 XML over HTTP Exchange

4.2.1 General

The administrative interface using XML over HTTPS may be used to support several administrative processes as mentioned in the tables above in 4.1. The following table enumerates the three interception ordering processes that use HTTPS as a transport method.

Handover interface	Section
HI1 XML over HTTP administrative interface for instructing real-time interceptions (HI-1 eWarrant ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1)	Annex 1 Section 4.2.2
The description of this administrative interface is used as a reference section but it is not implemented or used by the PTSS and the CSP.	0001011 4.2.2
Ad hoc HI1 XML over HTTP administrative interface for instructing real-time interceptions	Annex 1 Section 4.2.3
HI-A XML over HTTP administrative interface for instructing retroactive interceptions "historical data / retained data" (same as for Information Requests) (HI-A ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1)	Annex 1 Section 4.2.4

4.2.2 HI-1 XML over HTTP administrative interface for instructing real-time interceptions (HI-1 eWarrant ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1)

This whole section 4.2.2 is for reference only. This HI-1 XML over HTTP administrative interface might be implemented in the future.

HI-1 eWarrant can use the encoding and delivery format XML as described in ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 clause 9.2 and HTTP transport as described in clause 9.3. The requirements and options for this handover interface are detailed in this section.

The overall architecture used between the PTSS and CSP follows the scenario shown in ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Annex A.3 for a single "Central Authority" (warrant = order).

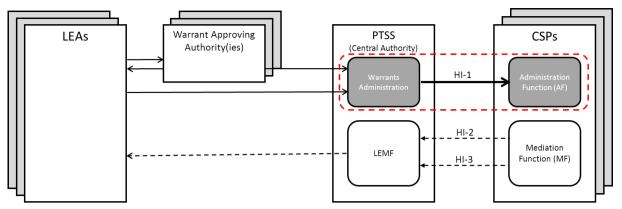


Figure 4-1: HI-1 administrative interface for real-time interception instructions

4.2.2.1 Transport security

Implementations shall support HTTPS as defined in IETF RFC 2818, including the support for mutual authentication through bidirectional certificate usage according to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 clause 9.3.4.

The exchange of the certificates and security requirements (such as key management, key length and the choice of cryptographic algorithm) is an implementation issue and shall be determined by the PTSS based on consultations with the CSP.

4.2.2.2 Action messages used for the real-time interception instruction process

Action messages defined by the HI-1 interface that are used by task management processes.

Action Requests	Action Responses
Create	CreateResponse
Get	GetResponse
Update	UpdateResponse
List	ListResponse
	Error Information

Table 4-3: Action messages used by the HI-1 interface via HTTP

4.2.2.3 Message flow for a real-time interception activation instruction

This section provides an overview of the message flow for a real-time interception activation instruction.

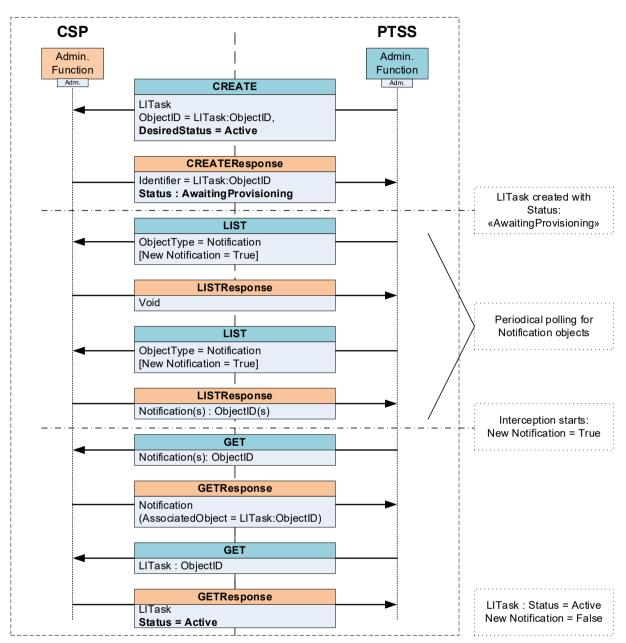


Figure 4-2: Message flow for a real-time interception activation instruction based on HTTP

4.2.2.4 Message flow for a real-time interception deactivation instruction

This section provides an overview of the message flow for a real-time interception deactivation instruction.

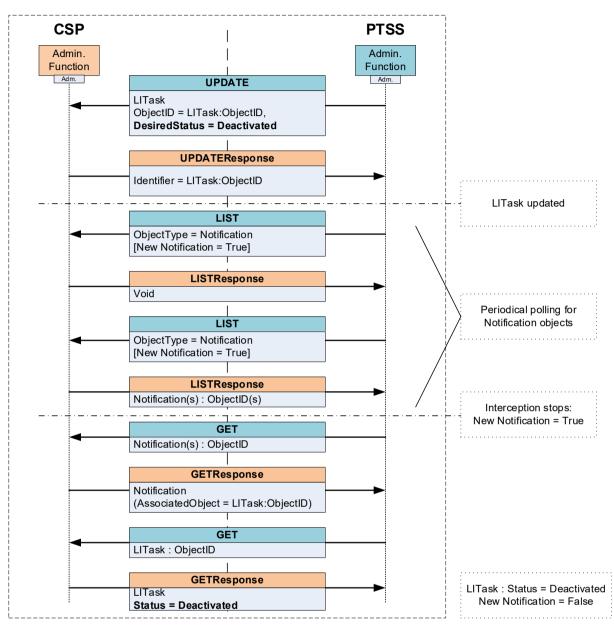


Figure 4-3: Message flow for a real-time interception deactivation instruction based on HTTP

4.2.2.5 Message flow for a real-time interception cancellation instruction

This section provides an overview of the message flow for a real-time interception cancellation instruction.

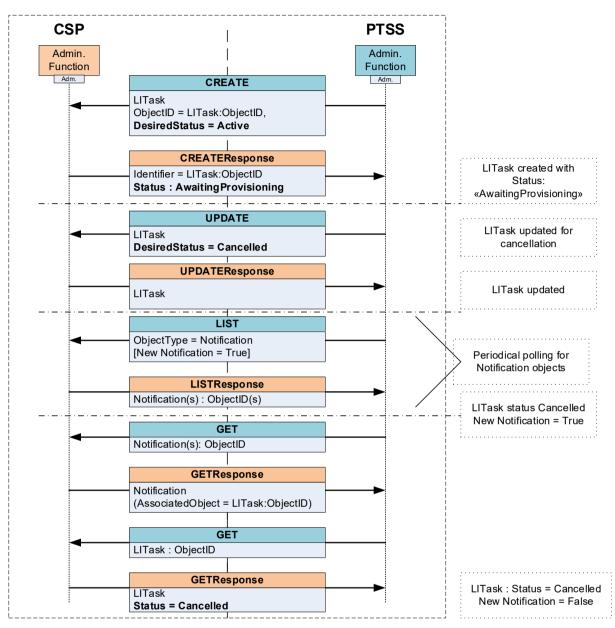


Figure 4-4: Message flow for a real-time interception cancellation instruction based on HTTP

4.2.2.6 Message flow in case of error or invalidity of a real-time interception instruction

This section provides an overview of the message flow in case of error or invalidity of a realtime interception instruction.

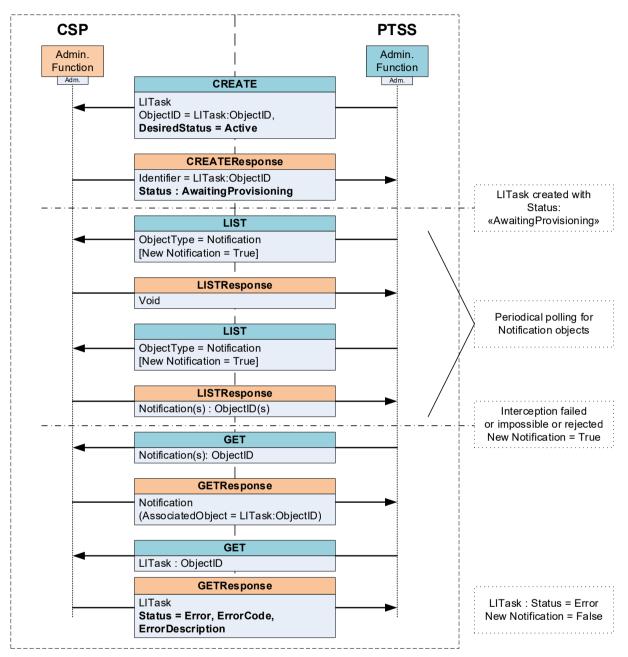


Figure 4-5: Message flow in case of error or invalidity of a real-time interception instruction based on HTTP

4.2.2.7 ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 requirements and options

The table below present the Swiss national options according to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 and the real-time interception instructing process.

Clause	Available options for Swice	Additional requirements or
ETSI TS	Available options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
103 120	applications	specifications
V1.9.1		
	ges header	
6.2.3	NationalProfileOwner: National	PTSS
Version	profile owner.	
	NationalProfileVersion: (see ETSI TS 103 280 V2.6.1)	PTSS_DictionaryDefinitions V3.0.0.xml
6.2.4	UniqueIdentifier: Unique identifier	PTSS for PTSS and the CSPID for
	sufficient for identifying the	CSPs. CSPID is a 5-digit code allocated
	object/field within the country.	by the PTSS to each CSP in
	LongString (see ETSI TS 103 280	Świtzerland.
	V2.6.1)	
	Request and Responses (request pa	
6.4.5	GET Response	List of HI-1 Objects items required in the
		GET Response Messages:
		III 4 a bia at no proinced fields.
		HI-1 object required fields:
		ObjectIdentifier Generation
		Externalldentifier
		AssociatedObjects
		LastChanged
		Notification object required fields:
		NotificationType
		NewNotification
		NotificationTimestamp
		LITask object required fields:
		Reference
		Status
		TimeSpan
		InvalidReason

Clause	Available entire for Order	Additional requirements of
Clause ETSI TS	Available options for Swiss	Additional requirements or
	applications	specifications
103 120 V1.9.1		
6.4.6	CREATE Request	List of the HI-1 Object fields required in the CREATE Request Messages:
		HI-1 object required fields: ObjectIdentifier CountryCode OwnerIdentifier AssociatedObjects
		LITask object required fields: Reference DesiredStatus
		TimeSpan TargetIdentifier DeliveryDetails CSPID
		Flags
	CREATE Response	List of the HI-1 Object fields required in the CREATE Response Messages:
		HI-1 object required fields: ObjectIdentifier Generation LastChanged
		LITask object required fields: Reference Status
6.4.7	UPDATE Request	List of the HI-1 Object fields required in the UPDATE Request Messages:
		HI-1 object required fields: ObjectIdentifier
		LITask object required fields: Reference DesiredStatus TimeSpan
	UPDATE Response	List of the HI-1 Object fields required in UPDATE Response Messages:
		HI-1 object required fields: ObjectIdentifier Generation LastChanged
		LITask object required fields: Reference

Clause	Available options for Swiss	Additional requirements or
ETSI TS	applications	specifications
103 120		
V1.9.1		
6.4.8	LIST Request (for Notification)	Object type field is required and shall
		be set to "Notification". As general
		purpose, ObjectType values shall
		comply with ObjectType Dictionary
		(ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 clause 6.4.8)
		LastChanged field is not required for
		Notification related requests.
	LIST Response (for Notification)	Fields required in LIST Response
		Messages:
		Required:
		ObjectType
		Identifier
		Generation
		CountryCode
		Ownerldentifier
		LastChanged
6.4.9	Action Unsuccessful Information	ErrorCode and ErrorInformation shall
		match values of table D.1 "Detailed
		error codes" of ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1
		Annex D.
7.1 HI-1 O		
7.1.1	Externalldentifier	This field is used to correlate the tasking
		instructions for accounting purposes. It
		is composed of the first 14 digits of the
		LITask:Reference LIID.
7.1.4	AssociatedObjects	The field AssociatedObjects contains
	_	a single AssociatedObject that is
		populated with the ObjectIdentifier of the
		associated LITask or Notification object.
	ation Object	
7.4.3	NotificationType	Dictionary owner:
	PTSS dictionary reflects specific	PTSS
	National PTSS Notification types.	
		Dictionary Name:
		NotificationTypes
		Dictionary authorised values:
		TaskStatusChanged
		TaskStatusActive
		TaskStatusCancelled
		TaskStatusDeactivated
		TaskStatusCompleted

Clause ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1	Available options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
8.2.3	Status PTSS dictionary reflects specific National PTSS Status.	 Dictionary owner: PTSS Dictionary Name: TaskStatus Dictionary authorised values: AwaitingProvisioning: The Task is approved, but is not yet provisioned in the LI system. Active: The Task is active and can produce LI traffic. Cancelled: The Task has been permanently cancelled Error: The Task is not active due to a problem with the underlying LI system or with the information in the Task Object. Deactivated: The Task has been deactivated by the PTSS

Clause	Available options for Swiss	Additional requirements or
ETSI TS 103 120	applications	specifications
V1.9.1		
8.2.4	Desired Status	Dictionary owner:
0.2.1	PTSS dictionary reflects specific	PTSS
	National PTSS DesiredStatus.	
		Dictionary Name:
		TaskDesiredStatus
		Dictionary authorised values:
		AwaitingProvisioning : The Task is approved, but is not yet provisioned in
		the LI system.
		Active: The Task is active and can
		produce LI traffic.
		Rejected: The Task has been explicitly
		denied or rejected by one or more relevant authorities.
		Cancelled : The Task has been
		permanently cancelled.
		Deactivated: The Task has been
		deactivated by the PTSS.
		<i>Error</i> : The Task is not active due to a
		problem with the underlying LI system
		or with the information in the Task
		Object.
0.0.5		
8.2.5	TimeSpan	TimeSpan is split in 5 fields detailed
		below:
		StartTime is populated by the PTSS in
		the CREATERequest (Activation) with
		required interception start date and
		time.
		EndTime is populated by the PTSS in the UPDATE Person (Department)
		the UPDATERequest (Deactivation) with required interception stop date and
		time.
8.2.6	TargetIdentifier	Required fields:
		TargetIdentifierValues

01	Associate to a strange for Ossian	
Clause	Available options for Swiss	Additional requirements or
ETSI TS	applications	specifications
103 120		
V1.9.1		
8.2.8	DeliveryDetails	Required fields:
		IRIorCC : This structure supports
		the dictionary entries of the
		PTSSNationalRequestTypes dictionary.
		These fields contain references to
		national LI types taken from the real-
		time interception type list (see section
		6.2) for real-time interception.
8.2.8.2	DeliveryProfile	Dictionary owner:
		PTSS
		Dictionary Name:
		DeliveryProfile
		Dictionary authorised values:
		Production
		Integration 1
		Integration 2
		PMT_Production
		PMT_Integration_1
		PMT_Integration_2
		FLICC_Production
		FLICC_Integration_1
		FLICC_Integration_2
8.2.12	Flags	Dictionary owner:
		PTSS
		Dictionary Name:
		FlagsStatus
		Dictionary authorized values:
		Normal
		TEST_PTE (NOTE 1)
		TEST_PTSA (NOTE 1)
		TEST_PTSE (NOTE 1)
		TEST_PTSTR (NOTE 1)
		TEST_PTSTE (NOTE 1)
		TEST_CTT (NOTE 1)
		TEST_ATT (NOTE 1)
9.3.2	Client/Server architecture	On PTSS side the client uses the
		following timeout and retries
		configuration:
		Connection timeout: 10 seconds
		Read timeout: 30 seconds
		Retry policy: every 1 minute, 15 retries
		Final failure: Alert/requeue for manual
		processing.
		processing.

Table 4-4: ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 requirements and options	Table 4-4: ETSI TS	103 120 V1.9.1	requirements	and options
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NOTE 1: Description of the different test types in the instructions:

TEST_PTE:	Permanent Test Environment
TEST_PTSA:	PTSS ad-hoc
TEST_PTSE:	PTSS extended test targets
TEST_PTSTR:	PTSS training targets
TEST_PTSTE:	PTSS pool for authorities
TEST_CTT:	Compliance test target
TEST_ATT:	Authorities' test target

4.2.2.8 Format and coding of real-time interception activation and deactivation.

This section provides requirements and information about the different elements composing XML requests for the real-time interception instructions sent by the PTSS to the CSP and the respective responses.

Example of messages below are extracted from a complete interception activation transaction. The collection of messages below aims to show an example of structure for each kind of message, they don't represent a full transaction.

Action message (Request or Response)		
XML header		
TransactionIdentifier		
Timestamp		
XML payload		

Create	CreateResponse	List	ListResponse
XML header	XML header	XML header section 4.2.2.8.1	XML header
section 4.2.2.8.1	section 4.2.2.8.1		section 4.2.2.8.1
ee4165be-4817-11e6-	ee4165be-4817-11e6-	b8508613-4320-4043-	b8508613-4320-4043-
beb8-9e71128cae77	beb8-9e71128cae77	aa7f-2d0d818bbdb5	aa7f-2d0d818bbdb5
2016-07-	2016-07-	2016-07-	2016-07-
12T12:10:00.000000Z	12T12:10:03.000000Z	12T15:00:00.000000Z	12T15:00:10.000000Z
XML message payload 4.2.2.8.2	XML message payload 4.2.2.8.3	XML message payload 4.2.2.8.4	XML message payload 4.2.2.8.5

Get	GetResponse	Update	UpdateResponse
XML header section 4.2.2.8.1	XML header section 4.2.2.8.1	XML header section 4.2.2.8.1	XML header section 4.2.2.8.1
360d1903-5892-434f- 87c1-8d33400fce38 2016-07- 13T15:00:20.000000Z	360d1903-5892-434f- 87c1-8d33400fce38 2016-07- 13T15:00:30.000000Z	d8c14821-a4d5-4481- 9076-7e3b649c9f66 2016-12- 30T12:00:00.000000Z	d8c14821-a4d5-4481- 9076-7e3b649c9f66 2016-12- 30T12:01:00.000000Z
XML message payload 4.2.2.8.6	XML message payload 4.2.2.8.7	XML message payload 4.2.2.8.8	XML message payload 4.2.2.8.9

Figure 4-6: Format and coding of real-time interception activation and deactivation based on HTTP

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.2 Messages header				
Element or attribute Description Example				
SenderIdentifier/ CountryCo	ode			
	ISOCountryCode giving 3166-1 alpha-2 code	СН		
SenderIdentifier/ UniqueIde	entifier			
	LongString	PTSS		
ReceiverIdentifier/ Country	Code			
	See Senderldentifier	СН		
ReceiverIdentifier/ UniqueId	dentifier			
	See Senderldentifier	99908		
TransactionIdentifier	UUID in IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	ee4165be-4817-11e6- beb8-9e71128cae77		
Timestamp	QualifiedMicrosecondDateTime	2016-07- 12T12:10:00.000000Z		
Version/ ETSIVersion				
	ShortString of the form "VX.Y.Z" (X gives major version, Y gives minor version, Z gives revision.	V1.3.1 or V1.9.1		
Version/ NationalProfileOwner				
	National profile owner	PTSS		
Version/ NationalProfileVer	Version/ NationalProfileVersion			
	ShortString	V3.0.0		

4.2.2.8.1	XML of a	Request/Respons	e header	(real-time interception)
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Table 4-5: XML of a Request/Response header for real-time interception based on HTTP

4.2.2.8.2	XML of a CR	EATE request payload	(real-time interception).
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ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4				
CREATE request LITask				
Element or attribute	Description	Example		
HI-1 Object				
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6		
CountryCode	ShortString and ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН		
Ownerldentifier	ShortString	PTSS		
Externalldentifier	LongString	20160921876543		

LITask		
Reference	LIID	201609218765432
DesiredStatus/ common:Owner		1
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS
DesiredStatus/ common:Name		
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskDesiredStatus
DesiredStatus/ common:Value		
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Active
TimeSpan/ StartTime		
	QualifiedDateTime	2016-07-12T12:10:00+02:00
TargetIdentifier/ TargetIdentifier	Values/ FormatType/ FormatC) Wner
	ShortString	ETSI
TargetIdentifier/ TargetIdentifier	Values/ FormatType/ FormatN	lame
	ShortString	InternationalE164
TargetIdentifier/ TargetIdentifier	Values/ Value	
	LongString	41598889988
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDestina	ation/ IRIorCC/ common:Owne	r
	ShortString	PTSS
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDestina	ation/ IRIorCC/ common:Name	
	ShortString	PTSSNationalRequestTypes
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDestina	ation/ IRIorCC/ common:Value	•
	LongString	RT_23_NA_CC_IRI
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDestina	ation/ DeliveryProfile/ common:	Owner
	ShortString	PTSS
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDestina		
	ShortString	DeliveryProfile
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDestina		•
	DeliveryProfile dictionary owned by PTSS	Production
CSPID/ CountryCode	ReceiverIdentifier	СН
CSPID/ UniqueIdentifier		
	ReceiverIdentifier	99908
Flags/ TaskFlag/ common:Own	er FlagStatus dictionary owned by the PTSS. ShortString	PTSS
Flags/ TaskFlag/ common:Nam	e FlagStatus dictionary owned by the PTSS. ShortString	TaskStatus

Flags/ TaskFlag/ common :Value		
	FlagStatus dictionary owned by the PTSS. ShortString	Normal

Table 4-6: XML of a CREATE request payload

4.2.2.8.3 XML of a CREATEResponse payload (real-time interception)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4		
CREATEResponse LITask		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
Identifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6
HI-1 Object		
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6
Generation	Positive integer	1
Externalldentifier	LongString	20160921876543
LastChanged	QualifiedDateTime	2016-07-12T12:10:00+02:00
LITask		
Reference	LIID	201609218765432
Status/ common:Owner		
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS
Status/ common:Name		·
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskStatus
Status/ common:Value		
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	AwaitingProvisioning

Table 4-7: XML of a CREATEResponse payload

4.2.2.8.4 XML of a LIST request payload (real-time interception)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4			
LIST request Notification			
Element or attribute Description Example			
LIST			
ObjectType/ common:Owner			
	ObjectType Dictionary entry	ETSI	
ObjectType/ common:Name	•		
	ObjectType Dictionary entry	ObjectTypeDictionary	
ObjectType/ common:Value	•		
	ObjectType Dictionary entry	Notification	

Table 4-8: XML of a LIST request payload

4.2.2.8.5 XML of a LISTResponse payload (real-time interception)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4			
LISTResponse Notification			
Element or attribute Description Example		Example	
LISTResponse			
ObjectType/ common:Owner			
	ObjectType Dictionary entry	ETSI	
ObjectType/ common:Name	·		
	ObjectType Dictionary entry	ObjectTypeDictionary	
ObjectType/ common:Value	·		
	ObjectType Dictionary entry	Notification	
Identifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	4804bdd0-c4d8-41c3-847a- 4b5154864beb	
CountryCode	ShortString and ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН	
Ownerldentifier	ShortString	99908	
Generation	Positive integer	2	
LastChanged	QualifiedDateTime	2016-07-12T13:30:00+02:00	

Table 4-9: XML of a LISTResponse payload

4.2.2.8.6 XML of a GET request payload (real-time interception)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4			
GET request Notification			
Element or attribute	Element or attribute Description Example		
GET			
	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	4804bdd0-c4d8-41c3-847a- 4b5154864beb	

Table 4-10: XML of a GET request payload

4.2.2.8.7 XML of a GETResponse payload (real-time interception)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4		
GETResponse Notification		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
HI-1 Object		
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	4804bdd0-c4d8-41c3-847a- 4b5154864beb
Generation	Positive integer	3
AssociatedObjects/ Associated	Object	
	List of ObjectIdentifiers: UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6
LastChanged	QualifiedDateTime	2016-07-13T15:00:20+02:00
Notification		
NotificationType/ common:Own	er	
	NotificationType PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS
NotificationType/ common:Nam	e	
	NotificationType PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	NotificationType
NotificationType/ common:Value		
	NotificationType PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskStatusChange
NewNotification	Boolean	True
NotificationTimestamp	QualifiedDateTime	2016-07-12T13:30:00+02:00

Table 4-11: XML of a GETResponse payload

4.2.2.8.8 XML of an UPDATE request payload (real-time interception)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4 Action Request and Responses		
UPDATE request LITask		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
HI-1 Object	·	·
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6
LITask		
Reference	LIID	201609218765432
DesiredStatus/ common:Owner		•
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS
DesiredStatus/ common:Name	•	
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskDesiredStatus
DesiredStatus/ common:Value		
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Deactived
TimeSpan/ EndTime		
	QualifiedDateTime	2016-12-31T23:59:59+02:00

Table 4-12: XML of an UPDATE request payload

4.2.2.8.9 XML of an UPDATEResponse payload (real-time interception)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4			
UPDATEResponse LITask	UPDATEResponse LITask		
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
Identifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
HI-1 Object	·		
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
Generation	Positive integer	4	
LastChanged	QualifiedDateTime	2016-12-30T12:00:00+02:00	
LITask			
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	

Table 4-13: XML of an UPDATEResponse payload

4.2.2.9 Applicable XML schema version for real-time interception instructions

Any superior version can be adopted from the CSP for better performances. This must be agreed with PTSS in order to ensure the compatibility with the actual HI-1 XML over HTTP administrative interface, and this requires a new compliance assessment.

Applicable XML	Requirement or instruction for application
Schema ETSI TS 103 120 V1	0.1
XML Schema (xsd)	ts 103120v010301p0 Common.xsd
	or
	ts 103120v010901p0 Common.xsd
	ts 103120v010301p0 Core.xsd
	or
	ts_103120v010901p0_Core.xsd
	ts_103120v010301p0_Dictionaries.xsd
	or
	ts_103120v010901p0_Dictionaries.xsd
	ts_103120v010301p0_Task.xsd
	or
	ts_103120v010901p0_Task.xsd
	ts_103120v010301p0_Notification.xsd
	or
	ts_103120v010901p0_Notification.xsd
XML file	ts_103120v010301p0_ETSIDictionaryDefinitions.xml
	or
	ts_103120v010901p0_ETSIDictionaryDefinitions.xml
	_PTSS_DictionaryDefinitions V3.0.0.xml (NOTE 1)
ETSI TS 103 280 V2	6.1
XML Schema (xsd)	ts_103280v020301p0.xsd
	or
	ts_103280v020601p0.xsd

Table 4-14: Applicable XML schema version for real-time interception instructions

NOTE 1: The file "_PTSS_DictionaryDefinitions V3.0.0.xml" is issued by PTSS and can be provided upon request to the CSP.

4.2.3 Ad hoc HI-1 XML over HTTP administrative interface for instructing the real-time interceptions

4.2.3.1 Ad hoc HI-1 interface solution overview

The solution detailed in the section below proposes a somewhat simplified process and interface (HI-1) to instruct real-time interceptions in comparison to the comprehensive implementation of the HI-1 eWarrant specified for reference in section 4.2.2. As this ad hoc interface does not use the LIST and GET and Notification messages the consequence is that this ad hoc interface solution provides a more limited control over the instruction process.

This ad hoc interface uses most of the building blocks of the specification ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 such as the LITask objects and the XML messages and the transport network. However, the ad hoc interface requires the CSP to send an UPDATE request to the PTSS and the PTSS to send an UPDATEResponse to the CSP with the following adaptations:

- a) In the UPDATE request the CSP shall send a "DesiredStatus" instead of a "Status" to the PTSS as specified in ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 UPDATE request message specification.
- b) In the UPDATEResponse the PTSS shall omit the "LastChange" and "Generation" parameters.

4.2.3.2 Ad hoc HI-1 interface transport security

Provisions of the section 4.2.2.1 regarding transport and security remain valid for the exchange on the ad hoc interface (XML messages via HTTPS including the elements referring to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1).

4.2.3.3 Ad hoc HI-1 interface action messages used for a real-time interception instruction process

Action messages defined for the ad hoc interface that are used by the LITask management processes.

Action Requests	Action Responses
Create	CreateResponse
Update	UpdateResponse
	Error Information

Table 4-15: Action messages used by the ad hoc HI-1 interface via HTTP

4.2.3.4 Ad hoc HI-1 interface: Message flow for a real-time interception activation instruction

This section provides an overview of the message flow for an ad hoc real-time interception activation instruction.

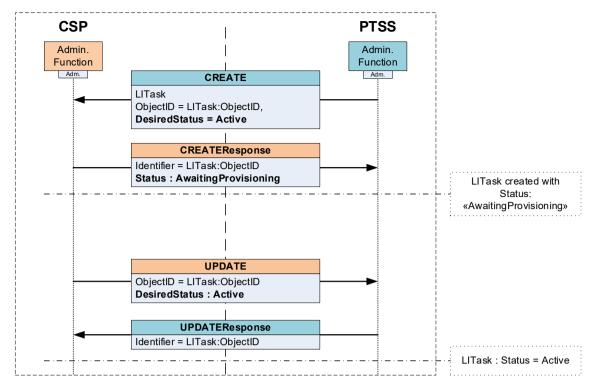


Figure 4-7: Message flow for a real-time interception activation instruction based on ad hoc HI1 interface

4.2.3.5 Ad hoc HI-1 interface: Message flow for a real-time interception deactivation instruction

This section provides an overview of the message flow for an ad hoc real-time interception deactivation instruction.

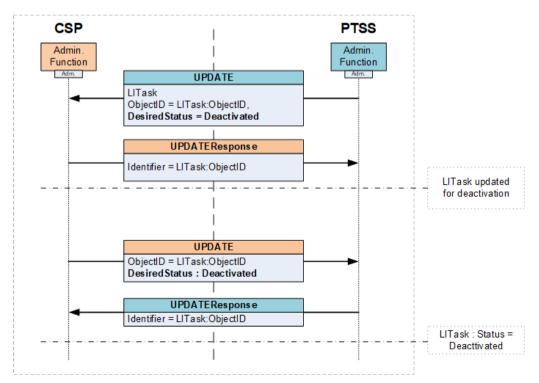


Figure 4-8: Message flow for a real-time interception deactivation instruction based on ad hoc HI1 interface

4.2.3.6 Ad hoc HI-1 interface: Message flow for a real-time interception cancellation instruction

This section provides an overview of the message flow for ad hoc real-time interception cancellation instruction.

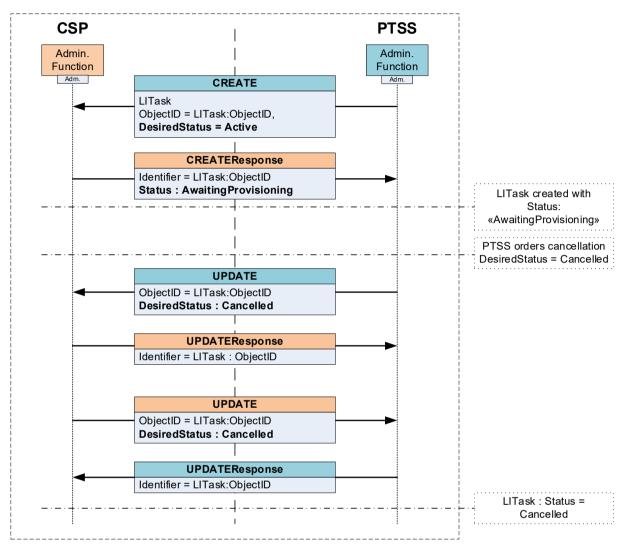


Figure 4-9: Message flow for a real-time interception cancellation instruction based on ad hoc HI1 interface

4.2.3.7 Ad hoc HI-1 interface: Message flow in case of error or invalidity of a real-time interception instruction

This section provides an overview of the message flow in case of error or invalidity of an ad hoc real-time interception instruction.

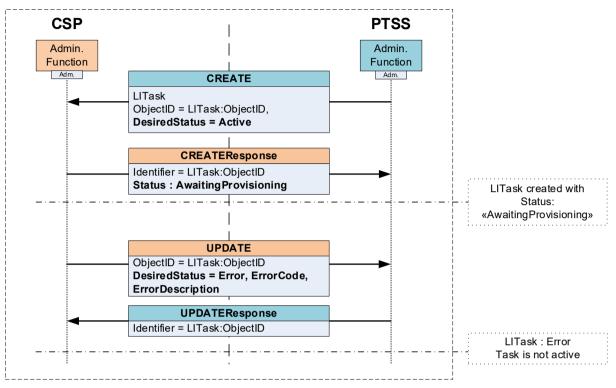


Figure 4-10: Message flow for a real-time interception instruction in case of error or invalidity based on ad hoc HI1 interface

4.2.3.8 Ad hoc HI1 interface: ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 requirements and options

The table below present the Swiss national options for the implementation of the ad hoc HI1 interface according to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 and the exchange of simple XML messages via HTTPS process.

Clause	Available options for Swiss	Additional requirements or
ETSI TS	applications	Additional requirements or specifications
	applications	specifications
103 120		
V1.9.1	ges header	
6.2.3	NationalProfileOwner: National	PTSS
Version	profile owner.	
	NationalProfileVersion: (see ETSI TS 103 280 V2.6.1)	PTSS_DictionaryDefinitions V3.0.0.xml
6.2.4	UniqueIdentifier: Unique identifier	PTSS for PTSS and the CSPID for
	sufficient for identifying the	CSPs. CSPID is a 5-digit code allocated
	object/field within the country.	by the PTSS to each CSP in
	LongString	Świtzerland.
6.4 Action	Request and Responses (request pa	ayload)
6.4.6	CREATE request	List of the HI-1 Object fields required in
		the CREATE Request Messages:
		HI-1 object required fields:
		ObjectIdentifier
		CountryCode
		Ownerldentifier
		LITask object required fields:
		Reference
		DesiredStatus
		TimeSpan
		TargetIdentifier
		DeliveryDetails
		CSPID
		Flags
	CREATEResponse	List of the HI-1 Object fields required in the CREATE Response Messages:
		HI-1 object required fields:
		ObjectIdentifier
		Generation
		LastChanged
		LITask object required fields: Reference
		Status
6.4.7	UPDATE request	List of the HI-1 Object fields required in
0		the UPDATE Request Messages:
		HI-1 object required fields: ObjectIdentifier
		LITask object required fields:

Clause	Available options for Swiss	Additional requirements or
ETSI TS	applications	specifications
103 120		
V1.9.1		
		Reference
		DesiredStatus
		TimeSpan
	UPDATEResponse	List of the HI-1 Object fields required in
		UPDATE Response Messages:
		HI-1 object required fields:
		ObjectIdentifier
		Generation*
		LastChanged*
		Lastonanged
		LITask object required fields: Reference
		*Only used when the message is sent by the CSP
6.4.9	Action Unsuccessful Information	ErrorCode and ErrorInformation shall
00		match values of table D.1 "Detailed
		error codes" of ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1
		Annex D.
7.1 HI-1 O	hiect	
7.1.1	Externalldentifier	This field is used to correlate the tasking
7.1.1		instructions for accounting purposes. It
		is composed of the first 14 digits of the
		LITask:Reference LIID.
0.0 L IT	· Ohiaat	LITASK.Reference LIID.
8.2 LITask Object 8.2.3 Status Dictionary owner:		
0.2.3	Status PTSS dictionary reflects specific National PTSS Status.	Dictionary owner: PTSS
	National F 155 Status.	Distigners Norma
		Dictionary Name:
		TaskStatus
		Dictionary authorized values:
		AwaitingProvisioning: The Task is
		approved, but is not yet provisioned in
		the LI system.
		Active: The Task is active and can
		produce LI traffic.
		Cancelled: The Task has been
		permanently cancelled.
		<i>Error</i> : The Task is not active due to a
		problem with the underlying LI system
		or with the information in Task Object.
		Deactivated : The Task has been
		deactivated by the PTSS.
8.2.4	Desired Status	Dictionary owner:
	DESILEU SIALUS	

		「 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Clause	Available options for Swiss	Additional requirements or
ETSI TS	applications	specifications
103 120		
V1.9.1		
	PTSS dictionary reflects specific	PTSS
	National PTSS DesiredStatus.	
		Dictionary Name:
		TaskDesiredStatus
		Dictionary authorised values:
		AwaitingProvisioning: The Task is
		approved, but is not yet provisioned in
		the LI system.
		Active: The Task is active and can
		produce LI traffic.
		<i>Rejected</i> : The Task has been explicitly
		denied or rejected.
		,
		Cancelled: The Task has been
		permanently cancelled
		Deactivated: The Task has been
		deactivated by the PTSS.
		······································
		<i>Error</i> : The Task is not active due to a
		problem with the underlying LI system
		or with the information in Task Object.
8.2.5	TimeSpan	TimeSpan is split in 5 fields detailed
0.2.0		below:
		StartTime is populated by the PTSS in
		the CREATERequest (Activation) with
		required interception start date and time.
		EndTime is populated by the PTSS in
		the UPDATERequest (Deactivation) with
		required interception stop date and time.
8.2.6	TargetIdentifier	Required fields:
		TargetIdentifierValues
8.2.8	DeliveryDetails	Required fields:
0.2.0		IRIorCC : This structure support
		the dictionary entries of the
		PTSSNationalRequestTypes
		dictionary. These fields contain
		references to national LI types
		taken from the real-time
		interception type list (see
		section 6.2) for real-time interception.
0 7 0 7	DolivoryBrofile	
8.2.8.2	DeliveryProfile	Dictionary owner:
		PTSS

Clause ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1	Available options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
		Dictionary Name:
		DeliveryProfile
		Dictionary authorised values:
		Production
		Integration_1
		Integration_2
		PMT_Production
		PMT_Integration_1
		PMT_Integration_2
		FLICC_Production
		FLICC_Integration_1 FLICC Integration 2
8.2.12	Flags	Dictionary owner:
0.2.12	l lags	PTSS
		Dictionary Name:
		FlagsStatus
		Dictionary authorised values:
		Normal
		TEST_PTE (NOTE 1)
		TEST_PTSA (NOTE 1)
		TEST_PTSE (NOTE 1)
		TEST_PTSTR (NOTE 1)
		TEST_PTSTE (NOTE 1)
		TEST_CTT (NOTE 1)
		TEST_ATT (NOTE 1)

Table 4-16: Ad hoc HI-1 interface ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 requirements and options

NOTE 1: Description of the different test types in the instructions:TEST_PTE:Permanent Test EnvironmentTEST_PTSA:PTSS ad-hocTEST_PTSE:PTSS extended test targetsTEST_PTSTR:PTSS training targetsTEST_PTSTE:PTSS pool for authoritiesTEST_CTT:Compliance test targetTEST_ATT:Authorities' test target

4.2.3.9 Ad hoc HI-1 interface format and coding of real-time interception simple activation and deactivation.

This section provides requirements and information about the different elements composing XML messages for the real-time interception simple process exchanged over the ad hoc HI-1 interface by the PTSS and CSP.

Example of messages below are extracted from a complete interception activation transaction. The collection of messages below aims to show an example of structure for each kind of message, they do not represent a full transaction.

Action message			
(Request or Response)			
XML header			
TransactionIdentifier			
Timestamp			
XML payload			
Activation: PTSS→CSF		Active: CSP→PTSS	Ack.PTSS→CSP
Create	CreateResponse	Update*	UpdateResponse*
XML header	XML header	XML header	XML header
section 4.2.2.8.1	section 4.2.2.8.1	section 4.2.2.8.1	section 4.2.2.8.1
ee4165be-4817-11e6-	ee4165be-4817-11e6-	b8508613-4320-4043-	b8508613-4320-4043-
beb8-9e71128cae77	beb8-9e71128cae77	aa7f-2d0d818bbdb5	aa7f-2d0d818bbdb5
2016-07-	2016-07-	2016-07-	2016-07-
12T12:10:00.00000Z	12T12:10:03.00000Z	13T12:00:00.00000Z	13T12:00:10.00000Z
XML message	XML message	XML message	XML message
payload 4.2.3.9.1	payload 4.2.3.9.2	payload 4.2.3.9.3	payload 4.2.3.9.4
Deactiv.: PTSS→CSP	Ack.: CSP→PTSS	Deactiv.:CSP→PTSS	Ack.: PTSS→CSP
Update	UpdateResponse	Update*	UpdateResponse*
XML header	XML header	XML header	XML header
section 4.2.2.8.1	section 4.2.2.8.1	section 4.2.2.8.1	section 4.2.2.8.1
d8c14821-a4d5-4481-	d8c14821-a4d5-4481-	3798439e-9e58-42ea-	3798439e-9e58-42ea-
9076-7e3b649c9f66	9076-7e3b649c9f66	95cc-8fa887dde61a	95cc-8fa887dde61a
2016-12-	2016-12-	2016-12-	2016-12-
30T12:00:00.00000Z	31T12:04:00.000000Z	31T15:01:00.000000Z	31T15:10:00.000000Z
XML message	XML message	XML message	XML message
payload 4.2.3.9.5	payload 4.2.3.9.6	payload 4.2.3.9.7	payload 4.2.3.9.8

Figure 4-11: Format and coding of real-time interception activation and deactivation based on HTTP

*Permutation of sender and receiver (PTSS=Receiver and CSP=Sender)

4.2.3.9.1 Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a CREATE request payload (real-time interception simple activation)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clau	ise 6.4	
CREATE request LITask		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
CREATE		
HI-1 Object		
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6
CountryCode	ShortString and ISO 3166- 1 Alpha-2 code	СН
Ownerldentifier	ShortString	PTSS
Externalldentifier	LongString	20160921876543
LITask		•
Reference	LIID	201609218765432
DesiredStatus/ common:Own	er	
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS
DesiredStatus/ common:Nam	e	
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskDesiredStatus
DesiredStatus/ common:Valu	e	
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Active
TimeSpan/ StartTime		
	QualifiedDateTime	2016-07-13T12:10:00+02:00
TargetIdentifier/ TargetIdentif	ierValues/ FormatType/ Form	atOwner
	ShortString	ETSI
TargetIdentifier/ TargetIdentif	erValues/ FormatType/ Form	atName
	ShortString	InternationalE164
TargetIdentifier/ TargetIdentif	ierValues/ Value	I
	LongString	41598889988
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDest	nation/ IRIorCC/ common:Ov	vner

	ShortString	PTSS		
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDestination/ IRIorCC/ common:Name				
	ShortString	PTSSNationalRequestTypes		
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDesti	nation/ IRIorCC/ common:Va	lue		
	LongString	RT_23_NA_CC_IRI		
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDesti	nation/ DeliveryProfile/ comm	ion:Owner		
	ShortString	PTSS		
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDesti	nation/ DeliveryProfile/ comm	ion:Name		
	ShortString	DeliveryProfile		
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDesti	nation/ DeliveryProfile/ comm	ion:Value		
	DeliveryProfile dictionary owned by PTSS	Production		
CSPID/ CountryCode				
	ReceiverIdentifier	СН		
CSPID/ UniqueIdentifier		1		
	ReceiverIdentifier	99908		
Flags/ TaskFlag/ common:Ow	Iner			
	FlagStatus dictionary owned by the PTSS. ShortString (see ETSI TS 103 280 V2.6.1).	PTSS		
Flags/ TaskFlag/ common:Na	me			
	FlagStatus dictionary owned by the PTSS. ShortString	FlagStatus		
Flags/ TaskFlag/ common :Va	Flags/ TaskFlag/ common :Value			
	FlagStatus dictionary owned by the PTSS. ShortString	Normal		

Table 4-17: Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a simple CREATE request payload

4.2.3.9.2	Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a simple CREATEResponse payload (real-time
	interception simple activation)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4			
CREATEResponse LITask			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
CREATEResponse			
Identifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
Generation	Positive integer	1	
LastChanged	QualifiedDateTime	2016-07-13T12:10:03+02:00	
LITask	•		
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	
Status/ common:Owner	•		
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS	
Status/ common:Name	•		
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskStatus	
Status/ common:Value			
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	AwaitingProvisioning	

 Table 4-18: Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a CREATEResponse payload (simple interception process)

4.2.3.9.3 Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a UPDATE request payload (real-time interception simple activation)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4 Action Request and Responses			
UPDATE request LITask			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
UPDATE			
HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
LITask			
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	
DesiredStatus/ common:Owner			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS	
DesiredStatus/ common:Name			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskDesiredStatus	
DesiredStatus/ common:Value			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Active	

Table 4-19: Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a simple UPDATE request payload (sent by CSP)

4.2.3.9.4 Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of an UPDATEResponse payload (real-time interception simple activation)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4			
UPDATE Response LITask			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
UPDATEResponse			
Identifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
LITask			
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	

 Table 4-20: Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a simple UPDATEResponse payload (sent by PTSS)

4.2.3.9.5 Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of an UPDATE request payload (real-time simple interception deactivation)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4 Action Request and Responses			
UPDATE request LITask			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
UPDATE			
HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
LITask			
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	
DesiredStatus/ common:Owner			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS	
DesiredStatus/ common:Name			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskDesiredStatus	
DesiredStatus/ common:Value			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Deactived	
TimeSpan/ EndTime			
	QualifiedDateTime	2016-12-30T12:00:00+01:00	

Table 4-21: Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a simple UPDATE request payload

4.2.3.9.6 Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of an UPDATEResponse payload (real-time simple interception deactivation)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4			
UPDATEResponse LITask			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
UPDATEResponse			
	Object Identifier UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
HI-1 Object			
	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
Generation	Positive integer	2	
LastChanged	QualifiedDateTime	2016-12-30T14:30:00+01:00	
LITask			
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	

Table 4-22: Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a simple UPDATEResponse payload

4.2.3.9.7 Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a UPDATE request payload (real-time simple interception deactivation)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4 Action Request and Responses			
UPDATE request LITask			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
UPDATE			
HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
LITask			
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	
DesiredStatus/ common:Owner			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS	
DesiredStatus/ common:Name			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskDesiredStatus	
DesiredStatus/ common:Value			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Deactivated	
Timespan/ EndTime			
	QualifiedDateTime	2016-12-30T15:00:00+02:00	

Table 4-23: Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a simple UPDATE request payload (sent by CSP)

4.2.3.9.8	Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of an UPDATEResponse payload (real-time simple
	interception deactivation)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4			
UPDATEResponse LITask			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
UPDATEResponse			
Identifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
LITask			
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	
Status/ common:Owner	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS	
Status/ common:Name	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskStatus	
Status/ common:Value	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	deactivated	

Table 4-24: Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a simple UPDATEResponse payload (sent by PTSS)

4.2.3.9.9 Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of a UPDATE request payload for error (real-time simple interception)

In case of error due to a request error use the elements shown in the table below (UPDATERequest):

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.4 Action Request and Responses			
UPDATE request LITask			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
UPDATE			
HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
LITask			
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	
DesiredStatus/ common:Owner		•	
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS	
DesiredStatus/ common:Name		•	
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskDesiredStatus	
DesiredStatus/ common:Value			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Rejected	
InvalidReason			
ErrorCode	Detailed error codes in ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Annex D.	3009	
ErrorDescription		Value not found in system.	

Table 4-25: Ad hoc HI-1 interface XML of an UPDATE request payload for error (sent by CSP)

4.2.3.10 Applicable XML schema version for real-time interception instructions on the ad hoc HI1 interface

The XML schema versions are identical to the ones stated in section 4.2.2.9.

4.2.4 HI-A XML over HTTP administrative interface for retained data instructions (HI-A ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1)

Based on ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 clause 4.5, HI-A can use the encoding and delivery format XML over HTTP. The requirements and options for this handover interface are detailed in the section 7.5.

Retained data instructions encompass the historical data (aka retroactive interception) (see section 7) and the information requests (see section 8).

4.2.4.1 Transport security

Implementations shall support HTTPS as defined in IETF RFC 2818, including the support for mutual authentication through bidirectional certificate usage.

The exchange of the certificates and security requirements (such as key management, key length and the choice of cryptographic algorithm) is an implementation issue and shall be determined by the PTSS based on consultations with the CSP.

4.2.4.2 Message flow for XML over HTTP instruction processing for retained data

The content of the XML requests are specified in sections 7.3 and 7.4 for the historical data and in sections 8.3 and 8.4 for the Information Requests.

4.2.4.2.1 Message flow for successful XML over HTTP instruction processing for retained data

The message flow of the XML over HTTP interception instructions for retained data exchange between the PTSS and CSP in case of successful processing is according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 clause 5.2.1 (flows noted HI-A).

4.2.4.2.2 Message flow for errors or failed XML over HTTP instruction processing for retained data

The message flow of the XML over HTTP interception instructions for retained data exchange between the PTSS and CSP in case of errors and failed processing is according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 clause 5.1.5 and the specific requirements described in the section 7.5.

4.2.4.2.3 Message flow for cancellation XML over HTTP instruction processing for retained data

The message flow of the XML over HTTP interception instructions for retained data exchange between the PTSS and CSP in case of cancellation processing is according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 clause 5.2.2 and the specific requirements described in the section 7.5.

4.3 Secure Email Exchange

4.3.1 General

The administrative interface using secure email may be used to support several administrative processes as mentioned in the tables above in section 4.1. In addition, the secure email can also be used to transport results of retroactive interception and information requests results.

4.3.2 Secure email with OpenPGP and keys management

The secure email interface uses OpenPGP as specified in the IETF RFC 4880 with the specific requirements and options indicated below:

- 1. Keys must have at least a 2048-bit size and a validity of at least 3 years.
- 2. PGP signed and encrypted (email body or email attachments) must be encoded in ASCII armor. (with the suffix .asc)
- 3. Data (email body and/or attachments) must be first OpenPGP signed and then OpenPGP encrypted. This process can occur in one step or two steps. The whole email must not be signed nor encrypted.
- 4. Each organisation (CSP and PTSS) is responsible for the generation and the management of its own OpenPGP certificates and related private and public keys. Each organisation shall exchange its public key only and perform the check of the key's fingerprint via another channel than email. For instance by phone.
- 5. Before the keys expire the PTSS and CSP are responsible for generating new keys and to inform the other party at least 30 calendar days in advance. If a key has been revoked a new key must immediately be generated and sent to the other party.

4.3.3 Secure email for interception instructions and information requests

In order to support the use of secure email for processing of interception instructions the following requirements must be met:

Dedicated email addresses must be created and maintained by each organisation. This email address shall only be used for processing interception instructions. These specific email addresses and corresponding public keys are exchanged bilaterally between the PTSS and each CSP.

- The CSP email address must follow the format LI_monitor@csp-domain. The CSP shall generate and maintain the corresponding OpenPGP key pair for this address. This email address shall only be used for the processing of interception instructions, information requests and notifications.
- The PTSS maintain several email addresses to process instructions and generate and maintain the corresponding OpenPGP key pairs.

There are two different types of instructions that can be sent via secure email by the PTSS:

i) Instructions for real-time interceptions that are using a subset of the HI-1 eWarrant defined in ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1, see section 4.3.3.1

ii) Instructions for historical data and information requests that are using the retained data handover interface HI-A defined in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1, see section 4.3.3.2

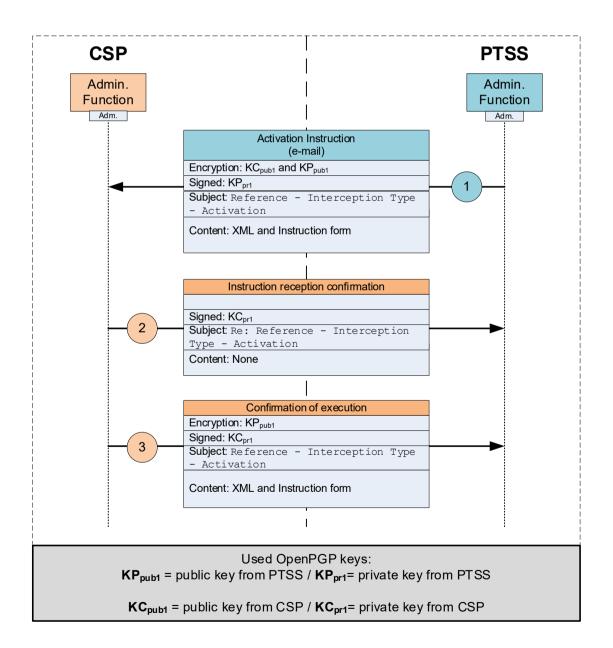
4.3.3.1 Message flow for secure email instruction processing for real-time interceptions

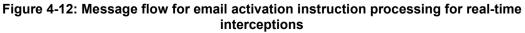
The interception instruction via secure email contains an XML file that is based on ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 and an instruction form that is more easily readable by non-technical personnel.

The ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 based XML structure and elements are described in details in section 4.2.2.8.

4.3.3.1.1 Message flow for email activation instruction processing for real-time interceptions

The following figure shows the message flow of the secure email interception activation instructions for real-time interceptions exchange between the PTSS and CSP in case of successful processing.





Note: The term "order" refers to the order (warrant) delivered from the authority to the PTSS. The PTSS then sends an "instruction" to the respective CSP.

① PTSS sends an email with the interception instruction. The instruction is an activation instruction using the CREATE request action in the XML (see details in section 4.3.3.1.5). The body and the attachments of the email are signed and encrypted with the OpenPGP keys.

Examples of the email subject line:

20190608715852 - RT_22_NA_IRI - Activation 20190708715856 - RT_25_TEL_CC_IRI - Stop

 \bigcirc CSP confirms the reception of the secure email instruction by sending back the received email body but without the attachments. The email body is the same as in step \bigcirc (already signed and encrypted) and signed with the CSP key.

③ Once the interception has been activated the CSP sends back the filled-in instruction form as a signed and encrypted attachment. The CSP may use the CREATEResponse action in the XML file (see details in section 4.3.3.1.5).

4.3.3.1.2 Message flow for email deactivation instruction processing for real-time interceptions

The following figure shows the message flow of the secure email interception deactivation orders for real-time interceptions exchange between the PTSS and CSP in case of successful processing.

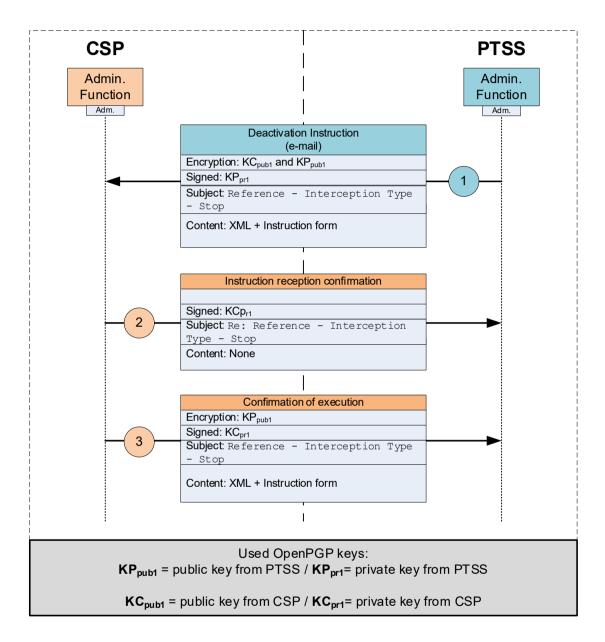


Figure 4-13: Message flow for email deactivation instruction processing for real-time interceptions

① PTSS sends an email with the interception instruction. The instruction is a deactivation instruction using the UPDATE request action in the XML (see details in section 4.3.3.1.5). The body and the attachments of the email are signed and encrypted with the OpenPGP keys.

 \bigcirc CSP confirms the reception of the secure email instruction by sending back the received email body but without the attachments. The email body is the same as in step \bigcirc (already signed and encrypted) and signed with the CSP key.

③ Once the interception has been deactivated the CSP sends back the filled-in instruction form as a signed and encrypted attachment. The CSP shall use the UPDATEResponse action in the XML file (see details in section 4.3.3.1.5).

4.3.3.1.3 Message flow for email cancellation instruction processing for real-time interceptions

The following figure shows the message flow in case of a cancellation instruction.

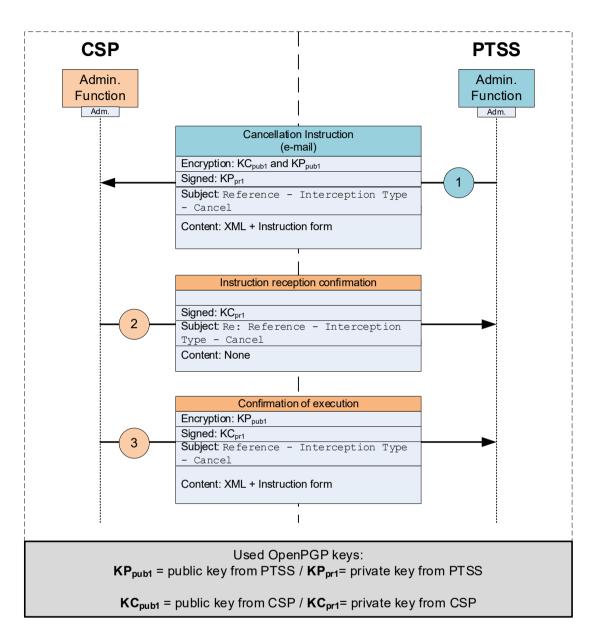


Figure 4-14: Message flow for email cancellation instruction processing for real-time interceptions

The PTSS may cancel an interception activation instruction that has already been sent to the CSP, as long as the CSP has not yet executed the instruction, i.e. for real-time interceptions if the interception was not yet activated in the CSP's systems.

In order to be effective, the cancellation instruction must be issued immediately by PTSS in order to avoid that the CSP activates the interception. For that purpose the PTSS must immediately contact the CSP by telephone and request the cancellation of the interception activation instruction. If the CSP confirms that the activation instruction can be cancelled then the initial cancellation request made by telephone must be promptly confirmed by PTSS in writing by sending a complete cancellation instruction to the CSP.

If the cancellation process fails because the CSP had already activated the real-time interception before the cancellation could take place, the PTSS shall issue a deactivation instruction to terminate the interception.

① PTSS sends an email with the interception instruction. The instruction is a cancellation instruction using the UPDATE request action in the XML (see details in section 4.3.3.1.5). The body and the attachments of the email are signed and encrypted with the OpenPGP keys.

 \bigcirc CSP confirms the reception of the secure email instruction by sending back the received email body but without the attachments. The email body is the same as in step \bigcirc (already signed and encrypted) and signed with the CSP key.

③ Once the interception activation instruction has been cancelled the CSP sends back the filled-in instruction form as a signed and encrypted attachment. The CSP may use the UPDATEResponse action in the XML file (see details in section 4.3.3.1.5).

4.3.3.1.4 Message flow for error of email instruction activation processing for real-time interceptions

The following figure shows the message flow in case of error.

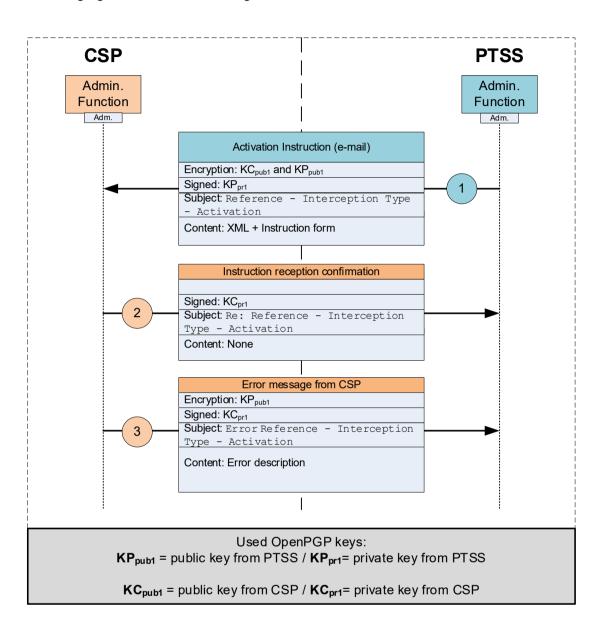


Figure 4-15: Message flow for error of email instruction activation processing for real-time interceptions

In case of error of the interception instruction by the CSP the message flow remains the same as described in section 4.3.3.1.1; however, in step ③ the CSP shall inform the PTSS of the error of the instruction by adding:

i) the corresponding notification and explanation in the instruction form and/or XML (see details in section 4.2.3.8).

ii) a prefix "Error" in the email's subject line.

For instance: Error 20181210357749 - RT_25_TEL_CC_IRI - Activation

4.3.3.1.5 XML Structure and elements for email real-time interception instructions

The HI-1 and LITask object fields only are attached to the emails. The fields remain compliant with the ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 definitions of the XSD and XML as specified in section 4.2.2.9.

The figures below shows the messages exchanged during an interception activation and deactivation and cancellation transaction. The collection of messages below detail the structure of the XML that are attached to the secure emails.

Action message (Request or Response)		
XML header		
TransactionIdentifier		
Timestamp		
XML payload		

CREATE request A	ctivation LITask
------------------	------------------

XML header section

ee4165be-4817-11e6-beb8-9e71128cae77 2016-07-12T12:10:00.000000Z XML message

UPDATE request Deactivation LITask

XML header section d8c14821-a4d5-4481-9076-7e3b649c9f66

2016-12-30T12:00:00.00000Z

XML message

UPDATE request Cancellation LITask

XML header section

2633ce5b-1775-42fd-8bd1-2aa11063689c

2016-07-13T12:00:00.000000Z

XML message

UPDATE request rejected LITask		
XML header section		
2633ce5b-1775-42fd-8bd1-2aa11063689c		
2016-07-12T14:00:00.000000Z		
XML message		

CREATEResponse Activation LITask acknowledgement XML header section

ee4165be-4817-11e6-beb8-9e71128cae77 2016-07-14T13:40:00.000000Z XML message

UPDATEResponse Deactivation LITask acknowledgement XML header section d8c14821-a4d5-4481-9076-7e3b649c9f66 2016-12-30T15:00:00.00000Z XML message

UPDATEResponse Cancellation		
LITask acknowledgement		
XML header section		
2633ce5b-1775-42fd-8bd1-2aa11063689c		
2016-07-13T15:00:00.000000Z		
XML message		

Figure 4-16: XML Structure and elements for email real-time interception instructions

4.3.3.1.5.1 Elements composing the XML header for request and response

The table below shows the different elements composing the header of the different XML messages (Requests and Responses).

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Clause 6.2 Messages header			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
SenderIdentifier/ CountryCount	ode		
	ISOCountryCode (giving 3166-1 alpha-2 code	СН	
SenderIdentifier/ UniqueIde	entifier	•	
	LongString	PTSS	
ReceiverIdentifier/ Country	Code	•	
	SenderIdentifier	СН	
ReceiverIdentifier/ UniqueI	dentifier	·	
	ReciverIdentifier: CSP 5 digit code provided by the PTSS.	99908	
TransactionIdentifier	UUID in IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	ee4165be-4817-11e6- beb8-9e71128cae77	
Timestamp	QualifiedMicrosecondDateTime	2016-07- 12T12:10:00.000000Z	
Version/ ETSIVersion			
	ShortString of the form "VX.Y.Z" (X	V1.3.1	
	gives major version, Y gives minor version, Z gives revision.	or V1.9.1	
Version/ NationalProfileOwner			
	National profile owner	PTSS	
Version/ NationalProfileVersion			
	ShortString	V3.0.0	

Table 4-26: Elements composing the XML header for request and response

4.3.3.1.5.2 Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for activation request

The activation requests uses the elements shown in the table below (CREATE):

CREATE			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
CountryCode	ShortString and ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН	
Ownerldentifier	ShortString	PTSS	
Externalldentifier	LongString	20160921876543	
LITask		1	
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	
DesiredStatus/ common:Owne	er	1	
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS	
DesiredStatus/ common:Name	9	•	
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskDesiredStatus	
DesiredStatus/ common:Value) ;		
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Active	
TimeSpan/ StartTime			
	QualifiedDateTime	2016-07-13T12:00:00+02:00	
TargetIdentifier/ TargetIdentifier	⊥ erValues/ FormatTvpe/ Forma	l ItOwner	
	ShortString	ETSI	
TargetIdentifier/ TargetIdentifierValues/ FormatType/ FormatName			
	ShortString	InternationalE164	
TargetIdentifier/ TargetIdentifie	erValues/ Value	1	
-	LongString	41598889988	
TaskDeliveryDetails/ DeliveryI	Destination/ IRIorCC / commo	n:Owner	

	TaskDeliveryType ETSI dictionary. ShortString	PTSS
TaskDeliveryDetails/ Delivery	Destination/ IRIorCC / commo	n:Name
	TaskDeliveryType ETSI dictionary. ShortString	PTSSNationalRequestTypes
TaskDeliveryDetails/ Delivery	Destination/ IRIorCC / commo	n :Value
	TaskDeliveryType dictionary owned by the PTSS	RT_23_NA_CC_IRI
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDest	ination/ DeliveryProfile/ comm	on:Owner
	ShortString	PTSS
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDest	ination/ DeliveryProfile/ comm	on:Name
	ShortString	DeliveryProfile
DeliveryDetails/ DeliveryDest	ination/ DeliveryProfile/ comm	on:Value
	DeliveryProfile dictionary owned by PTSS	Production
CSPID/ CountryCode	See SenderIdentifier	СН
CSPID/ UniqueIdentifier	-	
	See SenderIdentifier	99908
Flags/ TaskFlag/ common:Ov	vner	
	FlagStatus dictionary owned by the PTSS. ShortString	PTSS
Flags/ TaskFlag/ common:Na	me	1
	FlagStatus dictionary owned by the PTSS. ShortString	FlagStatus
Flags/ TaskFlag/ common :Va	alue	•
	FlagStatus dictionary owned by the PTSS. ShortString	Normal

Table 4-27: Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for activation request

4.3.3.1.5.3 Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for activation response

The activation response uses the elements shown in the table below (CREATEResponse):

CREATEResponse			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
Identifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
Generation	Positive integer	1	
LastChanged	QualifiedDateTime	2016-07-14T12:00:00+02:00	
LITask			
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	
Status/ common:Owner			
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS	
Status/ common:Name			
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskStatus	
Status/ common:Value			
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Active	

Table 4-28: Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for activation response

4.3.3.1.5.4 Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for deactivation request

The deactivation request uses the elements shown in the table below (UPDATE):

UPDATE			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
LITask			
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	
DesiredStatus/ common:Owner			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS	
DesiredStatus/ common:Name			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskDesiredStatus	
DesiredStatus/ common:Value			
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Deactivated	
TimeSpan/ EndTime	•	•	
	QualifiedDateTime	2016-12-30T13:00:00+01:00	

Table 4-29: Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for deactivation request

4.3.3.1.5.5 Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for deactivation response

The deactivation response uses the elements shown in the table below (UPDATERsponse):

UPDATEResponse	UPDATEResponse			
Element or attribute	Description	Example		
Identifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6		
HI-1 Object				
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6		
Generation Positive integer		2		
LastChanged	QualifiedDateTime	2016-12-30T15:00:00+01:00		
LITask				
Reference	LIID	201609218765432		
Status/ common:Owner				
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS		
Status/ common:Name				
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskStatus		
Status/ common:Value				
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	deactivated		

Table 4-30: Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for deactivation response

4.3.3.1.5.6 Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for cancellation request

The cancellation request uses the elements shown in the table below (UPDATE):

UPDATE				
Element or attribute	Description	Example		
HI-1 Object	HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6		
LITask				
Reference	LIID	201609218765432		
DesiredStatus/ common:Owner				
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS		
DesiredStatus/ common:Name				
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString)	TaskDesiredStatus		
DesiredStatus/ common:Value				
	TaskDesiredStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Cancelled		

Table 4-31: Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for cancellation request

4.3.3.1.5.7 Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for cancellation response

The cancellation response uses the elements shown in the table below (UPDATERsponse):

UPDATEResponse				
Element or attribute	Description	Example		
Identifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6e		
HI-1 Object				
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6		
Generation Positive integer 2		2		
LastChanged	QualifiedDateTime	2016-07-13T13:30:00+02:00		
LITask				
Reference	LIID	201609218765432		
Status/ common:Owner	Status/ common:Owner			
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS		
Status/ common:Name				
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskStatus		
Status/ common:Value				
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Cancelled		

Table 4-32: Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for cancellation response

4.3.3.1.5.8 Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for error

In case of error due to a request error use the elements shown in the table below (UPDATEResponse):

UPDATEResponse			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
Identifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
HI-1 Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID according to IETF RFC 4122 canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
Generation	Positive integer	2	
LastChanged	QualifiedDateTime	2016-07-12T13:30:00+02:00	
LITask			
Reference	LIID	201609218765432	
Status/ common:Owner			
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	PTSS	
Status/ common:Name			
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	TaskStatus	
Status/ common:Value			
	TaskStatus PTSS proprietary dictionary entry and ShortString	Error	
InvalidReason			
ErrorCode	Detailed error codes in ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Annex D.	3009	
ErrorDescription		Value not found in system.	

Table 4-33: Elements of the HI-1 and LITask objects for error response

4.3.3.2 Message flow for secure email instruction processing for retained data

Retained data instructions encompass the retroactive interception data (see section 7) and the information requests (see Annex 1 section 8).

The secure email transport method allows the exchange of retained data instructions and data in both HI-A and HI-B domains described in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1.

4.3.3.2.1 Message flow for successful email instruction processing for retained data

The following figure shows the message flow of the secure email interception instructions for retained data exchanged between the PTSS and CSP in case of successful processing.

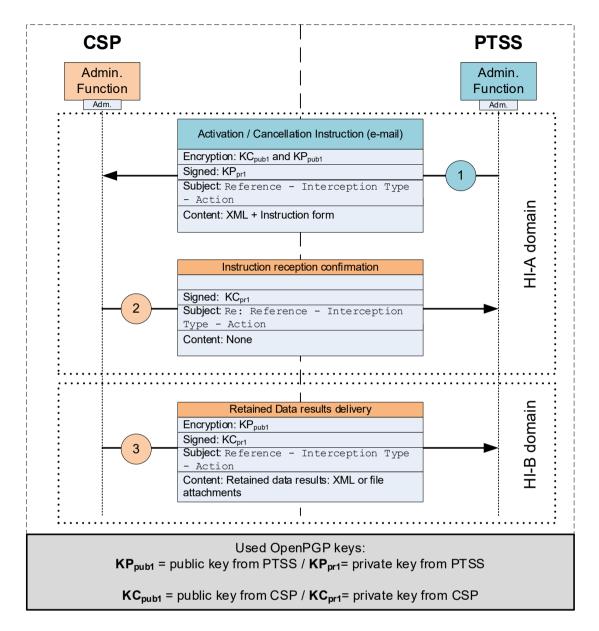


Figure 4-17: Message flow for secure email instruction processing for retained data

① PTSS sends an email with the interception instruction. The order can be an activation instruction, a cancellation instruction or an information request. The XML instruction file is based on the RDMessage XSD specified in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1. The body and the attachments of the email are signed and encrypted with the OpenPGP keys.

Examples of the email subject line: HD_20190608715852 - HD_28_NA - Activation HD_20190708715856 - HD_29_TEL - Activation

⁽²⁾ CSP confirms the reception of the secure email instruction by sending back the received email body but without the attachments. The email body is the same as in step ⁽¹⁾ (already signed and encrypted) and signed with the CSP key.

③ Once the CSP has gathered the requested data, two different cases may occur: i) If an HI-B interface based on HTTPS or SFTP exists between the PTSS and the CSP this step is not necessary as the delivery of the results acts as the confirmation.

ii) The CSP may use the secure email method instead of the HI-B interface and deliver the results as a signed and encrypted attachment in the form of a XML or alternatively a spreadsheet file.

4.3.3.2.2 Message flow for failed email instruction processing for retained data

In case of failure or rejection of the interception instruction by the CSP the message flow remains the same as described in section 4.3.3.2.1; however, in step ③ the CSP shall inform the PTSS of the error/failure or rejection of the instruction by adding: i) the corresponding notification and explanation in the administrative confirmation form. ii) a prefix "Error" in the email's subject line.

For instance: Error HD 20181210357749 - HD 28 NA - Activation

4.3.3.2.3 Message flow for cancellation email instruction processing for retained data

The PTSS may cancel an interception activation instruction that has already been sent to the CSP, as long as the CSP has not yet executed the instruction, i.e. for historical data activations if the historical data has not been sent yet.

In order to be effective, the cancellation instruction must be issued immediately by PTSS in order to avoid that the CSP activates the interception. For that purpose the PTSS must immediately contact the CSP by telephone and request the cancellation of the activation instruction. If the CSP confirms that the activation instruction can be cancelled then the initial cancellation request made by telephone must be promptly confirmed by PTSS in writing by sending a complete cancellation instruction to the CSP.

If the cancellation process fails because the CSP had already sent the retained data before the cancellation could take place, the PTSS shall inform the recipient that the concerned retained data must be destroyed.

4.3.4 Secure email for general and operational information notifications

The OpenPGP secure email method shall be used for the exchange of information between the parties when information confidentiality and integrity is required.

OpenPGP certificates and keys can also be generated for individuals and groups in each organisation (CSP and PTSS). The management of these certificates and keys must follow the requirements described in section 4.3.2.

4.3.4.1 General purpose operational information notifications

Secure email shall be used for the exchange of operational information and notifications between the CSP and the PTSS when the message's confidentiality and integrity is necessary.

If a message does not need confidentiality it is still recommended to digitally sign the message in order to prove the sender's identity.

The following table provides a non-exhaustive list of operational information notifications that can be exchanged between the parties:

Operational information notifications	VD-ÜPF
Contact notification	Article 4
New services notification	Article 16
System update notification	Article 17
Fault notification	Article 22

Table 4-34: Types of operational information notifications

The notification type must be shown in the subject field of the corresponding email. For the notification content no specific structure is required.

4.4 Telephone

For urgent interception instructions and information requests or when no other secure communication channel is available the PTSS may use the telephone as the administrative handover interface. An instruction made by telephone shall always be confirmed by the PTSS via an electronic interface as specified in sections 4.2 and 4.3.

PTSS and CSP shall exchange their contact details as described in the provisions of article 6 VD-ÜPF.

4.5 Registered mail

When no other secure communication channel is available the PTSS and the CSP may use the registered mail (postal service) as the administrative handover interface or delivery handover interface for retained data results.

PTSS and CSP shall exchange their contact details as described in the provisions of article 6 VD-ÜPF.

5 Target Identifiers

This section provides information about the potential target identifiers and their formats. The baseline set of target identifiers formats with respect to the real-time and retroactive interception instructions is according to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Annex C and their corresponding formats according to ETSI TS 103 280 V2.6.1 clause 6.

Depending on the services provided by the CSP and the type of interception ordered by the LEA, other or special target identifiers might be necessary to implement the interception instruction. In that case PTSS shall determine based on consultation with the CSP on the more appropriate target identifier to be used.

6 Real-time Interception

6.1 General

This section describes the national requirements and options of the handover interfaces (HI2 and HI3) for the delivery of real-time interceptions.

6.2 Real-time interception types

The following tables list the different real-time interception types as stated in the ordinance VÜPF and provide indications about the different supported handover interface requirements and options to be used by the CSP to deliver the real-time interceptions results to the PTSS.

Networ	Network access real-time interception			
VÜPF article	Type & Description (Informative translation)	Identifiers Handover Interfaces (Higher version)	Section	
54 68 e	RT_22_NA_IRI Network access real-time	Identifiers parameters	6.3	
	interception with Interception Related Information only	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 or	6.5.2	
		ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 &	6.5.3	
		ETSI TS 102 232-3 V3.9.1	6.5.5	
		or		
		ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 &	6.5.8	
		ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	6.5.9	
55 68 d	RT_23_NA_CC_IRI Network access real-time	Identifiers parameters	6.3	
	interception with Interception Related Information and Content	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 or	6.5.2	
	of Communication	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 &	6.5.3	
		ETSI TS 102 232-3 V3.9.1	6.5.5	
		or ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 &	6.5.8	
		ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	6.5.9	

Table 6-1: Network access real-time interception types

Application real-time interception			
VÜPF article	Type & Description (Informative translation)	Identifiers Handover Interfaces (Higher version)	Section
56 68 e	RT_24_TEL_IRI Telephony and multimedia	Identifiers parameters	6.3
	services real-time interception with Interception Related	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 or	6.5.2
	Information only	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 &	6.5.3
		ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 or	6.5.6
		ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 &	6.5.3
		ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1	6.5.7
		or ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 &	6.5.8

		ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	6.5.9
57	RT_25_TEL_CC_IRI	Identifiers parameters	6.3
68 d	Telephony and multimedia		
	services real-time interception	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0	6.5.2
	with Interception Related	or	
	Information and Content of	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 &	6.5.3
	Communication	ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1	6.5.6
		or	
		ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 &	6.5.3
		ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1	6.5.7
		or	
		ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 &	6.5.8
		ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	6.5.9
58	RT_26_EMAIL_IRI	Identifiers parameters	6.3
68 e	Email services real-time		
	interception with Interception	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 &	6.5.3
	Related Information only	ETSI TS 102 232-2 V3.14.1	6.5.4
59	RT_27_EMAIL_CC_IRI	Identifiers parameters	6.3
68 d	Email services real-time		
	interception with Interception	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1&	6.5.3
	Related Information and Content	ETSI TS 102 232-2 V3.14.1	6.5.4
	of Communication		

Emerge	Emergency search real-time interception			
VÜPF article	Type & Description (Informative translation)	Identifiers Handover Interfaces	Section	
		(Higher version)		
67 b	EP_56_POS_ONCE	Identifiers parameters		
	One-time, immediate position determination by the network of all mobile terminals of the missing	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 or	6.5.2	
	person or of a third person associated with the monitored identifier.	ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 & ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	6.5.8 6.5.9	
67 c	EP_57_POS_PERIOD Periodically recurring position	Identifiers parameters		
	determination by the network of all mobile terminals of the missing	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 or	6.5.2	
	person or a third person	ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 &	6.5.8	
	associated with the monitored identifier.	ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	6.5.9	
67 d	EP_36_RT_CC_IRI Network access and telephony	Identifiers parameters	6.3	
	and multimedia services real-time interception with Interception	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 or	6.5.2	
	Related Information and Content of Communication	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 & ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1	6.5.3 6.5.6	
		or	0.0.0	
		ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 & ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1	6.5.3 6.5.7	
		or ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 &	6.5.8	

		ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	6.5.9
67 e	EP_37_RT_IRI Network access and telephony	Identifiers parameters	6.3
	and multimedia services real-time interception with Interception	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0	6.5.2
	Related Information only	or ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 &	6.5.3
		ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 or	6.5.6
		ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 &	6.5.3
		ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1	6.5.7
		or	
		ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 &	6.5.8
		ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	6.5.9

Mobile	Mobile location real-time interception			
VÜPF article	Type & Description (Informative translation)	Identifiers Handover Interfaces (Higher version)	Section	
68 a	ML_50_RT Mobile location real-time	Identifiers parameters	6.3	
	interception is composed of subsets of the network access and the telephony and multimedia services real-time interceptions.	Specific requirements for the handover interfaces	6.5.10	
56 a	RT_54_POS_ONCE	Identifiers parameters		
68 b	One-time, immediate position			
	determination by the network of all mobile terminals associated	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 or	6.5.2	
	with the monitored identifier.	ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 &	6.5.8	
		ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	6.5.9	
56 b	RT_55_POS_PERIOD	Identifiers parameters		
68 c	Periodically recurring position			
	determination by the network of all mobile terminals associated	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 or	6.5.2	
	with the monitored identifier.	ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 &	6.5.8	
		ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	6.5.9	

Table 6-4: Mobile location	real-time	interception	type
		meereeption	.,

6.3 Common identifiers and parameters of the handover interfaces

This section provides information about the definition and format of several identifiers and parameters that are common to several handover interfaces for the delivery of real-time interception data. Some of these identifiers and parameters are present in all handover interfaces while others are present only in some of them.

6.3.1 Lawful Interception Identifier (LIID)

The LIID parameter is generated by the PTSS and provided to the CSP in the interception instruction and is composed of 15 numbered digits (0..9)

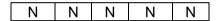
Note that ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 imports the LIID parameter from ETSI TS 103 280 V2.6.1 and ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 imports the LawfulInterceptionIdentifier parameter from ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1.

6.3.2 Communication Identifier (CID)

The communication identifier (CID) is used in several handover interfaces and defined in ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 clause 6.2 and ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 clause 5.2.4.

6.3.2.1 Operator Identity (OperatorID)

The OperatorID in Switzerland has a format of 5 digits. It is issued by the PTSS and provided to the CSP in the following format:



Requirements specified by ETSI shall be met as follows:

a. For the OperatorID contained within the IRI-Records, ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 Annex D.5 and ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 Annex A.2 and ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 Annex B the IRI-Parameter operator-Identifier applies.

6.3.2.2 Network Element ID (NEID)

The network element identifier distinguishes between the various sources IIF carrying out the LI operations and thus potentially serving the LEMF. Depending on the handover interface in use the NEID may have different formats (e.g. e164-Format, iP-Address).

Requirements specified by ETSI shall be met as follows:

For the NEID conveyed within the IRI-Records, ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 Annex D.5 IRI-Parameter Network-Element-Identifier applies.

Note that ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 import this parameter from ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1.

6.3.3 Communication Identity Number (CIN)

The Communication Identity Number (CIN) parameter is used in several handover interfaces and defined in ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 clause 6.2.2 and ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 clause 5.2.4.

The CIN parameter is assigned by the CSP.

a. For the CIN in the IRI-Records according to ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 or ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0:

For the format of the CIN conveyed as IRI Parameter communication-Identity-Number, ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 Annex D.5 applies, with the CIN being encoded as ASCII with a range of 5 up to 8 digits.

b. For the CIN in the IRI-Records according to ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1:

For the format of the CIN conveyed as IRI Parameter communicationIdentityNumber, ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 Annex A.2 applies, with the CIN being encoded as integer with a range of 0 up to 4294967295.

6.3.4 Correlation Numbers and Correlation Values

The Correlation Number and Correlation Values are specified in ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 and ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 for packet switched based services and used to correlate CC and IRI or different IRI records within one PDP context or Bearer or Tunnel or PDU session or VoIP session or conference session or group communication or MBMS session.

The Correlation Numbers and Correlation Values parameters are assigned by the CSP.

Depending on the services the Correlation Numbers and Correlation Values are defined in different clauses of ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 and ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0:

Service	Definition
Packet data domain (UMTS network access)	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 §6.1.3
Multi-media domain	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 §7.1.3
Evolved Packet System (EPS and non-3GPP	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 §10.1.3
access)	
IMS Conference service	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 §11.1.4
IMS-based VoIP Services	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 §12.1.4
NR (5GS and non-3GPP access to 5GS)	ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 §5.5

Table 6-5: ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 and ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 Services

6.3.5 Timestamp

6.3.5.1 Time synchronisation

The precision of the timestamps generated by the CSP's systems with respect to the reference time base must be within +/- 5 seconds.

The following server is defined as the reference time base:

Alias NTP time server: ntp.metas.ch

It is suggested to use the Network Time Protocol (NTP) according to IETF RFC 5905 for synchronisation, but any other system (e.g. DCF77, GPS, etc.) may also be used as long as the offset from the reference time base remains within the range of +/- 5 seconds.

6.3.5.2 Timestamp formats and precision

The format of the timestamps delivered by the CSP may differ depending on the handover interface used to deliver intercepted data to the PTSS. The timestamps shall at least have a precision to the millisecond. UTC time is always possible and the preferred option.

For the handover interfaces in which the timestamps are defined in ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 and ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 the timestamp can be provided either as:

- a) Swiss Local time with the parameter localTime: as GeneralizedTime with the winterSummerIndication parameter set at winterTime or summerTime. Examples: YYYYMMDDHHmmss.fff > 20220311081238.942 YYYYMMDDHHmmss.fffff > 20220311081238.942153
- b) UTC time as GeneralizedTime. Examples: YYYYMMDDHHmmss.fff > 20220311081238.942Z YYYYMMDDHHmmss.fffff > 20220311081238.942153Z
- c) Difference between local and UTC times as GeneralizedTime. Examples: YYYYMMDDHHmmss.fff > 20220311081238.942[+/-]0100 YYYYMMDDHHmmss.fffff > 20220311081238.942153 [+/-]0100

NOTE: The parameter <code>utcTime</code> shall not be used as it does not support the fractions of seconds.

For the handover interface defined in ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 the timestamp can be provided either as:

a) UTC time as GeneralizedTime. Examples: YYYYMMDDHHmmss.fff > 20220311081238.942Z

YYYYMMDDHHmmss.ffffff > 20220311081238.942153Z

or

b) MicroSecondTimeStamp: with seconds and microseconds, a.k.a UNIX time epoch.

For the handover interface defined in ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 the timestamp shall be provided as UTC time encoded as GeneralizedTime.

6.3.6 Transmission of identifiers

The identifiers are to be transferred as follows:

- CC HI3 interface: For the delivery in the packet switched domain the identifiers shall be transmitted in the packet data unit according to ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 Annex A.2 or ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 Annex B.
- 2. IRI HI2 interface: The necessary identifiers shall be transmitted within every IRI record, to allow correlation at the LEMF.

6.3.7 FTP file naming and parameters for IRI records delivery

For the HI2 handover interfaces defined in ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 the IRI records are delivered to the LEMF with the FTP protocol. The sub-sections below specifies the file naming and the necessary parameters to operate the FTP connection.

6.3.7.1 File naming

The composition of the filename is based on the file naming method B according to ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 Annex A.2.

<Filenamestring> of the format ABXYyymmddhhmmsseeeet Where: 'AB' ASCII letters are assigned by PTSS to the CSP

'XY' ASCII letters can be chosen by the CSP

6.3.7.2 FTP parameters

When transferring data via FTP the systems of the CSP act as sender (i.e. FTP client), and those of PTSS as recipient (i.e. FTP server).

PTSS operates several LEMF systems; therefore, the CSP shall be able to configure multiple FTP accounts in the mediation function(s) to reach the different LEMF systems. The minimum number shall be 3.

The values of these parameters (e.g. IP address, username and password for the FTP account) are defined during the compliance assessment procedure. The following rules apply in general:

- 1. Multiple IRI data sets can be treated as a single file. In case of ASN.1 encoded data, for example, an 'IRI sequence' is used for this.
- 2. It is possible to transfer one or multiple files in the same communication session if these files are already available on CSP systems. When no further files are available, the communication session must be terminated immediately after file transfer.

Value	Content		
Document type	binary		
Filename	length:	21 characters	
	characters:	allowed characters:	
		upper case letters A-Z, digits 0-9	
CSP username for LEMF	length:	at least 8 characters	
FTP server	characters:	lower and upper case letters a-z A-Z, digits 0-9	
CSP password for LEMF	Length:	at least 8 characters	
FTP server	characters:	lower and upper case letters a-z A-Z, digits 0-9	
Directory change	It is not allowed	ed to change the directory in the FTP server.	
Port for data connection	20/TCP (default value)		
Port for control connection	21/TCP (defa	ult value)	
Mode	FTP passive mode must be supported.		

The following table contains the definitions for the most important FTP parameters:

Table 6-6: FTP parameters formats

6.3.8 Location and positioning information

6.3.8.1 Requirements for the Location Function on Mobile Networks via 3GPP access

This section describes the requirements for the Location Function on Mobile Networks via 3GPP access (circuit switched and packet switched domains) making use of the capabilities at the handover interface specified by ETSI.

In particular, this includes the identity of one, or a combination of the entities indicated in the following table:

CGI	Cell Global Identification
ECGI	E-UTRAN Cell Global Identification
SAI	Service Area Identity
RAI	Routing Area Identity
TAI	Tracking area Identity (NOTE 1)
NCGI	NR Cell Global Identity

NOTE 1: The Tracking Area Identity is of variable length depending on the Radio Access Technology in use.

Table 6-7: Mobile networks location identifications

The identities provided to PTSS shall be the same as the ones actually used on the mobile radio interface.

The geographical coordinates of the antenna serving the target must be indicated in accordance with the WGS84 World Geodetic System and coded according to one of the methods indicated in the following tables.

Structure	Sub-structure	Format	
GSMLocation	geoCoordinates	latitude XDDMMSS.SS	
		longitude XDDDMMSS.SS	
		mapDatum wGS84	
		azimuth (0359) OPTIONAL (NOTE)	
NOTE: When a cell is composed of several main beam directions or when it is omnidirectional the corresponding azimuth parameter shall be omitted.			

Table 6-8: Mobile networks location geocoordinates encoding

The CSP must deliver the most accurate location concerning the intercepted mobile network connection. The timestamps used to indicate at what time the location information has been acquired by the network shall be in UTC time.

For the ASN.1 definitions see sections 6.5.1 or 6.5.2 or 6.5.9.

In addition to the cell identity and the geographical coordinates, for EPS and 5GS, the location information in the IRI record shall be complemented with the time of location, and the age of location where available, with the IRI record parameters as follows:

For EPS with E-UTRA as Master Cell Group and NR as Secondary Cell Groups the location information shall be delivered via ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 with the ASN.1 module <code>EpsHI2Operations</code> using the EPSLocation and the AdditionalCellID sequences with at least the following parameters:

Structure	Parameter		Format
For the Primary Cell of the Master Cell Group (PCell			location information (NOTE 1)
EPSLocation	userLocationInf	0	OCTET STRING (SIZE
			(139))
	gsmLocation		latitude XDDMMSS.SS
			longitude XDDDMMSS.SS
			mapDatum wGS84
			azimuth (0359) OPTIONAL
			(NOTE 2)
	uELocationTimes	stamp	CHOICE
			timestamp [0] TimeStamp,
			timestampUnknown [1] NULL,
Only for the Primary Cell of the Secondary Cell Group (PSCell) Location information (if			o (PSCell) Location information (if
available)			
AdditionalCellID	nCGI	PLMNID	
			<pre>lumericString (SIZE(3))</pre>
			<pre>lumericString (SIZE(23))</pre>
		NRCellID BIT STRING (SIZE(36))	
	gsmLocation	latitude XDDMMSS.SS	
		longitude XDDDMMSS.SS	
		mapDat	um wGS84
		azimuth (0359) OPTIONAL (NOTE 2)	
	timeOfLocation	GeneralizedTime	
NOTE 1: The EPSLocation structure shall also be used when only one E-UTRA cell is			

NOTE 1: The EPSLocation structure shall also be used when only one E-UTRA cell is serving the target.

NOTE 2: When a cell is composed of several main beam directions or when it is omnidirectional the corresponding azimuth parameter shall be omitted.

Table 6-9: EPS location information with time of location

For 5GS with NR as Master Cell Group and NR or E-UTRA as Secondary Cell Groups or other access type, the location information shall be delivered via ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 with the ASN.1 module TS33128Payloads using either the NRLocation or the EUTRALocation sequence with the following parameters mainly based on 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0 and the CSP OSS/BSS systems information:

NRLocation structure in 7	rS33128Payloads module
Parameter	Format
tAI	pLMNID SEQUENCE
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))
	tAC OCTET STRING (SIZE(23))
nCGI	pLMNID SEQUENCE
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))
	nRCellID BIT STRING (SIZE(36))
ageOfLocationInfo	INTEGER (NOTE 1)
uELocationTimestamp	timestamp GeneralizedTime (NOTE 2)
globalGNbID	pLMNID SEQUENCE
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))
	aNNodeID CHOICE

	n3IWFID UTF8String
	gNbID BIT STRING(SIZE(2232))
	nGENbID CHOICE
	<pre>macroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(20))</pre>
	<pre>shortMacroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(18))</pre>
	longMacroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(21))
	eNbID CHOICE
	macroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(20))
	shortMacroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(18))
	longMacroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(21))
	wAGFID UTF8String
	tNGFID UTF8String
	nID UTF8String (SIZE(11))
cellSiteInformation	geographicalCoordinates SEQUENCE (NOTE 3)
	latitude UTF8String
	longitude UTF8String
	mapDatumInformation OGCURN (NOTE 4)
	azimuth INTEGER (0359) (NOTE 5)

NOTE 1: The value represents the elapsed time in minutes since the last network contact of the mobile station.

NOTE 2: The value represents the UTC time when the UeLocation information was acquired.

NOTE 3: The latitude and longitude are always according to map datum WGS84, identical to the gsmLocation parameter.

NOTE 4: The Open Geospatial Consortium URN used for WGS84 shall be:

urn:ogc:def:crs:OGC:1.3:CRS84

NOTE 5: When a cell is composed of several main beam directions or when it is omnidirectional the corresponding azimuth parameter shall be omitted.

Table 6-10: NRLocation structure a	and parameters for 5GS
------------------------------------	------------------------

EUTRALocation structure	e in TS33128Payloads module
Parameter	Format
tAI	pLMNID SEQUENCE
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))
	tAC OCTET STRING (SIZE(23))
eCGI	pLMNID SEQUENCE
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))
	eUTRACellID BIT STRING (SIZE(28))
ageOfLocationInfo	INTEGER (NOTE 1)
uELocationTimestamp	timestamp GeneralizedTime (NOTE 2)
globalNGENbID	pLMNID SEQUENCE
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))
	aNNodeID CHOICE
	n3IWFID UTF8String
	gNbID BIT STRING(SIZE(2232))
	nGENbID CHOICE
	macroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(20))
	<pre>shortMacroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(18))</pre>
	longMacroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(21))

	eNbID CHOICE
	macroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(20))
	<pre>shortMacroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(18))</pre>
	longMacroNGENbID BIT STRING (SIZE(21))
	wAGFID UTF8String
	tNGFID UTF8String
	nID UTF8String (SIZE(11))
cellSiteInformation	geographicalCoordinates SEQUENCE (NOTE 3)
	latitude UTF8String
	longitude UTF8String
	mapDatumInformation OGCURN (NOTE 4)
	azimuth INTEGER (0359) (NOTE 5)

NOTE 1: The value represents the elapsed time in minutes since the last network contact of the mobile station.

NOTE 2: The value represents the UTC time when the UeLocation information was acquired.

NOTE 3: The latitude and longitude are always according to map datum WGS84, identical to the gsmLocation parameter.

NOTE 4: The Open Geospatial Consortium URN used for WGS84 shall be: urn:ogc:def:crs:OGC:1.3:CRS84

NOTE 5: When a cell is composed of several main beam directions or when it is omnidirectional the corresponding azimuth parameter shall be omitted.

Table 6-11: EUTRALocation structure and parameters for 5GS

6.3.8.2 Requirements for the Location Function on Mobile Networks via Non-3GPP access

This section describes in general terms the requirements for the Location Function on Mobile Networks via Non-3GPP access (packet switched domain) making use of the capabilities at the handover interface specified by ETSI.

EPS and 5GS Mobile Networks can be accessed via Non-3GPP access as specified by 3GPP TS 23.402 V17.0.0 for EPS and 3GPP TS 23.501 V17.5.0 for 5GS. The two main categories of Non-3GPP accesses are the "trusted Non-3GPP access" and the "untrusted Non-3GPP access".

For Untrusted Non-3GPP access to EPS the location information shall be delivered in the IRI record via ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 with the ASN.1 module EpsHI2Operations using the following structure and parameters:

EPS-GTPV2-SpecificParameters structure in EpsHI2Operations module	
Parameter	Format
uLITimestamp	OCTET STRING (SIZE (8)) (NOTE 1)
uELocalIPAddress	OCTET STRING (NOTE 2)
uEUdpPort	OCTET STRING (SIZE (2)) (NOTE 3)
NOTE 2: The UE local IP a	led according to 3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.114. address reported over GTP based S2b interface. t number provided in case of GTP based S2b interface.

Table 6-12: Location information structure for Untrusted Non-3GPP access to EPS

For Trusted Non-3GPP access to EPS the location information shall be delivered in the IRI record via ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 with the ASN.1 module EpsHI2Operations using the following structure and parameters:

EPS-GTPV2-SpecificParameters structure in EpsHI2Operations module		
Parameter	Format	
tWANIdentifier	OCTET STRING	(NOTE 1)
tWANIdentifierTimestamp	OCTET STRING (SIZE (4))	(NOTE 2)

NOTE 1: The TWAN identifier provided in case of GTP based S2a interface. Format as in 3GPP TS 29.274 V17.5.0 clause 8.100.

NOTE 2: The TWAN identifier timestamp provided in case of GTP based S2a interface. Format as in 3GPP TS 29.274 V17.5.0 clause 8.110.

Table 6-13: Location information structure for Trusted Non-3GPP access to EPS

For Untrusted and Trusted Non-3GPP access to 5GS the location information shall be delivered in the IRI record via ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 with the ASN.1 module TS33128Payloads using the following structure and parameters:

	in TS33128Payloads module	
Parameter	Format	
tAI	pLMNID SEQUENCE	
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))	
	<pre>MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))</pre>	
	tAC OCTET STRING (SIZE(23))	
N3IWFID	N3IWFIDNGAP ::= BIT STRING (SIZE(16))	(NOTE 1)
uEIPAddr	IPAddr SEQUENCE	(NOTE 2)
	IPv4Address OCTET STRING (SIZE(4))	
	IPv6Address OCTET STRING (SIZE(16))	
portNumber	INTEGER	(NOTE 3)
tNAPID	TNAPID SEQUENCE	
	sSID UTF8String	
	bSSID UTF8String	
	civicAddress OCTET STRING	
tWAPID	TWAPID SEQUENCE	
	sSID UTF8String	
	bSSID UTF8String	
	civicAddress OCTET STRING	
hFCNodeID	HFCNodeID UTF8String	
gLI	GLI OCTET STRING (SIZE(0150))	
w5GBANLineType	W5GBANLineType ENUMERATED	
	dSL	
	pON	
gCI	GCI UTF8String	
ageOfLocationInfo	INTEGER	(NOTE 4)
uELocationTimestamp	Timestamp	
	GeneralizedTime	
protocol	TransportProtocol	
	uDP	
	tCP	

NOTE 1: the N3IWF identifier received over NGAP and shall be encoded as a string of hexadecimal characters.

NOTE 2: UE local IPv4 or IPv6 address used to reach the N3IWF.

NOTE 3: UDP or TCP source port number. It shall be present if NAT is detected.

NOTE 4: The value represents the elapsed time in minutes since the last network contact of the mobile station.

Table 6-14: Location information structure for Untrusted Non-3GPP access to 5GS

6.3.8.3 Requirements for the Positioning Information

The positioning information provides the estimated position of the target UE expressed in the geographical coordinates of an ellipsoid point with an uncertainty ellipse and a confidence factor. The parameters of the geographical area description is specified in 3GPP TS 23.032 V17.2.0.

6.3.8.3.1 Requirements for the Positioning Information in UMTS and EPS

This section describes the requirements for the positioning information in the UMTS and EPS. The Positioning Information provides the estimated location of the target UE in geographical coordinates of an ellipsoid point with an uncertainty ellipse and a confidence factor.

The positioning information shall be delivered as an IRI REPORT according to ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 Table 10.5.1.1.21 and Annex B.9 but without the optional extended location parameters extendedLocParameters:

LocationOfTheTarget structure	in EpsHI2Operations module
Parameter	Format
locationOfTheTarget	
Location	SEQUENCE
GSMLocation	CHOICE
wGS84Coordinates	OCTET STRING
	(3GPP TS 23.032 V17.2.0 clause 7.3.3)
uELocationTimestamp	TimeStamp
locationErrorCode	INTEGER (1699)

Table 6-15: Positioning information structure for UMTS and EPS

6.3.8.3.2 Requirements for the Positioning Information in 5GS

This section describes the requirements for the positioning information in the 5G System. The Positioning Information provides the estimated location of the target UE in geographical coordinates of an ellipsoid point with an uncertainty ellipse and a confidence factor. The positioning information shall be delivered in addition to the serving cell location with the following structure and parameters specified in ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 Annex A:

PositioningInfo structure in TS33128Payloads module	
Parameter	Format
positionInfo	SEQUENCE
LocationData	SEQUENCE
locationEstimate	GeographicArea CHOICE
	point
	geographicalCoordinates
	latitude UTF8String
	longitude UTF8String

(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.4)
mapDatumInformation OGCURN
(ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 cl.7.3.3.1)
pointUncertaintyCircle
geographicalCoordinates
latitude UTF8String
longitude UTF8String
(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.4)
mapDatumInformation OGCURN
(ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 cl.7.3.3.1)
Uncertainty INTEGER (0127)
(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2)
pointUncertaintyEllipse
(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.8)
geographicalCoordinates
latitude UTF8String
longitude UTF8String
(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.4)
mapDatumInformation OGCURN
(ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 cl.7.3.3.1)
uncertaintyEllipse
semiMajor
Uncertainty INTEGER (0127)
semiMinor
Uncertainty INTEGER (0127)
orientationMajor
Orientation INTEGER (0180)
(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.22)
confidence ::= INTEGER (0100)
(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2)
polygon
pointList SET SIZE (315) OF
geographicalCoordinates latitude UTF8String
longitude UTF8String
(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.4)
mapDatumInformation OGCURN
(ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 cl.7.3.3.1)
pointAltitude
point
geographicalCoordinates
latitude UTF8String
longitude UTF8String
(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.4)
mapDatumInformation OGCURN
(ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 cl.7.3.3.1)
altitude UTF8String
(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2)
pointAltitudeUncertainty
point
geographicalCoordinates
latitude UTF8String
longitude UTF8String
(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.4)

	mapDatumInformation OGCURN
	(ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 cl.7.3.3.1)
	Altitude UTF8String
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2)
	uncertaintyEllipse
	semiMajor
	Uncertainty INTEGER (0127)
	semiMinor
	Uncertainty INTEGER (0127)
	-
	orientationMajor
	Orientation INTEGER (0180)
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.22)
	uncertaintyAltitude INTEGER (0127)
	confidence ::= INTEGER (0100)
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2)
	ellipsoidArc
	point
	geographicalCoordinates
	latitude UTF8String
	longitude UTF8String
	-
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.4)
	mapDatumInformation OGCURN
	(ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 cl.7.3.3.1)
	innerRadius INTEGER (0327675)
	uncertaintyRadius INTEGER (0127)
	offsetAngle INTEGER (0360)
	includedAngle INTEGER (0360)
	confidence INTEGER (0100)
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.12)
accuracyFulfilmentIndica	AccuracyFulfilmentIndicator ENUMERATED
_	-
tor	requestedAccuracyFulfilled
_	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled
tor	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12)
_	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767)
torageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2)
tor	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2)
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360)
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalWithVerticalVelocity
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalWithVerticalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360)
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalWithVerticalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String VerticalDirection ENUMERATED
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String VerticalDirection ENUMERATED upward
torageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String VerticalDirection ENUMERATED upward downward
torageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String VerticalDirection ENUMERATED upward downward HorizontalVelocityWithUncertainty
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String VerticalDirection ENUMERATED upward downward
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String VerticalDirection ENUMERATED upward downward HorizontalVelocityWithUncertainty
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String VerticalDirection ENUMERATED upward downward HorizontalVelocityWithUncertainty HorizontalSpeed UTF8String
torageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String VerticalDirection ENUMERATED upward downward HorizontalVelocityWithUncertainty HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) SpeedUncertainty UTF8String
torageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalWithVerticalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String VerticalDirection ENUMERATED upward downward HorizontalVelocityWithUncertainty HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) SpeedUncertainty UTF8String HorizontalWithVerticalVelocityAndUncerta
torageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String VerticalDirection ENUMERATED upward downward HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) SpeedUncertainty UTF8String HorizontalWithVerticalVelocityAndUncerta inty
tor ageOfLocationEstimate	requestedAccuracyFulfilled requestedAccuracyNotFulfilled (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.12) INTEGER (032767) (3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2) VelocityEstimate CHOICE HorizontalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) HorizontalWithVerticalVelocity HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) VerticalSpeed UTF8String VerticalDirection ENUMERATED upward downward HorizontalVelocityWithUncertainty HorizontalSpeed UTF8String Angle INTEGER (0360) SpeedUncertainty UTF8String HorizontalWithVerticalVelocityAndUncerta

	VerticalSpeed UTF8String
	VerticalDirection ENUMERATED
	upward
	downward
	SpeedUncertainty UTF8String (hor)
	SpeedUncertainty UTF8String (vert)
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2)
positioningDataList	PositioningMethodAndUsage
posicioningDacalise	PositioningMethod ENUMERATED
	-
	cellID
	eCID
	otdoa
	barometricPresure
	wLAN
	bluetooth
	mBS
	motionSensor
	dLTDOA
	dLAOD
	multiRTT
	nRECID
	uLTDOA
	uLAOA
	networkSpecific
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.6)
	PositioningMode ENUMERATED
	uEBased
	uEAssisted
	conventional
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.7)
	Usage ENUMERATED
	unsuccess
	successResultsNotUsed
	successResultsUsedToVerifyLocation
	successResultsUsedToGenerateLocation
	successMethodNotDetermined
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.9)
	MethodCode INTEGER (1631)
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.2.15)
gnssPositioningDataList	GNSSPositioningMethodAndUsage
guoor obrerournyDatamist	PositioningMode ENUMERATED
	uEBased
	uEAssisted
	conventional
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.7)
	GNSSID ENUMERATED
	gPS
	galileo
	sBAS
	modernizedGPS
	qZSS
	-
	glonass
	bDS,
1	nAVIC

	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.8)		
	Usage		
	unsuccess		
	successResultsNotUsed		
	successResultsUsedToVerifyLocation		
	successResultsUsedToGenerateLocation		
	successMethodNotDetermined		
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.9)		
eCGI	pLMNID SEQUENCE		
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))		
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))		
	eUTRACellID BIT STRING (SIZE(28))		
nCGI	pLMNID SEQUENCE		
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))		
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))		
	nRCellID BIT STRING (SIZE(36))		
altitude	UTF8String		
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2)		
barometricPressure	INTEGER (30000115000)		
	(3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0 cl.6.1.6.3.2)		

Table 6-16: Positioning information structure for 5GS

6.3.9 Location and Access Network Information for IMS-based services

6.3.9.1 General

This section describes the requirements for the Access Network Information for IMS-based services that are delivered via the standardised ETSI handover interfaces.

In general the Access Network Information for IMS-based services shall be delivered in the IRI records in the SIP header field "P-Access-Network-Info" as specified in IETF RFC 7315 and RFC 7913 and RFC 7976 and ETSI TS 124 229 V17.6.1 clause 7.2A.4.

For IMS-based services, when a target UE is served simultaneously by multiple radio access technologies (Multi-RAT) only the information of the primary cell of the Master Cell Group shall be provided in the "P-Access-Network-Info" header field.

In order to improve and facilitate the determination of the target's access type and location, CSP and PTSS may agree to specify and use additional proprietary parameters in the SIP header field "P-Access-Network-Info" delivered to the LEMF.

6.3.9.2 Location and Access Network Information in IRI records based on ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0

When IRI records of IMS-based services are delivered based on ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 Annex B.9 the target related "P-Access-Network-Info" header field content shall populate the corresponding values in the PANI-Header-Info and PANI-Location sequences in the delivered IRI records.

The CSP shall indicate whether the delivered access network information is provided by the network or not by using the parameter network-Provided in the PANI-Header-Info sequence.

For an inbound roaming target in Switzerland using the S8HR roaming method the location information and the time of location shall be delivered according to the information received from the MME through the S-GW/BBIFF according to 3GPP TS 33.108 V17.0.0 clauses 7.5.1 and 12.7.3.

For 3GPP access-type or ac	cess-class (GERAN, UTRAN or E-UTRA	N)
Parameter	Format	
PANI-Header-Info		
access-Type	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	
or		(NOTE 1)
access-Class	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	
network-Provided	NULL	(NOTE 2)
pani-Location	Structure	
raw-Location	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	(NOTE 3)
ePSLocation		
userLocationInfo	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	(NOTE 4)
gsmLocation		· · · ·
latitude	XDDMMSS.SS	
longitude	XDDDMMSS.SS	
mapDatum	wGS84	
azimuth	(0359)	(NOTE 5)

NOTE 1: Only one value shall be delivered, either the access-Type or the access-Class.

NOTE 2: The network-provided parameter shall be present only if the P-Access-Network-Info is provided by a network function (P-CSCF, S-CSCF, etc...) and not the UE. NOTE 3: The raw-Location is a copy of the original P-Access-Network-Info header field. NOTE 4: The userLocationInformation parameter is conditional and may be present if available in the network function of the IMS core providing the access network information.

NOTE 5: When a cell is composed of several main beam directions or when it is omnidirectional the corresponding azimuth parameter shall be omitted.

Table 6-17: 3GPP access PANI information in IRI records based on EpsHI2Operations

P-Access-Network-Info parameters for Non-3GPP access in the structure of the EpsHI2Operations module For 3GPP access-type or access-class (GERAN, UTRAN or E-UTRAN)		
Parameter	Format	
PANI-Header-Info		
access-Type	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	
or		(NOTE 1)
access-Class	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	
network-Provided	NULL	(NOTE 2)
pani-Location	Structure	
raw-Location	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	(NOTE 3)
		· · ·

NOTE 1: Only one value shall be delivered, either the <code>access-Type</code> or the <code>access-Type</code> or the <code>access-Class</code>.

NOTE 2: The network-provided parameter shall be present only if the P-Access-Network-Info is provided by a network function (P-CSCF, S-CSCF, etc...) and not the UE. NOTE 3: The raw-Location is a copy of the original P-Access-Network-Info header field.

Table 6-18: Non-3GPP access PANI information in IRI records based on EpsHI2Operations

6.3.9.3 Location and Access Network Information in IRI records based on ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1

When IRI records of IMS-based services are delivered based on ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 the target related "P-Access-Network-Info" header field content shall populate the corresponding values in the Location sequence in the delivered IRI records.

6.3.9.4 Location and Access Network Information in IRI records based on ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0

When IRI records of IMS-based services are delivered based on ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 the target related "P-Access-Network-Info" header field content shall populate some of the corresponding values in the UserLocation sequence in the delivered IRI records in order to provide the location information for the mobile 3GPP access-class or access-type (e.g. 3GPP-E-UTRAN, 3GPP-NR) or for the Non-3GPP access-class or access-type (e.g. 3GPP-E-UTRAN, IEEE-802-11, WLAN-no-PS, VIRTUAL-no-PS, WLAN-no-PS). The different access-class and access-type are specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 V17.6.1 clause 7.2A.4.

In case of mobile 3GPP access-class or access-type the tracking area identity, the cell global identity and, if available, the time stamp at which the access network information has been acquired, shall be delivered. The geographical coordinates of the cell serving the target shall also be delivered when the cell is operated by the mobile CSP performing the interception.

For an inbound roaming target in Switzerland using the N9HR roaming method the location information and the time of location shall be delivered according to the information received from the AMF through the SMF/BBIFF according to 3GPP TS 33.128 V17.5.0 clause 7.10.

The following Table 6-19 illustrates how the 3GPP access network information of the SIP P-Access-Network-Info header field shall be populated in the corresponding structure of the TS33128Payloads IRI records:

For 3GPP-E-UTRAN access-	For 3GPP-E-UTRAN access-type or access-class		
Parameter	Format		
UserLocation			
eUTRALocation			
tAI	pLMNID SEQUENCE		
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))		
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))		
	tAC OCTET STRING (SIZE(23))		
eCGI	pLMNID SEQUENCE		
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))		
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))		
	<pre>eUTRACellID BIT STRING (SIZE(28))</pre>		
uELocationTimestamp	<pre>timestamp GeneralizedTime (NOTE 1)</pre>		
cellSiteInformation	geographicalCoordinates SEQUENCE (NOTE 2)		
	latitude UTF8String		
	longitude UTF8String		
	mapDatumInformation OGCURN (NOTE 3)		
	azimuth INTEGER (0359) (NOTE 4)		

Technical requirements for the handover interfaces for the conduct of the surveillance of telecommunications

Parameter	Format	
UserLocation		
nRLocation		
tAI	pLMNID SEQUENCE	
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))	
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))	
	tAC OCTET STRING (SIZE(23))	
nCGI	pLMNID SEQUENCE	
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))	
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))	
	nRCellID BIT STRING (SIZE(36))	
uELocationTimestamp	timestamp GeneralizedTime	(NOTE 1)
cellSiteInformation	geographicalCoordinates SEQUENCE	(NOTE 2)
	latitude UTF8String	
	longitude UTF8String	
	mapDatumInformation OGCURN	(NOTE 3)
	azimuth INTEGER (0359)	(NOTE 4)

NOTE 1: The value represents the UTC time when the access network information was acquired, if available in the P-Access-Network-Info header field.

NOTE 2: The latitude and longitude are always according to map datum WGS84. NOTE 3: The Open Geospatial Consortium URN used for WGS84 shall be:

urn:ogc:def:crs:OGC:1.3:CRS84

NOTE 4: When a cell is composed of several main beam directions or when it is omnidirectional the corresponding azimuth parameter shall be omitted.

Table 6-19: 3GPP access PANI information in IRI records based on TS33128Payloads

The following Table 6-20 illustrates how the Non-3GPP access network information of the SIP P-Access-Network-Info header field shall be populated in the corresponding structure of the TS33128Payloads IRI records:

For Non-3GPP access-type	or access-class	
Parameter	Format	
UserLocation		
n3GALocation		
uEIPAddr	iPv4Address ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(4	4))
	or	(NOTE 1)
	iPv6Address ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE()	16))
portNumber	INTEGER	(NOTE 2)
uELocationTimestamp	timestamp GeneralizedTime	(NOTE 3)
protocol	uDP	
	or	
	tCP	

NOTE 1: IPv4 or IPv6 address provided in the "UE-local-IP-address" of the P-Access-Network-Info header field.

NOTE 2: Protocol port number provided in the "UDP-source-port" or "TCP-source-port" of the P-Access-Network-Info header field.

NOTE 3: The value represents the UTC time when the access network information was acquired, if available in the P-Access-Network-Info header field.

Table 6-20: Non-3GPP access PANI information in IRI records based on TS33128Payloads

6.3.10 Cellular Network Information for IMS-based services

6.3.10.1 General

This section describes the requirements for the Cellular Network Information for IMS-based services that are delivered via the standardised ETSI handover interfaces. The Cellular Network Information for IMS-based services shall be delivered in the IRI records in the SIP header field "Cellular-Network-Info" as specified in ETSI TS 124 229 V17.6.1 clause 7.2.15 and Annex R.3.1.1.A. In case of Non-3GPP access via untrusted WLAN and if the information is available for the target, the Cellular-Network-Info header field shall be delivered in the SIP message and the cellular network information encoded in the corresponding IRI record as specified below. The geographical coordinates of the cell serving the target shall also be delivered when the cell is operated by the mobile CSP performing the interception.

6.3.10.2 Cellular Network Information in IRI records based on ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0

The following Table 6-21: Cellular network informationin IRI records based on TS33128Payloads illustrates how the cellular network information of the SIP Cellular-Network-Info header field shall be populated in the corresponding structure of the TS33128Payloads IRI records:

Cellular-Network-Info in the structure of the TS33128Payloads module For 3GPP-E-UTRAN access-type or access-class in Cellular-Network-Info		
Parameter	Format	
UserLocation		
eUTRALocation		
tAI	<pre>pLMNID SEQUENCE MCC NumericString (SIZE(3)) MNC NumericString (SIZE(23)) tAC OCTET STRING (SIZE(23))</pre>	
eCGI	<pre>pLMNID SEQUENCE MCC NumericString (SIZE(3)) MNC NumericString (SIZE(23)) eUTRACellID BIT STRING (SIZE(28))</pre>	
ageOfLocationInfo	INTEGER	(NOTE 1)
cellSiteInformation	geographicalCoordinates SEQUENCE latitude UTF8String longitude UTF8String	(NOTE 2)
	mapDatumInformation OGCURN azimuth INTEGER (0359)	(NOTE 3) (NOTE 4)
	r access-class in Cellular-Network-Info	
UserLocation		

UserLocation	
nRLocation	
tAI	pLMNID SEQUENCE
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))

	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))	
	tAC OCTET STRING (SIZE(23))	
nCGI	pLMNID SEQUENCE	
	MCC NumericString (SIZE(3))	
	MNC NumericString (SIZE(23))	
	nRCellID BIT STRING (SIZE(36))	
ageOfLocationInfo	INTEGER (NOTE 1)	
cellSiteInformation	geographicalCoordinates SEQUENCE (NOTE 2)	
	latitude UTF8String	
	longitude UTF8String	
	mapDatumInformation OGCURN (NOTE 3)	
	azimuth INTEGER (0359) (NOTE 4)	

NOTE 1: The value is populated with the cell-info-age parameter from the Cellular-Network-Info SIP header field, if available. The cell-info-age unit is in [second] and it must be converted in [minute] integer to align with the requirement of 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0 clause 5.4.4 for the ageOfLocationInfo parameter.

Examples of conversion results:

```
cell-info-age = 48 [second] -> ageOfLocationInfo = 0 [minute]
cell-info-age = 223 [second] -> ageOfLocationInfo = 3 [minute]
cell-info-age = 1652 [second] -> ageOfLocationInfo = 27 [minute]
NOTE 2: The latitude and longitude are always according to map datum WGS84.
NOTE 3: The Open Geospatial Consortium URN used for WGS84 shall be:
urn:ogc:def:crs:OGC:1.3:CRS84
NOTE 4: When a cell is composed of several main beam directions or when it is
omnidirectional the corresponding azimuth parameter shall be omitted.
```

Table 6-21: Cellular network informationin IRI records based on TS33128Payloads

6.4 ASN.1 parameters definition

All parameters designated as "conditional" or "optional" in the ETSI specifications must always be delivered to the LEMF when available and not otherwise specified.

6.5 Handover interfaces requirements and options

This section provides detailed information about the different requirements and options to be used in Switzerland for the handover interfaces specified by ETSI. Depending on the realtime interception type the CSP in agreement with the PTSS may choose to use one of those handover interfaces.

6.5.1 ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 for the lawful interception of telecommunications traffic

This technical specification provides the reference for the formating and encoding requirements for the interception of the PSTN, ISDN, GSM and UMTS telephony services in the circuit switched domain and shall only be used in association with the handover interface specified in the section 6.5.7 of the present document related to the IP delivery of the circuit switched telephony services.

The notifications, IRI and CC records of circuit switched telephony services shall be delivered to the PTSS processing system via an IP delivery network.

6.5.1.1 ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 requirements and options

Note: The lawful interception requirements related to the TETRA technology are not applicable in Switzerland.

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS 101 671	Switzerland	
V3.12.1		
5.1	Manual/Electronic handover	
	interface 1 (HI1)	
	An electronic handover interface from	See Annex 1 section 4
	the LEMF to the technical	
	infrastructure of the person obliged to cooperate for direct administration of	
	interception measures without the	
	involvement of the the person obliged	
	to cooperate is not implemented in	
	Switzerland.	
	Events regarding the management of an interception (e.g. activation and	
	deactivation) and error	
	communication must be delivered.	
5.2	Handover Interface port 2 (HI2)	
	IRI records shall be delivered via the	See Annex 1 sections 6.5.3 and 6.5.7
	IP delivery network according to ETSI TS 102 232-1 V2.26.1 and ETSI TS	
	102 232-6 V3.3.1.	
6.2.1	Network identifier (NID)	
	The NID is composed of 5 digits:	See Annex 1 section 6.3.2.1
	NWO/AP/SvP identifier (Operator	
	identifier). PTSS provides the Operator	
	identifier.	
8.1	Data transmission protocol	
	HI1 notifications, HI2 and HI3	See Annex 1 section 6.5.3 and 6.5.7
	handover interfaces shall use the IP	
	delivery network based on ETSI TS 102 232 V3.24.1.	
Annex A:	Circuit switched network handover	1
A.3.2.1	Control information for HI2	
	The timestamp must include official	See Annex 1 section 6.3.5
	local time and related DST indication	
	or UTC time in GeneralizedTime	
A.4.1	format. Delivery of Content of	
/	Communication	
	CC records shall be delivered via the	
	IP delivery network according to ETSI	
	TS 102 232-1 V2.26.1 and ETSI TS	
	102 232-6 V3.3.1.	

Clause	Selection of ETSI entions for	Additional requirements
Clause ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Switzerland	Additional requirements
101 671	Switzenanu	
101 671 V3.12.1		
A.4.2	Delivery of peaketized Content of	
A.4.Z	Delivery of packetized Content of Communication	
	For SMS and UUS Services, CC shall	
	be transferred as IRI.	
	For transferring CC data, the ASN.1	
	module 'HI2Operations' encapsulated	
	in the PstnlsdnPDU module of ETSI	
	TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1 shall be used.	
A.5.4	Multi party calls – general	
A.J.4	principles	
	Only option A is available and must	
	be used.	
A.5.5	Subscriber Controlled Input (SCI):	
1.0.0	Activation/Deactivation/Interrogati	
	on of services	
		In case of analogue or ISDN keypad
		facility and protocol generating DTMF
		signals, the DTMF shall be mapped to
		the functional protocol (e.g. 3GPP TS
		24.008 V17.7.0 clause 9.3.24) and
		delivered directly in the IRI record (e.g.
		IRI-Continue-Record) in the ASN.1
		PartyInformation structure using
		the Standard-Supplementary-
		Services sequence and DSS1-SS-
		parameters-codeset-0 set and the
		main parameter Keypad facility.
A.6.3	Call Hold/Retrieve	
71.0.0	If an active call is put on hold, its CC	
	link shall stay intact and the signal	
	from the held party shall be switched	
	through to the LEMF. If the target	
	sets up a new call, while one call is	
	on hold, this call shall be treated as a	
	normal originating call (additional CC	
	link) ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 Annex	
	A.6.3.1 applies. CC links shall stay	
	intact and the signal from the held	
	party shall be switched through.	
A.6.4	Explicit Call Transfer (ECT)	
	For explicit call transfer, option 2	
	must be implemented. This means,	
	that the transferred call must not be	
	intercepted.	
A.6.16.1.	Call Diversion by target, CC links	
1	For CFNR, UDUB, CD and partial	
	rerouting, option 2 (with CONTINUE-	
	Record) must be implemented.	
A.6.22	User-to-User Signalling (UUS)	
		See point A.4.2 in this Table.
	•	· •

Clause	Coloction of ETCL options for	Additional requirements
Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS	Switzerland	
101 671		
V3.12.1		
	UUS service data shall be delivered	
A 0 0	as IRI data.	
A.8.3	HI3 (delivery of CC) SMS service data shall be delivered	Can paint A 4 2 in this Table
	as IRI data.	See point A.4.2 in this Table.
	The provider must remove any encryption algorithm applied by the	
	CSP internally in the network at the	
	handover interface.	
Annex C:	HI2 Delivery mechanisms and proced	lures
C.1 / C.2	ROSE / FTP	
0.170.2	FTP and ROSE are not used as HI1	See point 8.1 in this Table.
	notifications, HI2 and HI3 handover	
	interfaces shall use the IP delivery	
	network based on ETSI TS 102 232	
	V3.24.1.	
Annex D:	Structure of data at the Handover Internet	erface
D.4	HI1-Operations ::= CHOICE	
	{ liActivated	Depending on the version of the
	[1] Notification,	HI1NotificactionOperations
	liDeactivated [2] Notification,	record used, if the domainID parameter
	liModified	exists in the Notification sequence,
	[3] Notification, alarms-indicator	the OBJECT IDENTIFIER must be
	[4] Alarm-Indicator,	provided.
	, National-HI1-ASN1parameters	
	[5] National-HI1-ASN1parameters	
D.5	MapDatum ::= ENUMERATED	The enumerated structure nature-Of-
0.0	wGS84,	The-intercepted-call is limited to
		the following values:
		gSM-ISDN-PSTN-circuit-call
		gSM-SMS-Message
		uMTS-circuit-call
		lTE-SMS-Message
		Content of SMS in 3GPP format shall
		not be delivered with the
		enhancedContent structure of the
		sMS-Contents sequence.
D.4 to D.9	ASN.1 modules	
		The aggregation mechanism for IRI
_		content shall not be used.
Annex I: E	volved Packet System Handover	
	Evolved Packet System handover	
	For Evolved Packet System the	See Annex 1 section 6.5.2
	Lawful Interception handover	
	interface defined in ETSI TS 133 108	
1	V17.0.0 shall be used.	

Table 6-22: ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 requirements and options

The supported ASN.1 Object identifiers and versions are stated in section 6.6

6.5.2 ETSI TS 133 108 Handover interface for Lawful Interception

The handover interface specifications of ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 are based on the description from the specification ETSI TS 133 107 V17.0.0 Lawful interception architecture and functions.

This section specifies the requirements and options that may be used for the delivery of the intercepted data related to all services based on the packet switched domain, such as GPRS, Evolved Packet System (EPS), non-3GPP access, IMS-based VoIP, IMS-based Conference Services, Proximity Services (ProSe), Group Communications Service Enablers (GCSE), Push-to-Talk over Cellular (PTC).

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS	Switzerland	Additional requirements
133 108	Owitzenand	
V17.0.0		
4. General		
4.4	Manual/Electronic Handover	
	Interface 1 (HI1)	
	An electronic handover interface from	See Annex 1 section 3
	the LEMF to the technical	
	infrastructure of the person obliged to	
	cooperate for direct administration of	
	interception measures without the	
	involvement of the person obliged to	
	cooperate is not implemented in	
	Switzerland.	
	Events regarding the management of	
	an interception (e.g. activation and	
	deactivation) and error	
4.4.1	communication must be delivered.	
4.4.1	Handover interface port 2 (HI2) The IRI records shall not be	
4.4.2	aggregated for delivery to the LEMF. Handover interface port 3 (HI3)	
4.4.2	The destination TCP port number at	The port number can be different for
	PTSS (LEMF) is provided by PTSS	each service. (e.g. Network Access,
	on a bilateral basis to each CSP.	IMS-based VoIP, PTC)
4.5	HI2: Interface port for Interception	
	Related Information	
	Buffering of IRI for the purpose of	Buffering of IRI data up to 24 hours
	recovery is required, for instance if	5 1
	the transmission of IRI fails.	
4.5.1	Data transmission protocol	
	FTP is used for IRI	See Annex 1 section 6.3.7
	The FTP connection must be closed	
	immediately after data transmission.	
6. Packet	data domain	I
6.1.2	Network identifier	
L - · · · -	······	

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS	Switzerland	
133 108		
V17.0.0		
	The Operator-identifier is composed	
	of 5 digits provided by PTSS.	
	The Network-Element-Identifier	
	(NEID) parameter shall be provided	
6.5.1.1	REPORT record information	
	IRI REPORT record shall be	
	generated when:	
	- GPRS attach	
	(IRI REPORT according to table 6.3)	
	- GPRS detach	
	-	
	(IRI REPORT according to table 6.4)	
	- PDP context activation unsuccessful	
	(IRI REPORT according to table 6.5)	
	- location information update	
	(IRI REPORT according to table 6.6)	
	 the target leaves the old SGSN 	
	 the SGSN receives the SMS-MO 	
	from the target MS.	
	- the SGSN receives the SMS-MT	
	from the SMS-Centre	
	(IRI REPORT according to table 6.7)	
	- Serving System change	
	(IRI REPORT according to table 6.8)	
	- HLR subscriber record change of	
	IMSI or of MSISDN generated by a	
	messages to or from the HLR	
	(IRI REPORT according to table 6.9d)	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	The IRI REPORT for LALS shall be
	- a LALS report is received from the	_
	LI LCS Client (IRI REPORT	encoded in EpsHI2Operations as
	according to table 6.9H)	specified in Annex 1 section 6.3.8.3.1).
	Packet data header and packet data	
	summary reporting shall not be used.	
6.5.1.2	BEGIN record information	
	IRI BEGIN record shall be generated	
	when:	
	 the target performs a successful 	
	PDP context activation	
	- an inter-SGSN Routing Area Update	
	(RAU) occurs and at least one active	
	PDP context is active and the PLMN	
	has changed.	
	(IRI BEGIN according to table 6.10)	
6.5.1.3	CONTINUE record information	
0.0.1.0	IRI CONTINUE record shall be	
	generated when:	
	3	
	- the target's PDP context is modified	
	- an inter-SGSN Routing Area Update	
	(RAU) occurs and at least one active	

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS	Switzerland	Additional requirements
133 108	Switzenand	
V17.0.0		
V17.0.0	PDP context is active and the PLMN	
	has not changed.	
	(IRI CONTINUE according to table	
	(in a contrinter according to table 6.12)	
6.5.1.4	END record information	
0.5.1.4	IRI END record shall be generated	
	when:	
	- the target' PDP context is	
	deactivated	
	(IRI END according to table 6.14)	
7 Multi-m	edia domain	<u> </u>
7	Multi-media domain	
1	The provision of the lawful	
	interception of services supported by	
	the IP Multimedia Core Network	
	Subsystem (IMS) shall be carried out	
	in conformity with the provisions of	
	the technical specification	
	corresponding to RELEASE 7 or	
	higher, according to the releases in	
	which the telecommunications	
	services in question are found at	
	each time.	
7.1	Identifiers	
	Interception is performed on IMS	
	identifier(s) associated with the	
	interception subject including	
	identifier types such as SIP URI and	
	Tel URI and IMEI if available.	
	NOTE: MSISDN and IMSI can be	
	represented in the user part of the	
	SIP URI and Tel URI if available.	
7.1.1	Lawful Interception Identifier (LIID)	
	The use of a single LIID for multiple	
	target public user identities (e.g. SIP	
	URI and TEL URI) all pertaining to	
	the same target is required.	
7.1.2	Network identifier	
	The Operator-identifier is composed	
	of 5 digits provided by PTSS.	
	The Network-Element-Identifier	
	(NEID) parameter shall be provided.	
7.2.1	Timing	
	IMS specific timestamp shall have a	
	precision to the millisecond.	
7.3	Security aspects	
	The delivery of the IRI records uses	
	one of the delivery networks as	
	described in VD-ÜPF Annex 2. It shall	

Clause	Coloction of FTCL ontions for	
Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS	Switzerland	
133 108		
V17.0.0		
	be agreed between the CSP and	
7.4	PTSS.	
7.4	Quantitative aspects As the realisation of the IMS-based	
	VoIP services is depending on the	
	user equipment and the CSP network	
	capabilities, the PTSS cannot provide	
	meaningful guidance for the	
	dimensioning of the target	
7 5	interceptions to be supported.	
7.5	IRI for IMS	CCD and DTCC may agree to use
	The whole SIP message	CSP and PTSS may agree to use
	"sIPMessage" and XCAP message	proprietary SIP header fields in order to
	"xCAPMessage" shall be delivered to	help identify the target identity.
	the LEMF in the IRI records.	
	The content of the P-Access-	
	Network-Info (PANI) header shall be delivered via the PANI-Header-	
	Info structure of the	
	EpsHI2Operations module.	
		The SIP header of the SMS-SUBMIT-
	For SMS over IP interceptions based	REPORT and SMS-DELIVER-REPORT
	on IMS, all the SIP messages	shall use the "In-Reply-To" header field
	requests and responses used for the	to correlate with the initial message
	procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.341 V17.1.0 must be delivered as	request SMS-SUBMIT respectively the
	IRI records.	SMS-DELIVER.
	IRITECOIDS.	
	The following optional records shall	
	be supported for HSS interceptions:	
	The Serving System record shall be	
	delivered according to table 7.7, with	
	IMSevent servingSystem using the	
	Current-Previous-Systems	
	sequence.	
	The Subscriber Record Change	
	record shall be delivered according to	
	table 7.8, with IMSevent	
	subscriberRecordChange using	
	the Change-Of-Target-Identity	
	sequence.	
	The Location Information Request	
	record shall be delivered according to	
	table 7.9, with IMSevent	
	locationInformationRequest	
	using the requesting-Network-	
	Identifier and the requesting-	
	Node-Type	
8. 3GPP V	VLAN Interworking	1
8	3GPP WLAN Interworking	
-	1	1

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS	Switzerland	
133 108		
V17.0.0		
	NOTE: WLAN Interworking	The Non-3GPP access related
	specification (3GPP TS 29.234	specifications replace 3GPP WLAN
	V11.2.0) is no longer maintained in	interworking, see 3GPP TS 23.402
	Release 12 and onwards.	V17.0.0.
10 Evolve	d Packet System (EPS)	
10.1.2	Network identifier	
	The Operator-identifier is composed	
	of 5 digits provided by PTSS.	
	The Network-Element-Identifier	
	(NEID) parameter shall be provided.	
10.5.0	IRI for evolved packet domain	
10.0.0	When the mobile network operates in	The location information for the
	EN-DC mode the indication of the use	secondary RAT (PSCell) is described in
		• · · · · · ·
	of a secondary RAT shall be	the present document in section 6.3.8.1.
	delivered with the parameter	
	secondaryRATUsageIndication.	
	For Untrusted non-3GPP access the	
	UE Local IP address and the UE UDP	
	Port must be delivered via the	
	uELocalIPAddress resp .	
	uEUdpPort parameters of the	
	EpsHI2Operations module as	
	specified in section 6.3.9.2.	
10.5.1.1	REPORT record information	
	IRI REPORT record shall be	
	generated when:	
	- E-UTRAN attach (IRI REPORT	
	according to table 10.5.1.1.1)	
	- E-UTRAN detach (IRI REPORT	
	according to table 10.5.1.1.2)	
	- EPS bearer activation unsuccessful	
	(IRI REPORT according to table	
	10.5.1.1.3)	
	- EPS bearer resource modification	
	(IRI REPORT according to table	
	10.5.1.1.4)	
	- a tracking area or EPS location	
	update and the target leaves the old	
	MME (IRI REPORT according to	
	table 10.5.1.1.5)	
	- a PDN connectivity request (IRI	
		1
	REPORT according to table	
	10.5.1.1.6)	
	10.5.1.1.6) - a PDN disconnection request (IRI	
	10.5.1.1.6) - a PDN disconnection request (IRI REPORT according to table	
	10.5.1.1.6) - a PDN disconnection request (IRI REPORT according to table 10.5.1.1.7)	
	10.5.1.1.6) - a PDN disconnection request (IRI REPORT according to table 10.5.1.1.7) - a LALS report is received from the	The IRI REPORT for LALS shall be
	10.5.1.1.6) - a PDN disconnection request (IRI REPORT according to table 10.5.1.1.7) - a LALS report is received from the LI LCS Client (IRI REPORT	encoded in EpsHI2Operations as
	10.5.1.1.6) - a PDN disconnection request (IRI REPORT according to table 10.5.1.1.7) - a LALS report is received from the	

Clause	Soloction of ETSL options for	Additional requirementa
Clause ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Switzerland	Additional requirements
133 108	Switzenanu	
V17.0.0		
V17.0.0	The following optional records shall	
	be supported by HSS interceptions:	
	The Serving Evolved Packet System	
	record shall be delivered according to	
	table 10.5.1.1.12, with EPSevent	
	servingEvolvedPacketSystem	
	using the servingMMEaddress and	
	the visitedNetworkId.	
	The HSS subscriber record change	
	record shall be delivered according to	
	table 10.5.1.1.17, with EPSevent	
	hSS-Subscriber-Record-Change	
	using the Change-Of-Target-	
	Identity sequence and	
	carrierSpecificData.	
	The Location Information Request	
	record shall be delivered according to	
	table 10.5.1.1.20, with IMSevent	
	locationInformationRequest	
	using the requesting-Network-	
	Identifier and the requesting-	
	Node-Type.	
	Node Type.	
	The packet data header information	
	and packet data summary methods	
	shall not be used.	
10.5.1.2	BEGIN record information	
	IRI BEGIN record shall be generated	
	when:	
	- EPS bearer or tunnel activation.	
	- a change of S-GW occurs and the	
	PLMN has changed.	
	(IRI BEGIN according to table	
	10.5.1.2.1)	
10.5.1.3	CONTINUE record information	
	IRI CONTINUE record shall be	
	generated when:	
	- an active EPS bearer is modified	
	- a change of S-GW occurs and the	
	PLMN has not changed.	
	- in case of handover between	
	different accesses.	
	(IRI CONTINUE according to table	
10.5.1.4	10.5.1.3.1) END record information	
10.5.1.4	IRI END record shall be generated	
	when:	
	- EPS bearer deactivation.	
	- Tunnel deactivation.	
	- Resource allocation deactivation.	
L		

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Switzerland	
133 108		
V17.0.0		
v 17.0.0	(IRI END according to table	
	10.5.1.4.1)	
11. 3GPP	IMS Conference Services	
11.1.2	The use of a single LIID for multiple	
	target public user identities (e.g. SIP	
	URI and TEL URI) all pertaining to	
	the same target is required.	
11.1.3	Network identifier	
	The Operator-identifier is composed	
	of 5 digits provided by PTSS.	
	The Network-Element-Identifier	
	(NEID) parameter shall be provided.	
11.5	IRI for IMS Conference Services	
	As mentioned in ETSI TS 133 108	
	V17.0.0 Table 11.2 the parameters	
	IMPI or IMPU may not be observed	
	and available in the MRFC node.	
11.6	CC for IMS Conference Services	
	Section 6.6 provides the list of	
10.0000	supported ASN.1 modules.	
	IMS-based VoIP Services	
12.1.3	Network identifier	
	The Operator-identifier is composed	
	of 5 digits provided by PTSS. The Network-Element-Identifier	
	(NEID) parameter shall be provided.	
12.6	CC for IMS-based VoIP	
12.0	For IMS-based VolP services the use	
	of the VoIP-HI3-IMS ASN.1 module is	
	preferred to deliver the content of	
	communication. See ETSI TS 133	
	108 V17.0.0 Annex B.12.	
12.7.3	LI in VPLMN with S8HR	
	VoLTE interceptions for inbound	
	roamers shall also be possible in the	
	Serving Gateway of the VPLMN.	
	The VoIPRoamingIndication	
	parameter shall be set to	
	roamingS8HR in the IRI record.	
	The ICE-type in the CC data shall be	
	set to "lmISF" or "sGW".	
12.7.4	LI in VPLMN with LBO	
	The VoIPRoamingIndication	
	parameter shall be set to	
	roamingLBO in the IRI record.	
	eption of Proximity Services (ProSe)	
	of ProSe service is only available from 3	GPP Release 13.
13.1.1.3	Network identifier	
	The Operator-identifier is composed	
	of 5 digits provided by PTSS.	

Clause	Selection of ETSI entions for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Switzerland	Additional requirements
133 108	Switzenanu	
V17.0.0	The Network-Element-Identifier	
10.0.1	(NEID) parameter shall be provided.	
13.2.1	ProSe Direct Discovery	
	The ProSe discovery events can only	
	be intercepted when the target	
10.0.0	identity is an IMSI.	
13.2.2	Events and information	
	ProSe discovery events shall be	
	delivered with the ASN.1 module	
	ProSeHI2Operations via HI2.	
13.3.1	General	
	IRI records for the ProSe Remote UE	
	communications shall be delivered	
	with the ASN.1 module	
	EpsHI2Operations via HI2.	
	When a ProSe UE-to-NW Relay is a	
	target and the interception of CC is	
	required, the CC of the ProSe	
	Remote UE shall not be delivered to	
	the LEMF.	
14. Invoca	ation of Lawful Interception (LI) for Gr	oup Communications System
Enablers	• • • •	. ,
	of GCSE service is available from 3GPP	Release 13
14.2	GCS AS in Intercepting Operator's	
14.2		
14.2	GCS AS in Intercepting Operator's	
14.2	GCS AS in Intercepting Operator's Network	
14.2	GCS AS in Intercepting Operator's Network Only IMSI and IMEI are valid target	
14.2	GCS AS in Intercepting Operator's Network Only IMSI and IMEI are valid target identities to perform interceptions of	
	GCS AS in Intercepting Operator's Network Only IMSI and IMEI are valid target identities to perform interceptions of GCSE services.	
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14.2.2.3	GCS AS in Intercepting Operator's NetworkOnly IMSI and IMEI are valid target identities to perform interceptions of GCSE services.Network identifier The Operator-identifier is composed of 5 digits provided by PTSS. The Network-Element-Identifier (NEID) parameter shall be provided.CC for GCSE based	
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14.2.2.3 14.2.7 14.3	GCS AS in Intercepting Operator's NetworkOnly IMSI and IMEI are valid target identities to perform interceptions of GCSE services.Network identifierThe Operator-identifier is composed of 5 digits provided by PTSS. The Network-Element-Identifier (NEID) parameter shall be provided.CC for GCSE based 	
14.2.2.3 14.2.7 14.3 15. Interc	GCS AS in Intercepting Operator's NetworkOnly IMSI and IMEI are valid target identities to perform interceptions of GCSE services.Network identifierThe Operator-identifier is composed of 5 digits provided by PTSS. The Network-Element-Identifier (NEID) parameter shall be provided.CC for GCSE based CommunicationsThe CC shall be delivered on the HI3 interface with the module GCSE-HI3 specified in Annex 14.2. This ASN.1 	
14.2.2.3 14.2.7 14.3 15. Interc	GCS AS in Intercepting Operator's NetworkOnly IMSI and IMEI are valid target identities to perform interceptions of GCSE services.Network identifierThe Operator-identifier is composed of 5 digits provided by PTSS. The Network-Element-Identifier (NEID) parameter shall be provided.CC for GCSE based CommunicationsThe CC shall be delivered on the HI3 interface with the module GCSE-HI3 specified in Annex 14.2. This ASN.1 	

01	Only attack of FTOL and taken of an	
Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS	Switzerland	
133 108		
V17.0.0		
	This clause 15 shall not be	
	implemented. In Switzerland the SMS	
	and MMS shall not be reported	
	separately from other services.	
	SMS are reported within the	
	telephony services and MMS are	
	reported within the network access	
	services for GPRS and EPS.	
16. Cell Si	te Reporting	
16.1	The cell site information is	
	implemented directly in the IRI record	
	that contain a cell identifier. The Cell	
	Site Supplemental Information	
	Reporting is not required.	
17. Interce	eption of PTC	
	of PTC service is available from 3GPP F	Release 15.
17.1.2	Network identifier	
	The Operator-identifier is composed	
	of 5 digits provided by PTSS.	
	The Network-Element-Identifier	
	(NEID) parameter shall be provided.	
17.1.4	CC for PTC-based VolP	
	CC for PTC-based-VoIP traffic shall	
	be delivered via HI3 with the ASN.1	
	module VoIP-HI3-IMS.	
17.1.5	IRI for PTC based Communications	
	IRI records for PTC shall be delivered	
	via HI3 with the ASN.1 module	
	EpsHi2Operations.	
18. PTC E	•	
18	When a CSP has PTC services with	
10	Security options the CSP shall	
	remove the encryption managed by	
	the CSP and deliver the intercepted	
	traffic in clear to the LEMF.	
Appox A:		
Annex A. A.0	HI2 delivery mechanisms and proced Introduction	
A.U		
	FTP must be used for transferring IRI	
A 2 2	data over HI2 interface.	
A.2.2	Usage of FTP for conveying IRI	
	data File noming method R must be used	
A 2	File naming method B must be used.	
A.3	ETSI TS 102 232-1 and ETSI TS 102 232-7	
	The HI2 delivery method based on	
	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI	
	TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 shall not be	
	used for all HI2 IRI records specified	
	in ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0.	
Annex R [.]	Structure of data at the handover inte	erface
		/1400

Clause	Coloction of FTCI ontions for	
Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS	Switzerland	
133 108		
V17.0.0		
B.3 - B.16	The supported ASN.1 Object ID and	The aggregation mechanism for IRI
	versions for Switzerland are indicated	content shall not be used.
	in the section 6.6.	
B.12	Contents of Communication (HI3	
	IMS-based VoIP).	
	The use of the payload-	The content of communication payload
	description structure can be	of the IMS-based VoIP shall be
	implemented by CSP and delivered to	delivered with the transport protocol
	PTSS.	(e.g. UDP) header and IP headers.
	UMTS and EPS HI3 interfaces	
С	UMTS and EPS HI3 interfaces	
	ULIC header version 1 with TCP/IP	
	described in Annex C.1.3 shall be	
	used.	
C.1.1	Introduction	
	When using TCP/IP as transfer	Using UDP for transferring the ULIC
	method, the used destination port	header is not allowed.
	shall be provided by PTSS.	
C.1.3	Definition of ULIC header version 1	
	When using ULIC header version 1,	
	the parameters LIID and timeStamp	
	are mandatory.	
C.1.5	The recommended IPsec interface is	The delivery network interface shall be
	not used in Switzerland.	agreed with PTSS. Refer to VD-ÜPF
		Annex 2.
C.2	FTP	
	Usage of FTP for conveying CC data	
	is not supported.	
C.3	ETSI TS 102 232-1 and ETSI TS 102	
	232-7	
	The HI3 delivery method based on	
	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI	
	TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 shall not be	
	used for all HI3 content of	
	communication specified in ETSI TS	
	133 108 V17.0.0.	
_	VoIP HI3 Interface	
K.1	VoIP CC Protocol Data Unit	
	The VoIP CC Protocol Data Unit shall	
	be delivered to the LEMF using TCP	
	as the transport protocol.	
K.2	Definition of VoIP LI Correlation	
	header	
	Provision of the LIID.	The provision of the LIID is mandatory.
	Provision of the TimeStamp	The provision of the TimeStamp
	parameter.	parameter is mandatory.
K.4	LEMF considerations	

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements
ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Switzerland	Additional requirements
133 108	Switzenanu	
V17.0.0		
V17.0.0	IPSec shall not be used. Consider the	
	delivery network specifications in VD-	
	ÜPF Annex 2 for options.	
Anney I ·	Conference HI3 Interface	I
L.1	Conf CC Protocol Data Unit	
L . 1	The Conference CC Protocol Data	
	Unit (Conf-CC-PDU) is delivered to	
	the LEMF using TCP as the transport	
	protocol.	
L.2	Definition of Conference LI	
L . <i>L</i>	Correlation header	
	Provision of the TimeStamp	The provision of the TimeStamp
	parameter.	parameter is mandatory.
L.3	Definition of Payload	
2.0	The delivered payload shall include	
	the IP layer and the above protocols	
	(IP/UDP/RTP).	
Annex M:	Generic LI notification (HI1 notificatio	on using the HI2 method)
M.1	HI.1 delivery methods preferences:	
	As an alternative to the HI1-	The use of this alternative must be
	Operations specified in ETSI TS	agreed with PTSS.
	101 671 V3.12.1 Annex D.4 the	5
	ThreeGPP-	
	HI1NotificationOperations	
	notification method specified in this	
	annex M can be used to report the	
	activation and deactivation of an	
	interception.	
M.2	ASN.1 description of LI	
	management notification operation	
	(HI1 interface)	
	The liActivated or	
	liDeactivated notifications are	
	mandatory.	
	The parameters	
	domainID	
	lawfulInterceptionIdentifier	
	communicationIdentifier	
	timestamp	
	target-Information	In the Target-Information
	shall also be delivered.	sequence only the liActivatedTime
		or liDeactivatedTime parameters
		shall be provided.

Table 6-23: ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 requirements and options for the packet switched domain

The supported ASN.1 Object identifiers and versions are stated in section 6.6

6.5.3 ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 Handover specification for IP delivery

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
102 232-1		
V3.26.1		
5.2.1	Version	
	Because an OID is used in the ASN.1	
	description, a separate parameter is	
	not necessary.	
5.2.2	LIID	
	A unique value is assigned by PTSS	
	via the HI1 interface using the	
	mechanism specified in section 4.	
5.2.3	Authorization country code	
	'CH' must be used in Switzerland.	
5.2.4	Communication identifier	
0.2.1	In Switzerland, "CH" must be used as	PTSS provides the OperatorID
	the delivery country code (DCC). The	composed of 5 digits. See Annex 1
	Operator identifier (part of NID) is	section 6.3.2.1
	assigned by PTSS.	3001011 0.0.2.1
		The NEID parameter
		"networkElementIdentifier" or
		"eTSI671NEID" must be provided.
5.2.5	Servence number	erstormerb must be provided.
5.2.5	Sequence number	In come cases this requirement connet
	The sequence number must already	In some cases this requirement cannot
	be set where the copy of the	be met. In such cases, the sequence
	intercepted telecommunication was	number must be set before or at the
	first generated (point of interception).	delivery function. In any case, the
		sequence number must reproduce the
		precise counting method at the place of
5.0.7		origin.
5.2.7	Payload direction	
/ -	Must be indicated for CC data.	
5.2.10	IRI Type	
		If present, the IRI Type delivered in the
		header by the iRIType parameter of
		the IRIPayload sequence shall be
		identical to the IRI Type contained in the
		service-specific IRIContents
		structure.
5.2.11	Interception Point Identifier	
	The delivery of the Interception Point	If the interceptionPointID
	Identifier parameter is optional.	parameter is used then the
		extendedInterceptionPointID
		parameter shall be excluded.
5.2.13	Extended Interception Point	
	Identifier	
	In the context of 5G interception the	If the
	use and delivery of the Extended	extendedInterceptionPointID
	Interception Point Identifier parameter	parameter is used then the
	is described in ETSI TS 102 232-7	interceptionPointID parameter
	V3.11.1 clause 15.4.	shall be excluded.

0	Only ation of FTOL antions for Order	
Clause ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
102 232-1	applications	
V3.26.1		
5.2.14	Network Function Identifier	
0.2.11	In the context of 5G interception the	
	use and delivery of the Network	
	Function Identifier parameter is	
	described in ETSI TS 102 232-7	
	V3.11.1 clause 15.3.	
6.2.2	Error reporting	
	OperatorLeaMessage specified in	Related NID must be mentioned in the
	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 Annex	Transport Related Information (TRI)
	A.2 must be used.	message.
		CSPs shall ensure their equipment is
		designed to avoid a loss of CIN state
		and history.
		The CINReset message shall not be
		used.
6.2.3	Aggregation of payloads	
	Aggregation of payload shall not be	
6.2.5	used.	
0.2.5	Padding data Padding of data shall not be used.	
6.3.1	General	
	TCP/IP must be used.	
6.3.2	Opening and closing of	
	connections	
	The described handling of	
	unsuccessful connection	
0.0.4	establishment must be implemented.	
6.3.4	Keep-alives Can optionally be implemented by the	The use of this option must be agreed
	CSP.	with PTSS.
6.4.2	TCP settings	
	The destination TCP port number at	PTSS provides a specific port number
	PTSS (LEMF) is provided by PTSS	for each service specification TS 102
	on a bilateral basis to each CSP.	232-2 V3.14.1, TS 102 232-3 V3.9.1, TS
		102 232-5 V3.15.1 and TS 102 232-6
		V3.3.1 and TS 133 128 V17.5.0. The
		port number can be different for each
		service.
7.1	Types of network	
		The delivery network shall be
		implemented according to the
		specifications stated in VD-ÜPF Annex
		2 v2.0.

Clause ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
102 232-1	applications	
V3.26.1		
7.2.2	Confidentiality and authentication	
	,	Depending on the delivery network type in use based on VD-ÜPF Annex 2 v2.0,
		the confidentiality and authentication method is determined by PTSS after
7.2.3	Into avity :	consultation with the CSP.
1.2.3	Integrity The CSP, after agreement with the	
	PTSS, may implement the integrity	
	mechanism for HI2 and HI3 according	
	to the guidelines in ETSI TS 102 232-	
	1 V3.26.1 Annex J.	
7.3.1	Test data	
	The capabilitiy of sending of the test	
	data as Transport Related	
	Information (TRI) is not mandatory.	
7.3.2	Timeliness	
		The possible use of separate managed networks must be agreed with PTSS.
Annex	ASN.1 specification	
A.2	5GC NR lawful interception IRI and	The delivery of the IRI and CC records
	CC records specified in ETSI TS 133	specified in ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0
	128 V17.5.0 are delivered via the	necessitates the use of the ASN.1
	parameters	module LI-PS-PDU version 29 or a
	threeGPP33128DefinedIRI and	higher version.
	threeGPP33128DefinedCC as	
	specified in ETSI TS 102 232-7	
	V3.11.1 clause 15. See details in	
	Annex 1 section 6.5.8.	
	5GC NR lawful interception HI4	
	Notification records specified in ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 clause 5.6 are	
	delivered via the parameter	
	HI4Payload of the LI-PS-PDU	
	module.	
Annex J	Implementation of Integrity Checks	
	The indicated typical values for	
	hashTimeout, signTimeout,	
	dataPduCount, hashPduCount shall	
	be used for the implementation.	

Table 6-24: ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 Handover specification for IP delivery

The supported ASN.1 Object identifiers and versions are stated in section 6.6

6.5.4 ETSI TS 102 232-2 V3.14.1 Service-specific details for messaging services

Clause	Available options for Swiss	Additional requirements or
ETSI TS	applications	specifications
102 232-2		specifications
V3.14.1		
6.2.3	Email send IR I IRI data according to table 1 for the event "Email send" must always be transferred.	
6.3.3	Email receive IRI IRI data according to table 2 for the event "Email receive" must always be transferred.	
6.4.3	Email download IRI IRI data according to table 3 for the event "Email download" must always be transferred.	
7.10	AAAInformation This information is critical as email addresses themselves are not authenticated and it is easy for a user to spoof an email "from" address so it is important to be able to see which mailbox is being used to send emails.	AAAInformation is accepted in either the e-mail-login event, or in the transfer event (e-mail-send / receive / download / partial-download / upload), or in both. However the AAAInformation must not be missing from both the login and the transfer event.
8	Unified Messaging events The Unified Messaging (UM) systems operate often with proprietary functions that are not standardised. Therefore, PTSS shall determine based on consultations with the CSP which and how Unified Messaging related events and Messaging-Status shall be provided.	PTSS shall determine based on consultations with the CSP if the "raw" IRI event generated by the Unified Messaging system can be used.
8.1	Delivery of CC With regard to NOTE 2: If a target's terminal and UM box are both intercepted, the duplication of the interceptions is allowed.	
8.2	Messaging events The Messaging-Event structure is used to indicate that a message is manipulated within the UM system.	PTSS shall determine based on consultations with the CSP which Messaging events are supported by the UM system and can be delivered in the IRI records.
8.3	Messaging box events The Messaging-Box-Event structure is used to signal operations on the target's message box.	PTSS shall determine based on consultations with the CSP which Messaging box events are supported by the UM system and can be delivered in the IRI records.

Clause	Available options for Swiss	Additional requirements or
ETSI TS	applications	specifications
102 232-2		
V3.14.1		
8.4	Messaging notification events	
	The Messaging-Notification-Event	PTSS shall determine based on
	structure is used to signal the LEA	consultations with the CSP which
	that a notification was sent to the	Messaging notification events are
	target.	supported by the UM system and can
		be delivered in the IRI records.
8.5	Messaging call events	
	If the UM system set up a call with	
	the sender of a messaging event, the	
	Messaging-Call-Event	
	parameter callout shall be	
	delivered as IRI record.	
8.6	Signalling of party information	
		PTSS shall determine based on consultations with the CSP which Messaging-Trigger are supported by the
		UM system and can be delivered in the IRI records.
8.7	Messaging properties	
	The Messaging-Property structure is	CSP and PTSS shall specify bilaterally
	used to signal additional information	which properties can be signalled by the
	about a certain Messaging event.	UM system and can be delivered in the
		IRI records.
Annex A	SMTP	
		The quick reference table in section
Annex B	POP3	6.5.4.2 provides a detailed
		representation of the ASN.1 parameters
Annex C	IMAP	to be delivered for the different protocols
		and events.
Annex D	Messaging ASN.1	

Table 6-25: ETSI TS 102 232-2 V3.14.1 Service-specific details for messaging services

The supported ASN.1 Object identifiers and versions are stated in section 6.6

6.5.4.1 Splitting of large email

ETSI TS 102 232-2 V3.14.1 does not specify a method for dealing with large volumes of content emails. PTSS set the following requirements: Large emails over 2MB must be split into multiple PDUs with a payload content of no more than 2MB each. The multiple PDUs shall all be identical apart from the payload content itself and the sequenceNumber which must be incremented by one for each PDU delivered. Fragmented emails must be delivered in the correct order with the correct sequence numbers so that they can be re-assembled at the LEMF.

6.5.4.2 Parameters quick reference table for email interception

Table 6-26: ETSI TS 102 232-2 V3.14.1 parameters quick reference table

Key: \blacksquare = Mandatory, \Box = Mandatory if available, \otimes = Not applicable / do not supply

			(1) e-mail-send	(2) e-mail-receive	(3) e-mail-download	(4) e-mail-logon-attempt	(5) e-mail-logon	(6) e-mail-logon-failure	(7) e-mail-logoff	(8) e-mail-partial-downloac	(9) e-mail-upload
PDUs expected		HI2 HI3	Y Y	Y Y	Y Y	optional optional	Y Y	optional optional	Y Y	Y Y	Y Y
Protocol-IDs used by each event type		Protocol-ID	smtp	smtp	pop3 imap4 undefined	smtp pop3 imap4 undefined	smtp pop3 imap4 undefined	smtp pop3 imap4 undefined	smtp pop3 imap4 undefined	pop3 imap4 undefined	imap4 undefined
102 232-1 Header Elements	pSHeader	li-psDomainId lawfulInterceptionIdentifier authorizationCountryCode ("CH") communicationIdentifier networkIdentifier operatorIdentifier entworkElementIdentifier communicationIdentityNumber deliveryCountryCode ("CH") sequenceNumber timeStamp									
102 232-1/2 payload Field Requirements (IRI)	payload	iRIPayloadSequence iRIPayload iRIType timeStamp iRIContents emailIRI emailIRIObjld eventType client-Address server-Address client-Port server-Port server-Port client-Port server-Octets-Sent client-Octets-Sent client-Octets-Sent client-Octets-Sent e-mail-Sender e-mail-Recipients status total-Recipients status total-Recipients aAAInformation e-mail-Sender aAAInformation e-mail-Sender-Validity									
102 232-1/2 payload Field Requirements (CC)	payload	cCPayloadSequence CCPayload payloadDirection timeStamp cCContents emailCC emailCCObjld email-Format content									
Data source for calculating octet counters	IP Packet Interception	clientOctets-sent	protocol messages from client to server + email message	protocol messages from client to server + email message	messages			protocol messages from client to server		protocol messages from client to server	
		serverOctets-sent	protocol messages from server to client	protocol messages from server to client	protocol messages from client to server + email message		protocol messages from server to client	protocol messages from server to client	protocol messages from server to client	protocol messages from client to server + email message	protocol messages from server to client
	Application Interception	clientOctets-sent	email message	email message	zero	zero	zero	zero	zero	zero	email message
	Application	serverOctets-sent	zero	zero	email message	zero	zero	zero	zero	email message	zero

ad

6.5.5 ETSI TS 102 232-3 V3.9.1 Service-specific details for internet access services

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
102 232-3		
V3.9.1		
4.3.1	Target identity	
	See Annex 1 section 5	When a cable modem identifier is used
		for intercepting internet cable access,
		the modem move must be considered.
5.1.1	Dial Up Access	
	This type of Internet access is not	
	covered by this section.	
6.1	IRI events	
	The IRI events and IRI message	
	types described in Table 1 shall be	
	used.	
6.2.0	List of HI2 attributes	
	The HI2 IRI attributes shall be	
	delivered as listed in Table 2.	
	With regard to the NOTE 2, the user's	
	password shall not be delivered in the	
	rawAAAData attribute.	
6.2.2	Use of location field	
0.2.2	The common parameter Location	
	from ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1	
	clause 4.5 can be used to deliver the	
	target's location information, when available.	
6.2.3		
0.2.3	Packet Data Header Reporting	
	(PDHR) The PDHR method is not used in	
0.0.1	Switzerland.	
6.2.4	Packet Data Summary Reporting	
	(PDSR)	
	The PDSR method is not used in	
	Switzerland.	

Table 6-27: ETSI TS 102 232-3 V3.9.1 Service-specific details for internet access services

The supported ASN.1 Object identifiers and versions are stated in section 6.6

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	Additional requirements of specifications
102 232-5	applicatione	
V3.15.1		
4.3	General Requirements	
	3) Generally, copies of signalling	The documentation of the VoIP provider
	information (e.g. SIP messages) are	must explain the parameters and/or
	transferred as IRI data.	message combinations used for the
		various services (e.g. basic call, call
		forwarding) at the use of examples. Services that are controlled by end
		devices (clients) of subscribers must be
		described – if known – with regard to
		changes to signalling or RTP streams
		(e.g. simultaneous RTP streams in the
		case of conferences).
	E) IDI data that is not nort of the	Modulo (HI2Oporations' described in
	5) IRI data that is not part of the signal must be transferred as well.	Module 'HI2Operations' described in ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 Annex D.5
	signal mast be transferred as well.	must be used for handing over IRI data.
		A separate parameter may be used for
		SIP messages. The module itself should
		be transmitted in accordance with the
		requirements of ETSI TS 102 232-1
	C) No potional antian is mandated	V3.26.1 Annex A.2
5.2.6	6) No national option is mandated.	
5.2.0	SIP Messages in IRI-only intercept If the CSP removes the content	
	element in the TP-User-Data of a	
	SMS conveyed with the SIP	
	MESSAGE method, the CSP must	
	indicate the removal of the content by	
	using the iRIOnlySIPMessage	
	parameter.	
5.2.7	Signalling IP address information The source or destination IP	
	addresses shall not be substituted	
	with other IP addresses of the	
	Signalling Server or any other	
	element.	
5.3	Assigning a value to the CIN	
	Generally, for new sessions, the CIN	If a connection already exists at the time
	is assigned at the first IRI or CC	of activation of an interception measure,
	information.	a copy of IRI and CC data must be
	If a session already exists at the time	captured and provided starting from the
	of activation of an interception	point in time when the first IRI event is detected.
	measure, the CIN must be generated at the first IRI or CC message.	
	at the moting of 00 message.	
		1

6.5.6 ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 Service-specific details for IP Multimedia Services

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
102 232-5		
V3.15.1		
5.3.1	Assigning a CIN value to SIP related IRI	
	The description assumes the use of	Despite of the known ETSI issue with
	the Call ID and the "o" field of the	multiple CIN, the generation of a single
	SDP for generating a single CIN for	CIN for the various individual
	the entire call when one SIP dialog	communication sessions is still an
	exists. The P-Charging-Vector SIP header	objective.
	could also be used to generate a	
	single CIN when several SIP dialogs	
	are involved in the call session.	
5.5	Interception of Content of Communication	
	Communication	The delivered Content of Communica-
		tion shall contain the transport protocol
		(e.g. UDP, TCP, SCTP) header and IP
		header. The FrameType and the
		MMCCprotocol parameters shall be
		provided.
	At the point of handover the call or	This requirement also applies if the
	session (e.g. VoIP, MSRP) provider	provider supports peer-to-peer
	must remove any service coding	communication by providing the key
	and/or encryption that have been applied to the data on his part. This	while the encryption itself is performed
		outside the provider's network.
5.6	includes any proprietary encodings. Direction for IMS IRI for Signalling	
5.0	• •	
	Messages The direction of the IMS based IRI	
	records shall not be provided.	
5.7	Direction for IMS sessions	
	The direction for IMS sessions shall	
	be provided by the means of the	
	sessionDirection parameter in	
	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1.	
	The parameters combined and	
	notapplicable shall not be used .	
5.8	Correlation of signalling and media	
	Signalling (SIP) and media (RTP)	
	shall be intercepted in the same	
	context in order to ensure a proper	
	correlation between the SDP	
	attributes (e.g. c=, m= and a= lines)	
	and the RTP header, IP address,	
1	protocol port and codec.	

Table 6-28: ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 Service-specific details for IP Multimedia Services

The supported ASN.1 Object identifiers and versions are stated in section 6.6.

6.5.7 ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1 Service-specific details for PSTN/ISDN services

Clause ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
5.2	Structures IRI is encoded with module HI2Operations (version 18) according to ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 Annex D.5 and transferred directly by ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 Annex A.2 and ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1 via the parameters ETSI671IRI and iRISContent such as: PS-PDU payload iRIPayloadSequence iRIPayload iRIContents	When using the structure ETSI671IRI the lawfulInterceptionIdentifier (LIID) and the operator-Identifier (OPID) shall be identical in the ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 IRI record and in the ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 LI-PS-PDU PSHeader sequence. The IRI type shall be identical in the ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1 IRI record and in the ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 LI-PS-PDU IRIPayload sequence.
	eTSI671IRI iRIsContent iRIContent	

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
102 232-6		
V3.3.1		
6.2	CC format If the interception is performed in the ISDN or ISUP domain (Circuit switched): The copy of the content of communication (CC) is delivered as audioFrame via the parameter PstnIsdnCC.	CSP shall not transcode the intercepted voice content of communication before delivering it to PTSS.
	If the interception is performed in the IP domain (Packet switched): The copy of the content of communication (CC) is delivered as RTP packets with UDP and IP headers by ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 via the parameter PstnIsdnCC.	This requirement also applies if the provider supports peer-to-peer communication by providing the key while the encryption itself is performed outside the provider's network.
	If the UDP and IP headers are missing from the intercepted content, the frameType structure can be used to deliver the applicationFrame.	
	The information required for interpreting the audioFrame or RTP packets are also transferred by ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 via the parameter PstnIsdnIRI.	
	At the point of handover the CSP must remove any service coding and/or encryption that have been applied to the data on his part.	
6.3.2	Supplementary information When necessary, the supplementaryInfo shall be delivered in the PstnIsdnCC structure	
	structure.	

Table 6-29: ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1 Service-specific details for PSTN/ISDN services

The supported ASN.1 Object identifiers and versions are stated in section 6.6.

6.5.8 ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 Service-specific details for Mobile Services

This technical specification uses the handover techniques and ASN.1 syntax defined in ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1.

ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 is used only for:

- a) the delivery of the IRI and CC records from 5GS specified in ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 for the 5GS events.
- b) the delivery of the IRI and CC records from EPS when EPS/5GS interworking via combined nodes (SMF+PGW-C and UPF-PGW-U as described in 3GPP TS 23.501 V17.5.0 clause 4.3) is used and encoded as EPS events from ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 and onwards.

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
102 232-7		
V3.11.1		
10.1	Definition of IRI events and CC	
	IRI and CC events are defined as per	See details in Annex 1 section 6.5.2
	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0	
10.2	IRI format	
	The ePSIRI element of the	
	IRIContents and the	
	EpsHI2Operations.EpsIRIConte	
	nt structure shall be used.	
10.3	CC format	
	The ePSCC element of the	
	CCContents structure shall be used.	
15.1	Definition of IRI events and CC	
	IRI and CC events are defined as per	See details in Annex 1 section 6.5.9.
	ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	
15.2	IRI and CC format	
	ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 defines the	The IRI and CC records are delivered
	format for the contents of the	with the transport mechanism specified
	threeGPP33128DefinedIRI and	in ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 in section
	threeGPP33128DefinedCC	6.5.3.
	elements for each IRI and CC event.	
15.3	Network Function Identifier	
	If the Network Function Identifier	
	(NFID) parameter is available on the	
	LI_X2 and LI_X3 interfaces, it shall	
	be delivered to the LEMF in the	
	networkFunctionIdentifier	
	parameter of the PSHeader of ETSI	
15.4	TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1.	
15.4	Extended Interception Point Identifier	
	If the Interception Point Identifier	
	(IPID) parameter is available on the	
	LI X2 and LI X3 interfaces, it shall	
	be delivered to the LEMF in the	
	extendedInterceptionPointID	
	parameter of the PSHeader of ETSI	
	TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1.	
	10 102 202-1 10.20.1.	

Table 6-30: ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 Service-specific details for Mobile Services

6.5.9 ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 Protocol and procedures for Lawful Interception for 5G System

The handover interface specifications of ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 are based on the description from the specification ETSI TS 133 127 V17.5.0 Lawful interception architecture and functions for the 5G System.

The architecture and concepts of the 5G System are specified in 3GPP TS 23.501 V17.5.0 and the procedures in 3GPP TS 23.502 V17.5.0. The security architecture and procedures are specified in 3GPP TS 33.501 V17.6.0.

This handover interfaces for the 3GPP-defined services provided by the 5G System uses the transport mechanisms specified in ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1. See details in the sections 6.5.3 and 6.5.8.

Note: The technical specification ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 specifies also the protocols and messages of the CSP internal interfaces.

Clause ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
4.General		
4.2	Basic principles for internal interfaces The protocols of the internal interfaces listed in the Table 4.2-1 are under the control of the CSP and out of scope of the present document.	
4.3	Basic principles for external handover interfaces Implementation of the external handover LI_HI1 requires the use of ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 with the new 5GS identifiers. See also section 4.2.3 in the present document.	The IP addresses and protocol ports to be used for each external handover interface is determined from PTSS based on consultations with the CSP. The 5-Tuple of each external handover interface (LI_HI1, LI_HI2, LI_HI3, LI_HI4) may be different.

0	Only attack of ETOL and taken from Outland	
Clause ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
	applications	
133 128 V17.5.0		
4.4.2	CSP service type	
4.4.2	The listed service types shall be	Depending on the CSP operated
	implemented by the CSP in a way	services:
	that conforms to the VÜPF real-time	- RT 22 NA IRI and
	instructions type requirements.	RT 23 NA IRI CC may be
		composed of the "Data" service
		type.
		 RT_24_TEL_IRI and
		RT_25_TEL_IRI_CC may be
		composed of the "Voice",
		Messaging", "Push-to-Talk" and
		RCS service types.
		- RT_54_POS_ONCE and
		RT_55_POS_PERIOD and
		EP_56_POS_ONCE and
		EP_57_POS_PERIOD may be composed of the LALS service
		type.
4.4.3	Delivery type	
	Only the IRI, IRI and CC delivery	
	types shall be supported in	
	Świtzerland.	
4.4.5	LALS Triggering	
	Only LALS positioning is used in	
	Switzerland. The LALS triggering	
	function shall not be used.	
4.4.6	Roaming interception	Interception shall not stan when the
		Interception shall not stop when the target is roaming outbound
		internationally.
5 Transp	ort and Communications Protocol	
5.2	Protocols for LI_X1 and LI_T	
-	interfaces	
	These internal interfaces are under	
	the control of the CSP and the	
	protocols to be used are out of scope	
	of the present document.	
5.3	Protocols for LI_X2 and LI_X3	
	These internal interfaces are under	
	the control of the CSP and the	
	protocols to be used are out of scope	
5.4	of the present document. Protocols for LI_HI1	
J.4	The XML specified in ETSI TS 103	For the requirements of ETSI TS 103
	120 V1.9.1.	120 V1.9.1 refer to the present
		document in sections 4.2.2, 4.2.3 and
		4.3.3.
		1.0.0.

Clause ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
5.5	Protocols for LI_HI2 and LI_HI3 The functions having LI_HI2 or LI_HI3 interface shall support the use of ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1.	For the requirements of ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 refer to the present document in sections 6.5.3 and 6.5.8.
5.6	Protocols for LI_HI4 The functions having LI_HI4 interface shall support the use of the hI4Payload sequence of ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1.	Notification parameters to be delivered are detailed in the <u>Annex B</u> of this table.
5.7	Protocols for LI_HIQR The LI_HIQR external interface between PTSS and CSP shall be supported and is specified in this Annex 1 document in section 8.4.12 and 8.5.2.	
5.8	Protocols for LI_XQR The protocols of the LI_XQR internal interface is under the control of the CSP and is out of scope of the present document.	
5.9	Protocols for LI_XER The protocols of the LI_XER internal interface is under the control of the CSP and is out of scope of the present document.	
5.10	Protocols for LI_ST The protocols of the LI_ST internal interface is under the control of the CSP and is out of scope of the present document.	

Clause	Selection of FTSI entions for Swips	Additional requirements or apositiontions
ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
	applications	
133 128		
V17.5.0	Leven Deced Intercention	
	Layer Based Interception	VIDI and avtornal IDI records as well as
	C and external CC data.	xIRI and external IRI records as well as
6.2.2.3		
0.2.2.3	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	IRI REPORT shall be generated	AMFLocationUpdate shall be
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	delivered when the AMF Location
	AMFRegistration, AMFDeregistration,	service detects a new location or
	-	positioning information in the
	AMFLocationUpdate, AMFStartOfInterceptionWithRe	ProvideLocInfo, ProvidePosInfo,
	gisteredUE,	NotifiedPosInfo and EventNotify service.
	AMFUnsuccessfulProcedure,	And when the AMF Exposure service
	AMFIdentifierAssociation,	detects an AMFEventReport with LOCATION REPORT. And when the
	AMFPositioningInfoTransfer	target invokes mobile originated LCS
		service.
	The IRI records shall be enriched with	Service.
	additional information available at the	
	MDF. For instance with the	
	CellSiteInformation such as the	
	cell's geographical coordinates and	
	azimuth.	
6.2.2.4	Identity privacy	
0.2.2.1	The AMF shall maintain the SUPI to	
	SUCI mapping for at least the lifetime	
	of the registration in order to allow	
	interception based on the SUPI after	
	the initial registration.	
6.2.3.3.2	CC interception with multi-homed	
	PDU session	
	The ability to intercept all user plane	
	packets takes precedence over the	
	avoiding of the duplicate delivery of	
	the CC. However, the duplicate	
	delivery of CC must be suppressed to	
	the extent possible.	
6.2.3.5.1	Packet data header reporting	
6.2.3.5.2	Packet Data Header Reports (PDHR)	
6.2.3.5.3	and Packet Data Header Summary	
6.2.3.5.4	Reports (PDSR) are not required.	

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	Additional requirements or specifications
133 128		
<u>V17.5.0</u> 6.2.3.7	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2 IRI BEGIN shall be generated based on the xIRI record payload for: SMFPDUSessionEstablishment, SMFStartOfInterceptionWithEs tablishedPDUSession, SMFMAPDUSessionEstablishment IRI CONTINUE shall be generated based on the xIRI record payload for: SMFPDUSessionModification, SMFMAPDUSessionModification IRI END shall be generated based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	SMFPDUSessionRelease, SMFMAPDUSessionRelease IRI REPORT shall be generated based on the xIRI record payload for: SMFMAUnsuccessfulProcedure	
6.2.3.8	Generation of CC over LI_HI3	
	If a CSP delivers CC of GTP-U packets containing other protocols than IPv4 or IPv6, it shall use the extendedUPFCCPDU structure over the LI_HI3 interface. Otherwise the UPFCCPDU shall be used.	
6.2.3.9	Packet header information	
	reporting Packet Data Header Reporting (PDHR) and Packet Data Summary Reporting (PDSR) are not used in Switzerland.	
6.2.5	LI at SMSF Service scoping is not used in Switzerland.	
6.2.5.4	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2 IRI REPORT shall be generated based on the xIRI record payload for 5GS based SMS-MO and SMS-MT cases: SMSMessage, SMSReport	
6.3	4G In case of EPS/5GS interworking the Option A shall be used. When no EPS/5GS interworking is necessary the option C shall be used.	Option C is the delivery method based on ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 as specified in Annex 1 section 6.5.2.

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	Additional requirements of specifications
133 128	applications	
V17.5.0		
6.3.2.3	Generation of IRI over LI HI2	
	When Option A is supported, IRI	
	REPORT shall be generated based	
	on the xIRI record payload for:	
	MMEAttach,	
	MMEDetach,	
	MMELocationUpdate,	
	MMEStartOfInterceptionWithEP	
	SAttachedUE,	
	MMEUnsuccessfulProcedure,	
	MMEIdentifierAssociation,	
	MMEPositioningInfoTransfer	
	The IDI records shall be any ished with	
	The IRI records shall be enriched with additional information available at the	
	MDF. For instance with the	
	CellSiteInformation such as the	
	cell's geographical coordinates and	
	azimuth.	
6.3.3.4	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	When Option A is used the IRI	For Option A (EPS/5GS interworking)
	records from the SGW/PGW and	refer also to the present document
	ePDG shall be encoded according to	section 6.5.8.
	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 clause 10.5	
	and Annex B.9 and delivered via thew	
	LI_HI2 handover interface according	
	to ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 clause	
	10.2.	
	When Option C is used the IRI	For Option C refer to the present
	records shall be delivered via the HI2	document section 6.5.2.
	handover interface according to ETSI	
	TS 133 108 V17.0.0.	
6.3.3.5	Generation of CC over LI_HI3	
	When Option A is used the CC	For Option A (EPS/5GS interworking)
	records from the SGW/PGW and	refer also to the present document
	ePDG shall be encoded according to	section 6.5.8.
	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 Annex	
	B.10 and delivered via thew LI_HI3	
	handover interface according to ETSI	
	TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1 clause 10.3.	
	When Option C is used the CC	For Option C refer to the present
	records shall be delivered via the HI3	document section 6.5.2.
	handover interface according to ETSI	
	TS 133 108 V17.0.0.	
7. Service	Layer Based Interception	
7.2.2	LI at UDM	
	The UDM provides the unified data ma	nagement for UE and shall have LI
	capabilities.	

Clause	Coloction of ETCL options for Surios	Additional requirements or encoifications
Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
133 128		
V17.5.0	Coming overlage	
7.2.2.3.2	Serving system	
	If the target is registered	
	simultaneously in the same PLMN with 3GPP and Non-3GPP access,	
	two different IRI records shall be	
	delivered, one for each type of	
	access.	
	If the target supports Multi-Access an	
	inbound roamer can be registered	
	simultaneously into two different	
	PLMN with different accesses, two	
	different IRI records shall be	
	delivered, one for each PLMN.	
	This information is delivered with the	
	UDMServingSystemMessage	
	sequence.	
7.2.2.4	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	IRI REPORT shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	UDMServingSystem,	
	UDMSubscriberRecordChange,	
	UDMCancelLocation,	
	UDMLocationInfoResult,	
	UDMUEInformationResponse,	
	UDMUEAuthenticationResponse	
7.2.3	LI at HSS	
	The use of the Option 1 is required	
	when EPS/5GS interworking is used.	
7.2.3.4	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	When Option 1 is used the IRI	For Option 1 (EPS/5GS interworking)
	records from the HSS shall be	refer also to the present document
	encoded according to ETSI TS 133	section 6.5.8.
	108 V17.0.0 Annex B.9 and delivered	
	via thew LI_HI2 handover interface	
	according to ETSI TS 102 232-7	
	V3.11.1 clause 10.2.	
	When Option 2 is used the IRI	For Option 2 refer to the present
	records shall be delivered via the HI2	document section 6.5.2.
	handover interface according to ETSI	
	TS 133 108 V17.0.0.	
7.3.1	Lawful Access Location Services	
	(LALS)	
	LALS provides lawful access to the	The subscriber location privacy settings
	target's location. LALS is based on	shall be overridden for LALS by setting
	the Location Services (LCS)	the privacy override indicator to
	. ,	
	•	the GMLC.
	20181211-C.	
	capabilities defined in 3GPP TS 23.271 V17.0.0, 3GPP TS 23.273 V17.5.0 and in OMA-TS-MLP-V3_5- 20181211-C.	"override" in the LI LCS client profile in the GMLC.

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
133 128		
V17.5.0		
7.3.1.2.1	Target positioning service	
	The QoS parameter shall not be used	
	in the LALS instruction.	
	The TaskDetailsExtensions shall be	
	interpreted as follows:	
	The PositioningServiceType:	
	- "immediate" corresponds to	
	the instruction	
	"RT_54_POS_ONCE" or	
	"EP 56 POS ONCE".	
	- "periodic" corresponds to the	
	instruction	
	"RT 55 POS PERIOD" or	
	"EP 57 POS PERIOD"	
	The PositioningPeriodicity type shall	
	be set at a time interval of 900	
	seconds.	
	The OMA-TS-MLP-V3 5-20181211-C	
	based PositioningParameters shall be	
	set as:	
	- requested location type: CURRENT	
	- requested response type: SYNC	
	- max location age: 3600	
	- response timing required:	
	DELAY TOL	
	- response timer: 60	
	- horizontal accuracy with QoS class:	
	not used	
	- altitude accuracy with QoS class:	
	not used	
	- motion state request: not used	
7.3.1.2.2	Triggered location service	
1.3.1.2.2	The triggered location service is not	
	used in Switzerland.	
7.3.1.5	Generation of IRI over LI HI2	
1.3.1.3	-	The ASN 1 structure for the delivery of
	IRI REPORT shall be generated	The ASN.1 structure for the delivery of
	based on the xIRI record payload as	the postioning information for 5GS is
	specified in the table 7.3.1.4-1 for:	specified in the section 6.3.8.3.2 of the
	LALSReport	present document.

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
133 128		
V17.5.0		
7.3.2.2	Delivery of cell site information over LI_HI2 If the MDF2 complement all the IRI records containing a 3GPP access location with the cell site information (geographical coordinates and azimuth), then the delivery of MDFCellSiteReport message is not required.	
7.3.3	Use of the Location structure	
	The reference datum used for a latitude and longitude given in the GeographicalCoordinates shall be identified in the	The WGS84 reference datum shall be used with the OGC URN: urn:ogc:def:crs:OGC:1.3:CRS84
	mapDatumInformation field and specified as an Open Geospatial Consortium URN.	
7.3.4	Separated location reporting IRI REPORT can be generated based on the xIRI record payload as specified in the table 7.3.4.1-1 for: SeparatedLocationReporting	
7.4.2	LI at the MMS Proxy-Relay	
	If the intercepted messages do not	
	comply fully, or the version is other	
	than OMA-TS-MMS ENC-V1 3-	
	20110913-A, parameters are required	
	to be provided only if available.	

Clause ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
7.4.4.1	Generation of IRI over LL_HI2 IRI REPORT shall be generated based on the xIRI record payload for: MMSSend, MMSSendByNonLocalTarget, MMSNotification, MMSSendToNonLocalTarget, MMSNotificationResponse, MMSRetrieval, MMSDeliveryAck, MMSDeliveryAck, MMSDeliveryAck, MMSDeleteFromRelay, MMSMBoxStore, MMSMBoxStore, MMSMBoxDelete, MMSDeliveryReport, MMSDeliveryReport, MMSDeliveryReport, MMSReadReport, MMSReadReport, MMSReadReport, MMSReadReport, MMSCancel, MMSMBoxViewRequest, MMSMBoxViewRequest, MMSMBoxViewResponse	
7.4.4.2	Generation of CC over LI_HI3 CC message shall be generated based on the xCC record payload. MMSCCPDU	
7.5	PTC service Service description: The term PTC rep Cellular (PoC) or Mission Critical Push of the term PTC server represents eith	to Talk (MCPTT) type service. The use

Clause	Selection of ETSI entions for Swips	Additional requirements or aposifications
	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
133 128 V17.5.0		
7.5.3.1	Generation of IRI over LI HI2	
7.5.5.1	IRI REPORT shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	PTCRegistration,	
	PTCSessionInitiation,	
	PTCSessionAbandon,	
	PTCSessionStart,	
	PTCSessionEnd,	
	PTCStartOfInterception,	
	PTCPreEstablishedSession,	
	PTCInstantPersonalAlert,	
	PTCPartyJoin,	
	PTCPartyDrop,	
	PTCPartyHold,	
	PTCMediaModification,	
	PTCGroupAdvertisement,	
	PTCFloorControl,	
	PTCTargetPresence,	
	PTCParticipantPresence,	
	PTCListManagement,	
	PTCAccessPolicy	
7.5.3.2	Generation of CC over LI_HI3	
	CC message shall be generated	
	based on the xCC record payload:	
7.6	PTCCCPDU	
7.6	Identifier Association Reporting	unctions are under the control of the CSP
	and out of scope of the present docum	
7.6.2.2	ICF receipt of records over LI_XER	
1.0.2.2	The LI_XER internal interface is	
	under the control of the CSP and out	
	of scope of the present document.	
7.6.2.3	ICF Query and Response over	
	LI_XQR	
	The LI XQR internal interface is	
	under the control of the CSP and out	
	of scope of the present document.	
7.6.3.2	IQF Query and Response over	
	LI_HIQR	
	The LI_HIQR external interface	
	between PTSS and CSP shall be	
	supported and is specified in the	
	present document in sections 8.4.12	
	and 8.5.2.	
7.6.3.3	IQF Query and Response over	
	LI_XQR	
	The LI_XQR internal interface is	
	under the control of the CSP and is	
	out of scope of the present document.	

Clause	Coloction of CTCL options for Surias	Additional requirements or encoifications
Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
133 128		
V17.5.0		
7.7.2	LI for NIDD using NEF Service description: NIDD (Non-IP Data Delivery) may be used to handle Mobile Originated (MO) and Mobile Terminated (MT) communication for unstructured	
	data in non-roaming and roaming situa	itions.
7.7.2.3	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	IRI BEGIN shall be generated based	
	on the xIRI record payload for:	
	NEFPDUSessionEstablishment,	
	NEFStartOfInterceptionWithEs	
	tablishedPDUSession	
	IPI CONTILINE shall be generated	
	IRI CONTIUNE shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	NEFPDUSessionModification	
	IRI END shall be generated based on	
	the xIRI record payload for:	
	NEFPDUSessionRelease	
	IRI REPORT shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	NEFUnsuccessfulProcedure	
7.7.2.4	Generation of CC over LI_HI3	
	CC message shall be generated	
	based on the xCC record payload.	
	NIDDCCPDU	
7.7.3	LI for device triggering	
	Service description: Device triggering i	s the means by which an AF sends
	information to the UE via the NEF to tri	2
	specific actions that include initiating co	•••
7.7.3.2		
1.1.3.2	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	IRI REPORT shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	NEFDeviceTrigger,	
	NEFDeviceTriggerReplace,	
	NEFDeviceTriggerCancellation	
	NEFDeviceTriggerReportNotify	
7.7.4	LI for MSISDN-less MO SMS	
	Service description: A MSISDN-less M	O SMS is sent by a UE without MSISDN
	as originator and received by a third pa	arty application function (AF) as
	destination via SMS-SC and NEF.	
7.7.4.2	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	IRI REPORT shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	NEFMSISDNLessMOSMS	
7.7.5		
1.1.5	Service description: Parameter provisioning is a capability exposed by	
AF. The AF can use this capability to tell the network when a device is		ell the network when a device is expected
	to communicate.	

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swips	Additional requirements or aposition
	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
133 128		
V17.5.0		
7.7.5.2	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	IRI REPORT shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	NEFExpectedUEBehaviorUpdate	
7.8.2	LI for NIDD at SCEF	
	Service description: NIDD (Non-IP Data Delivery) may be used to handle Mobil	
	Originated (MO) and Mobile Terminated (MT) communication for unstructured	
	data in non-roaming and roaming situa	tions.
7.8.2.3	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	IRI BEGIN shall be generated based	
	on the xIRI record payload for:	
	SCEFPDNConnectionEstablishme	
	nt,	
	SCEFStartOfInterceptionWithE	
	stablishedPDNConnection	
	IRI CONTINUE shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	SCEFPDNConnectionUpdate	
	IRI END shall be generated based on	
	the xIRI record payload for:	
	SCEFPDNConnectionRelease	
	IRI REPORT shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	SCEFUnsuccessfulProcedure	
7.8.2.4	Generation of CC over LI HI3	
_	CC message shall be generated	
	based on the xCC record payload.	
7.8.3	LI for device triggering	
		s the means by which an SCS/AS sends
	information to the UE via the SCEF to	•
	specific actions that include initiating co	
7.8.3.2	Generation of IRI over LI HI2	
	IRI REPORT shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	SCEFDeviceTrigger,	
	SCEFDeviceTriggerReplace,	
	SCEFDeviceTriggerCancellatio	
	n,	
	SCEFDeviceTriggerReportNotif	
	y	
7.8.4	LI for MSISDN-less MO SMS	l
1.0.4		O SMS is sent by a UE without MSISDN
		•
	SC and SCEF.	arty application as destination via SMS-

Clause	Coloction of ETCL ontions for Surias	Additional requirements or encoifications
	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
133 128		
V17.5.0		
7.8.4.2	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	IRI REPORT shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	SCEFMSISDNLessMOSMS	
7.8.5	LI for parameter provisioning	
		oning is a capability exposed by SCEF to
		pability to tell the network when a device
	is expected to communicate.	
7.8.5.2	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	IRI REPORT shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	SCEFCommunicationPatternUpda	
	te	
7.9.1	LI for general AKMA-based service	
	Service description: 3GPP frameworks	for encrypting application layer traffic
	based on cryptographic keys derived fi	rom the USIM.
7.9.1.5	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2	
	xIRI records to form the IRI records	
	can be generated by two different	
	nodes, the AF or the AAnF.	
	,	
	IRI BEGIN shall be generated based	
	on the xIRI record payload for:	
	AAnFAnchorKeyRegister,	
	AAnFStartOfInterceptWithEsta	
	blishedAKMAKeyMaterial,	
	AFAKMAApplicationKeyGet,	
	AFStartOfInterceptWithEstabl	
	ishedAKMAApplicationKey	
	rememberederentey	
	IRI CONTINUE shall be generated	
	based on the xIRI record payload for:	
	AAnFKAKMAApplicationKeyGet,	
	AFAKMAApplicationKeyRefresh,	
	AFAuxiliarySecurityParameter	
	Establishment	
	IRI END shall be generated based on	
	the xIRI record payload for:	
	AAnFAKMAContextRemovalRecord	
	AFApplicationKeyRemoval	
7.10		with home routed reaming
1.10	LI in VPLMN for IMS-based services	-
	Service description: With home-routed	•
	Signalling Functions and IMS Media Fu	
		h home-routed roaming architecture shall
	be to the same extent as the LI capabi	inities provided in the VPLIVIN with LBO
	approach as the roaming architecture.	

Clause	Coloction of CTCL options for Swiss	Additional requirements or apositional	
ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications	
	applications		
133 128 V17.5.0			
7.10.3	HR LI Phase 1		
7.10.3	The functions and internal interfaces		
	are under the control of the CSP and		
7.10.4	out of scope of the present document. HR LI Phase 2		
7.10.4	The Phase-2 of HR LI applies to		
	inbound roaming target UEs that use		
	IMS-based services with home-routed		
	roaming or the inbound roaming UEs		
	that use IMS-based services with		
	home-routed roaming to		
	communicate with the target non-		
	local ID.		
7.10.4.9	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2		
	IRI records shall be generated based		
	on the xIRI records payload received		
	from the LMISF-IRI over the LI_X2		
	interface.		
7.10.4.10	Generation of CC over LI_HI3		
	CC records shall be generated based		
	on the xCC records payload received		
	from the LMISF-CC over the LI_X3		
	interface.		
7.11	STIR/SHAKEN and RCD/eCNAM		
	Service description: STIR provides the	•	
	ID, and SHAKEN defines the end-to-en	•	
	authentication using STIR in the teleph		
	RCD is inserted in the SIP Identity hea	with a name that identifies the originating	
		with a name that identities the originating	
7.11.3	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2		
1.11.0	IRI REPORT shall be generated		
	based on the xIRI record payload for:		
	STIRSHAKENSignatureGeneratio		
	n,		
	STIRSHAKENSignatureValidatio		
	n		
7.12	LI for IMS based services	•	
	Service description: The network function involved in providing the interception		
	of IMS-based services are determined based on the deployment option. The		
	IRI-POI functions are provided by the r		
	messages (IMS Signalling Functions) a		
	provided by the network functions that handle the media (IMS Media Functions).		
		he network functions that handle the SIP	
	messages (IMS Signalling Functions) a		
	The network functions that provide the		
	the network functions that provide the I	RI-POI functions.	

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications	
ETSI TS	applications		
133 128			
V17.5.0			
7.12.2.2	Target type and target identifiers		
	The following target identifier formats	An IMPI may contain a value derived	
	can be used to identify a target for	from a SUPI or an IMSI.	
	IMS based services:	An IMPU may contain a value derived	
	IMPU, IMPI, PEIIMEI, IMEI.	from a SIP URI, TEL URI, GPSI,	
		MSISDN, E.164 number or IMSI.	
7.12.2.5	Service scoping		
	Service scoping is not used in		
	Switzerland.		
7.12.2.6	Location reporting		
	In Switzerland the location reporting	For IMS, the target location reporting is	
	is not limited at the beginning and	based on the information available in the	
	end of the IMS session. Any location	P-Access-Network-Info and Cellular-	
	information available via the target's	Network-Info SIP header fields and shall	
	P-Access-Network-Info or Cellular-	be encoded in the IRI records as	
	Network-Info SIP header fields	specified in sections 6.3.9.4 respectively	
	present in the signaling shall be	6.3.10.2 of the present document.	
	delivered to the LEMF.		
7.12.7	Generation of IRI over LI_HI2		
	IRI REPORT shall be generated		
	based on the xIRI record payload for:		
	IMSMessage,		
	StartOfInterceptionForActive		
	IMSSession,		
	IMSCCUnavailable		
7.12.8	Generation of CC over LI_HI3		
111210	CC records shall be generated based		
	on the xCC records payload received		
	over the LI X3 interface.		
	The SDP session description		
	received in the xCC shall be delivered		
	in the sDPInfo element of the		
	IMSCCPDU structure .		
7.13	RCS	1	
1.10	Service description: Rich Communication Suite (RCS) is the platform that		
	enables the delivery of communication experiences beyond voice and SMS,		
	providing consumers with a number of services related to: Capability discovery,		
		transfer, Upload and download of files.	
	RCS requires the IMS to enable comm		
7.13	RCS		
1.15	The specifications of the IRI and CC	CSP shall deliver the results of the	
	records related to RCS are not		
		interceptions of RCS services with the	
	published in ETSI TS 133 128	IRI and CC records specified for IMS	
	V17.5.0.	based services in ETSI TS 133 128	
		V17.5.0 clause 7.12.	

Clause	Selection of FTSI options for Swips	Additional requirements or apositiontions
ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
	applications	
133 128		
V17.5.0	Structure of both the internal and	
Annex A	Structure of both the Internal and External Interfaces	
	The applicable ASN.1 TS33128Payloads module version	
	-	
	is specified in the Annex 1 section 6.6.	
Annex B	LI Notification	
	Only the notificationType for	
	activation and deactivation	
	are required. The activation notification shall	
	only be sent to the LEMF when the activation occurs in the CSP's ADMF.	
	activation occurs in the CSP's ADMF.	
	The activation notification shall be	
	composed of the fields:	
	notificationType	
	appliedDeliveryInformation:	
	LEMF delivery IP addresses and	
	ports of the HI2 and HI3 interfaces	
	appliedTargetID	
	appliedStartTime: CSP	
	activation in the ADMF	
	The deactivation notification shall	
	be composed of the fields:	
	notificationType	
	appliedTargetID	
	appliedEndTime: CSP	
	deactivation in the ADMF.	
Annex C	XSD Schema for LI_X1 extensions	
	The XSD Schema	
	3GPPX1Extensions is under the	
	control of the CSP and is out of scope	
	of the present document.	
Annex E	XSD Schema for Identity	
	Association	
	The XSD Schema	
	3GPPIdentityExtensions is used	
	and described in the present	
	document in the sections 0 and 8.5.2.	
Annex F	ASN.1 Schema for LI_XER	
	messages	
	The ASN.1 Schema	
	TS33128IdentityAssociation is	
	under the control of the CSP and is	
	out of scope of the present document.	

Clause ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	Selection of ETSI options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
Annex G	LIPF logic The LIPF logic is under the control of the CSP and is out of scope of the present document.	
Annex H	XSD Schema for State Transfers The XSD Schema 3GPPStateTransfer is under the control of the CSP and is out of scope of the present document.	

Table 6-31: ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 Protocol and procedures for Lawful Interception for 5GS

6.5.10 ML_50_RT: Specific requirements for the handover of the mobile location real-time interception type

This section provides the requirements for the handover of the mobile location real-time interception type ML_50_RT which is composed of subsets of the mobile network access and multimedia and the telephony interception types.

The distinct IRI records related to the ML_50_RT interception type are specified in the following sections 6.5.10.1 and 6.5.10.2 and provide only some specific ASN.1 structures, parameters and identifiers. Besides the regular IRI headers and communication service information parameters, only the identifiers, location and position information and access network information pertaining to the target must be delivered in these ML_50_RT related IRI records.

Because of this specificity, the designated ASN.1 structures, parameters and identifiers composing the IRI records are noted with a qualifier attribute "Mandatory" or "Conditional" with the following meaning:

"Mandatory": The ASN.1 structure, parameter or identifier must be present in the delivered ML_50_RT related IRI record.

"Conditional": The presence of the ASN.1 structure, parameter or identifier may or may not be present in the ML_50_RT related IRI record depending on the communication service and the service procedure being intercepted.

6.5.10.1 Mobile network access requirements for ML_50_RT

The mobile network access interception for ML_50_RT consists of a subset of the structures, parameters and identifiers from the RT_22_NA_IRI interception type.

For GERAN (2G), UTRAN (3G), E-UTRAN (4G) mobile access and Non-3GPP access to EPS the handover interface shall be based on ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0. The transport and delivery of the corresponding IRI records shall be configured as specified in section 6.5.2 with the specific ASN.1 structures, parameters and identifiers enumerated in the following table.

ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 Annex B.9 specific requirements for mobile network ML_50_RT	rk access
Description of the IRI record structure	Qualifier
The EpsHI2Operations IRI record header structure shall contain the	
following parameters and identifiers:	
EpsIRIContent	Mandatory
Hi2epsDomainId OBJECT IDENTIFIER	Mandatory
lawfulInterceptionIdentifier	Mandatory
timeStamp	Mandatory
initiator	Mandatory
The location or position information structure shall be delivered with one of the following structures (refer to section 6.3.8 for guidance):	
locationOfTheTarget	Conditional
additionalCellIDs	Conditional
or	
ePSlocationOfTheTarget	Conditional
The target identifier structure (only the identifier of the target shall be	
delivered):	Mandatan
partyInformation party-Qualifier	Mandatory
gPRSorEPS-Target	Mandatory
partyIdentity	Mandatory Mandatory
imsi	Mandatory
msISDN	Conditional
nAT	Conditional
	Conditional
The correlation, event and network identifier structures:	
ePSCorrelationNumber	Conditional
ePSevent	Conditional
networkIdentifier	Mandatory
operator-Identifier	Mandatory
network-Element-Identifier	Conditional

Table 6-32: ML_50_RT IRI record for mobile access based on ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0

For NR (5G) mobile access and Non-3GPP access to 5GS the handover interface shall be based on ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0. The transport and delivery of the corresponding IRI records shall be configured as specified in sections 6.5.3 and 6.5.9 with the specific ASN.1 structures, parameters and identifiers enumerated in the following table.

ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 specific requirements for	
mobile network access ML_50_RT	
Description of the IRI record PSHeader and Payload structures and	Qualifier
parameters according to ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1	

-		
llowfullTotorcontionT	BJECT IDENTIFIER	Mandatory
lawfulInterceptionIc		Mandatory
authorizationCountry	-	Mandatory
communicationIdenti	-	Mandatory
networkIdentifie		Mandatory
operatorIde		Mandatory
	entIdentifier	Conditional
communicationIde	-	Conditional
deliveryCountry	Code	Conditional
sequenceNumber		Mandatory
timestamp		Mandatory
timeStampQualifier		Mandatory
iRIPayloadSequence		Mandatory
iRIType		Mandatory
timestamp		Conditional
iRIContents		Mandatory
Description of the IRIPavlo	oad record from the TS33128Payloads	
structure according to ETS	SI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	
IRIPayload		Mandatory
relativeOID		Mandatory
event		Mandatory
targetIdentifie	rs	Mandatory
-	structures and parameters can be delivered in	
	ding on which procedure is intercepted:	
registration		Conditional
registrationType		Mandatory
registrationRes	ult	Mandatory
SUPI		Conditional
SUCI		Conditional
gPSI		Conditional
location	(NOTE 1)	Conditional
or		
deregistration		Conditional
-	irection	
deregistrationD		Mandatory
deregistrationD: accessType		Mandatory
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI		Mandatory Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI		Mandatory Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI		Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI cause		Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI	(NOTE 1)	Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI cause location or	(NOTE 1)	Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI cause location or locationUpdate	(NOTE 1)	Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI cause location or locationUpdate sUPI	(NOTE 1)	Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI cause location or locationUpdate sUPI sUCI	(NOTE 1)	Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI cause location or locationUpdate sUPI sUCI gPSI		Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI cause location or locationUpdate sUPI sUCI	(NOTE 1) (NOTE 1)	Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI cause location or locationUpdate sUPI sUCI gPSI location or	(NOTE 1)	Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI cause location or locationUpdate sUPI sUCI gPSI location or AMFStartOfIntercept:	(NOTE 1) ionWithRegisteredUE	Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI cause location or locationUpdate sUPI sUCI gPSI location or AMFStartOfIntercept: registrationRest	(NOTE 1) ionWithRegisteredUE ult	Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional
deregistrationD: accessType sUPI sUCI gPSI cause location or locationUpdate sUPI sUCI gPSI location or AMFStartOfIntercept:	(NOTE 1) ionWithRegisteredUE ult	Mandatory Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional

Technical requirements for the handover interfaces for the conduct of the surveillance of telecommunications

SUCI		Conditional
gPSI		Conditional
location	(NOTE 1)	Conditional
non3GPPAccessEndpoint	(NOTE 1)	Conditional
timeOfRegistration		Conditional
or		
unsuccessfulRegistrationPro	ocedure	Conditional
failedProcedureType		Mandatory
failureCause		Mandatory
SUPI		Conditional
SUCI		Conditional
gPSI		Conditional
location	(NOTE 1)	Conditional
or		
SMFPDUSessionEstablishment		Conditional
SUPI		Conditional
gPSI		Conditional
pDUSessionID		Mandatory
gTPTunnelID		Mandatory
pDUSessionType		Mandatory
non3GPPAccessEndpoint	(NOTE 1)	Conditional
location	(NOTE 1)	Conditional
dNN		Mandatory
requestType		Mandatory Conditional
accessType		-
rATType		Conditional
or		Conditional
SMFPDUSessionModification		Conditional
SUPI		Conditional
gPSI		Conditional
non3GPPAccessEndpoint	(NOTE 1)	Conditional
location	(NOTE 1)	Mandatory
requestType		Conditional
accessType		Conditional
rATType		
or		Conditional
SMFPDUSessionRelease		Mandatory
SUPI		Conditional
gPSI		Mandatory
pDUSessionID		Condition
location	(NOTE 1)	
or		Conditional
lALSReport		Conditional
SUPI		Conditional
gPSI		Mandatory
location	(NOTE 1)	in a reatory

Technical requirements for the handover interfaces for the conduct of the surveillance of telecommunications

The following IRITargetIdentifier structures and parameters shall be delivered in the targetIdentifiers schema:	
TargetIdentifier	Mandatory
SUPI	Conditional
iMSI	Conditional
gPSI	Conditional
mSISDN	Conditional
nAI	Conditional

NOTE 1: The Annex 1 section 6.3.8 provides guidance about the location and positioning information ASN.1 structure and parameters.

Table 6-33: ML_50_RT IRI record for mobile access based on ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0

6.5.10.2 Multimedia and telephony requirements for ML_50_RT

The multimedia and telephony interception for ML_50_RT consists of a subset of the parameters from the RT_24_TEL_IRI interception type.

For multimedia and telephony interception for ML_50_RT the handover interface used to deliver the intercepted data depends on the mobile radio access technology used to realise the multimedia session or the telephony call.

Multimedia or telephony service	Handover interface
Circuit-switched telephony and message based on	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1
GERAN (2G) or UTRAN (3G) mobile radio access	ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1
technology.	
IMS-based VoIP multimedia session or message based on	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
E-UTRAN (4G) mobile radio access technology and	or
circuit-switched telephony and message based on GERAN	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1
(2G) or UTRAN (3G) mobile radio access technology	ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1
using IMS Centralized Services.	
IMS-based VoIP multimedia session or message based on	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1
NR (5G) mobile radio access technology	ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0

Table 6-34: Multimedia or telephony service handover interfaces

For circuit-switched telephony and message using the IP handover interface based on ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1 the transport and delivery of the corresponding IRI records shall be configured as specified in sections 6.5.3 and 6.5.7 with the specific ASN.1 structures, parameters and identifiers enumerated in the following table.

mobile network access ML_50_R		
•	eader and Payload structures and	Qualifier
parameters according to ETSI TS	S 102 232-1 V3.26.1	
li-psDomainId OBJECT	IDENTIFIER	Mandatory
lawfulInterceptionIdenti	fier	Mandatory
authorizationCountryCode		Mandatory
communicationIdentifier		Mandatory
networkIdentifier		Mandatory
operatorIdentifie	er	Mandatory
networkElementIde	entifier	Mandatory
communicationIdentit	yNumber	Conditional
deliveryCountryCode		Conditional
sequenceNumber		Mandatory
timestamp		Mandatory
timeStampQualifier		Mandatory
iRIPayloadSequence		Mandatory
iRIType		Mandatory
timestamp		Conditional
iRIContents		Mandatory
	record from the PstnIsdnPDU structure	>
according to ETSI TS 102 232-6	V3.3.1	
IRIPayload		Mandatory
iRIType		Mandatory
iRIContents		Mandatory
eTSI671IRI	(NOTE 1)	Mandatory

NOTE 1: The structure eTSI671IRI shall be filled as indicated in the Table 6-31 below.

Table 6-35: ML_50_RT IRI record for circuit-switched telephony based on ETSI TS 102 232-1V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1

Description of the HI2Operations IRI record structure	Qualifier
The IRI record can contain the following structures and identifiers:	
iRIContent	Mandatory
domainID	Mandatory
iRIversion	Mandatory
lawfulInterceptionIdentifier	Mandatory
communicationIdentifier	Mandatory
timeStamp	Mandatory
intercepted-Call-Direct	Conditional
intercepted-Call-State	Conditional
locationOfTheTarget	Mandatory
partyInformation	Mandatory
nature-Of-The-intercepted-call	Conditional
sMS	Conditional
Details of the CommunicationIdentifier structure	
CommunicationIdentifier	Mandatory
communication-Identity-Number	Conditional
network-Identifer	Mandatory
operator-Identifier	Mandatory
network-Element-Identifier	Conditional
Details of the Location structure (refer to section 6.3.8 for guidance):	
Location	Mandatory
e164-Number	Conditional
globalCellID	Conditional
gsmLocation	Mandatory
sAI	Conditional
tAI	Conditional
eCGI	Conditional
	-
Details of the PartyInformation structure (only the identifers of the	
target shall be delivered):	
PartyInformation	Mandatory
party-Qualifier	Mandatory
partyIdentity	Mandatory
imsi	Mandatory
msISDN	Conditional
e164-Format	Conditional
Details of the SMS-Report structure:	
SMS-report	Conditional
communicationIdentifier	Mandatory
timeStamp	Mandatory
sMS-Contents	Mandatory
initiator	Mandatory
	ivial luatory

Table 6-36: ML_50_RT IRI record for circuit-switched telephony based on eTSI671IRI

For IMS-based VoIP multimedia and telephony using the IP handover interface based on ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 the transport and delivery of the corresponding IRI records shall be configured as specified in section 6.5.2 with the specific ASN.1 structures, parameters and identifiers enumerated in the following table.

ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 Annex B.9 specific requirements for IMS-based VoIP multimedia and telephony for ML 50 RT	
Description of the EpsHI2Operations IRI record structure	Qualifier
The IRI record header structure shall contain the following parameters and identifiers:	
EpsIRIContent	Mandatory
Hi2epsDomainId OBJECT IDENTIFIER	Mandatory
lawfulInterceptionIdentifier	Mandatory
timeStamp	Mandatory
The location information shall be delivered with the pANI-Header-Info	
structure (refer to section 6.3.9.2 for guidance):	
pANI-Header-Info	Mandatory
access-Type	Conditional
access-Class	Conditional
network-Provided	Conditional
pANI-Location	Mandatory
raw-Location	Mandatory
location	Conditional
ePSLocation	Conditional
The target identifier structure (only the identifiers of the target shall be	
delivered): partyInformation	Mandatory
party-Qualifier	Mandatory
qPRSorEPS-Target	Mandatory
partyIdentity	Mandatory
imsi	Conditional
msISDN	Conditional
sip-uri	Conditional
tel-uri	Conditional
iMPI	Conditional
The correlation, event and network identifier structures:	
ePSCorrelationNumber	Conditional
networkIdentifier	Mandatory
operator-Identifier	Mandatory
network-Element-Identifier	Conditional

Table 6-37: ML_50_RT IRI record for IMS-based multimedia and telephony based on ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0

For IMS-based VoIP multimedia and telephony using the IP handover interface based on ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 the transport and delivery of the corresponding IRI records shall be configured as specified in sections 6.5.3 and 6.5.6 with the specific ASN.1 structures, parameters and identifiers enumerated in the following table.

IMS-based VoIP multimedia and telephony ML_50_RT	uirements for
Description of the IRI record PSHeader and Payload structures and	Qualifier
parameters according to ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1	
li-psDomainId OBJECT IDENTIFIER	Mandatory
lawfulInterceptionIdentifier	Mandatory
authorizationCountryCode	Mandatory
communicationIdentifier	Mandatory
networkIdentifier	Mandatory
operatorIdentifier	Mandatory
networkElementIdentifier	Mandatory
communicationIdentityNumber	Conditional
deliveryCountryCode	Conditional
sequenceNumber	Mandatory
timestamp	Mandatory
timeStampQualifier	Mandatory
iRIPayloadSequence	Mandatory
iRIType	Mandatory
timestamp	Conditional
iRIContents	Mandatory
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1	
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload	Mandatory
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType	Mandatory Mandatory
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType iRIContents	Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType iRIContents iPMMIRI	Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType iRIContents iPMMIRI iPMMIRIObjId RELATIVE-OID	Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType iRIContents iPMMIRI iPMMIRIObjId RELATIVE-OID iPMMIRIContents	Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType iRIContents iPMMIRI iPMMIRIObjId RELATIVE-OID iPMMIRIContents nationalIPMMIRIParameters	Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType iRIContents iPMMIRI iPMMIRIObjId RELATIVE-OID iPMMIRIContents nationalIPMMIRIParameters countryCode (NOTE 1)	Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType iRIContents iPMMIRI iPMMIRIObjId RELATIVE-OID iPMMIRIContents nationalIPMMIRIParameters countryCode (NOTE 1) targetLocation	Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Conditional
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType iRIContents iPMMIRI iPMMIRIObjId RELATIVE-OID iPMMIRIContents nationalIPMMIRIParameters countryCode (NOTE 1) targetLocation epsLocation (NOTE 2)	Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Conditional Conditional
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType iRIContents iPMMIRI iPMMIRIObjId RELATIVE-OID iPMMIRIContents nationalIPMMIRIParameters countryCode (NOTE 1) targetLocation epsLocation (NOTE 2) additionalSignalling (NOTE 3)	Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Conditional Conditional Mandatory
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType iRIContents iPMMIRI iPMMIRIObjId RELATIVE-OID iPMMIRIContents nationalIPMMIRIParameters countryCode (NOTE 1) targetLocation epsLocation (NOTE 2) additionalSignalling (NOTE 3) sipHeaderLine (NOTE 4)	Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Conditional Conditional Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory
Description of the IRIPayload record from the IPMultimediaPDU structure according to ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1 IRIPayload iRIType iRIContents iPMMIRI iPMMIRIObjId RELATIVE-OID iPMMIRIContents nationalIPMMIRIParameters countryCode (NOTE 1) targetLocation epsLocation (NOTE 2) additionalSignalling (NOTE 3)	Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Mandatory Conditional Conditional Mandatory

NOTE 1: The parameter .countryCode shall have the value CH according to ISO 3166-1 NOTE 2: When delivered, the epsLocation structure shall be composed of the parameters and identifiers according to the requirements in the section 6.3.8. NOTE 3: The structure additionalSignalling may be composed of one or several sipHeaderLine values.

NOTE 4: The first instance of the sipHeaderLine shall provide the SIP-URI or TEL-URI of the target contained in one of the SIP message header lines (e.g. To: or From: or P-Asserted-Identiy or P-Called-ID or Additional-Identity, etc...). For example for a target originated session: From:

<sip:+41759998877@ims.mnc99.mcc228.3qppnetwork.org>

NOTE 5: The second instance of the sipHeaderLine may be used to provide the access network information of the target with a complete copy of the P-Access-Network-Info SIP header line when available in the SIP message header.

NOTE 6: The third instance of the sipHeaderLine may be used to provide the Cellular-Network-Info of the target with a complete copy of the Cellular-Network-Info SIP header line when available in the SIP message header.

Table 6-38: ML_50_RT IRI record for VoIP and IMS-based multimedia and telephony based on 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1

For IMS-based VoIP multimedia and telephony using the IP handover interface based on ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 the transport and delivery of the corresponding IRI records shall be configured as specified in sections 6.5.3 and 6.5.9 with the specific ASN.1 structures, parameters and identifiers enumerated in the following table.

ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 specific requirements for			
mobile network access ML_50_RT			
Description of the IRI record PSHeader and Payload structures and	Qualifier		
parameters according to ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1			
li-psDomainId OBJECT IDENTIFIER	Mandatory		
lawfulInterceptionIdentifier	Mandatory		
authorizationCountryCode	Mandatory		
communicationIdentifier	Mandatory		
networkIdentifier	Mandatory		
operatorIdentifier	Mandatory		
networkElementIdentifier	Conditional		
communicationIdentityNumber	Conditional		
deliveryCountryCode	Conditional		
sequenceNumber	Mandatory		
timestamp	Mandatory		
timeStampQualifier	Mandatory		
iRIPayloadSequence	Mandatory		
iRIType	Mandatory		
timestamp	Conditional		
iRIContents	Mandatory		

Description of the IDID schedule and from the masses			
Description of the IRIPayload record from the TS33	128Payloads		
structure according to ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0			
IRIPayload	Mandatory		
relativeOID	Mandatory		
event	Mandatory		
targetIdentifiers	Mandatory		
The following IRIEvent structures and parameters	can be delivered in		
the event schema for IMS services:			
iMSMessage	Mandatory		
payload	Mandatory		
encapsulatedSIPMessage	Mandatory		
iPSourceAddress	Mandatory		
iPDestinationAddress	Mandatory		
	-		
sIPContent (NOTE	Mandatory		
sessionDirection	,		
location	Mandatory		
locationInfo	Mandatory		
userLocation (NOTE	2) Mandatory		
The following IRITargetIdentifier structures a be delivered in the targetIdentifiers schema: TargetIdentifier SUPI iMSI gPSI mSISDN nAI	Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional Conditional		
NOTE 1: Due to the specific requirements for the ML_50_RT intereption type, the sIPContent shall contain only a subset of the whole SIP message. The sIPContent shall contain only the following SIP header fields pertaining to the target when present in the intercepted SIP message: - P-Asserted-Identity - User-Agent - P-Visited-Network-ID - P-Access-Network-Info - Cellular-Network-Info NOTE 2: The Annex 1 sections 6.3.9.4 and 6.3.10.2 provide guidance about the userLocation information ASN.1 structure and parameters to be delivered for IMS services.			

Table 6-39: ML_50_RT IRI record for VoIP and IMS-based multimedia and telephony based on 102 232-1 V3.26.1 and ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0

6.6 Applicable ASN.1 module versions for real-time interceptions

Any superior version can be adopted from the CSP for better performances. This must be agreed with PTSS in order to ensure the compatibility with the actual PTSS LEMF systems, and this requires a new compliance assessment.

Any existing syntax errors in the ASN.1 modules should be corrected. The correct object identifier (OID) and the correct version number must be used and delivered.

Applicable ASN.1 Module	OID versions ETSI	Technical specifications
Applicable ASN. I Module	TR 102 503 V1.15.1	
ETSI TS 101 671 Circuit-swit		section 6.5.1.1)
HI1NotificationOperations	{0.4.0.2.2.0.1.6}	ETSI TS 101 671 V3.10.1
(used only as imported	{0.4.0.2.2.0.1.0}	to
module to other handover		ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1
interfaces)		
	{0.4.0.2.2.1.16}	ETSI TS 101 671 V3.10.1
HI2Operations	•	
(used only as imported module to other handover	to	to ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1
interfaces)	{0.4.0.2.2.1.18}	E13113 101071 V3.12.1
ETSI TS 133.108 Packet-swi	tohod domain (Annov 1	action 6 5 2
Umts-HI3-PS	{0.4.0.2.2.4.2.7.0}	ETSI TS 133 108 V13.5.0
01115-113-13	{0.4.0.2.2.4.2.7.0}	to
EncH12Operations	(0 4 0 2 2 4 9 12 2)	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0 ETSI TS 133 108 V13.5.0
EpsHI2Operations	{0.4.0.2.2.4.8.13.3} to	to
	{0.4.0.2.2.4.8.16.1}	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
Eps-HI3-PS	{0.4.0.2.2.4.9.12.0}	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
Еря-піз-Р5	{0.4.0.2.2.4.9.12.0}	
		to
CONFUI2Operations		ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
CONFHI2Operations	{0.4.0.2.2.4.10.13.0}	ETSI TS 133 108 V13.5.0
	to	to ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
	{0.4.0.2.2.4.10.16.0}	
CONF-HI3-IMS	{0.4.0.2.2.4.11.13.0}	ETSI TS 133 108 V13.5.0 to
		ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
VoIP-HI3-IMS	{0.4.0.2.2.4.12.13.0}	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
V0IF-FII3-IIVI3	{0.4.0.2.2.4.12.13.0}	to
	{0.4.0.2.2.4.12.15.1}	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
GCSEHI2Operations	{0.4.0.2.2.4.12.15.1}	ETSI TS 133 108 V15.5.0
GCGEI IIZOperations	to	to
	{0.4.0.2.2.4.13.16.0}	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
GCSE-HI3	{0.4.0.2.2.4.14.13.0}	ETSI TS 133 108 V15.5.0
0000-1113	10.4.0.2.2.4.14.13.0	to
		ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
ProSeHI2Operations	{0.4.0.2.2.4.15.13.0}	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
	to	to
	{0.4.0.2.2.4.15.16.0}	ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
ThreeGPP-	{0.4.0.2.2.4.13.10.0}	ETSI TS 133 108 V16.4.0
HI1NotificationOperations	10.4.0.2.2.4.0.1.10.1	to
		ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0
ETSI TS 133 128 5G System	$(\Delta n n e \times 1 s e c t i o n 6 5 0)$	
TS33128Payloads	{0.4.0.2.2.4.19.15.4}	ETSI TS 133 128 V15.7.0
	to	to
	{0.4.0.2.2.4.19.17.4}	ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0
	ر٥.٦.٥.٢.٢.٢.٩.١٦.١٢.٩	LIGITO 100 120 VII.J.U

ETSI TS 102 232-1 (Annex 1 section 6.5.3)				
LI-PS-PDU (Note 1)	{0.4.0.2.2.5.1.23}	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.11.1		
	to	to		
	{0.4.0.2.2.5.1.33}	ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1		
ETSI TS 102 232-2 (Annex 1	section 6.5.4)			
EmailPDU (Note 1)	{0.4.0.2.2.5.2.15}	ETSI TS 102 232-2 V3.9.1		
	to	to		
	{0.4.0.2.2.5.2.19}	ETSI TS 102 232-2 V3.14.1		
ETSI TS 102 232-3 (Annex 1	section 6.5.5)			
IPAccessPDU (Note 1)	{0.4.0.2.2.5.3.10}	ETSI TS 102 232-3 V3.3.1		
	to			
	{0.4.0.2.2.5.3.14 }	ETSI TS 102 232-3 V3.9.1		
ETSI TS 102 232-5 (Annex 1 section 6.5.6)				
IPMultimediaPDU (Note 1)	{0.4.0.2.2.5.5.7}	ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.5.1		
	to			
	{0.4.0.2.2.5.5.14}	ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1		
ETSI TS 102 232-6 (Annex 1 section 6.5.7)				
PstnlsdnPDU (Note 1)	{0.4.0.2.2.5.6.5}	ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1		

Table 6-40: Applicable ASN.1 module versions for real-time interceptions

Note 1: While choosing the OID version to be used within the ETSI TS 102 232 specifications family, care must be taken that the Service-specific Details (SSD) version is compatible with the generic header LI-PS-PDU version. The version's compatibility matrix is available in the informative Annex H of the ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1 specification as from version 3.2.1.

7 Historical Data (Retroactive Interception)

7.1 General

This section covers the general technical requirements that need to be fulfilled by PTSS and the CSP when requesting, respectively providing historical data responses, confined to the service usage category outlined in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1, according to the legal provisions set forth in section 10 of the ordinance VÜPF.

The framework of the retroactive data is divided in different types of services that follow the structure specified in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 clause 4.2.

Note: Telephony services are considered as a subset of the Synchronous Multi-media service. Therefore, all historical data interceptions related to PSTN/ISDN, SMS, EMS and MMS shall be delivered according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex D.

Service	Description
Asynchronous message	Asynchronous messaging services covers asynchronous communications involving the intermediate storage of messages, as defined in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex C.1. This includes email, webmail but excludes chat, which is synchronous and excludes SMS, EMS and MMS which are addressed by the Multi-media usage record.
Synchronous Multi-media	Synchronous multimedia services covers synchronous multimedia communication sessions and services such as PSTN/ISDN functionality either offered over PSTN/ISDN or emulated PSTN/ISDN including GSM/UMTS-CS, SMS, EMS and MMS, VoIP and IMS as listed in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex D.1.
Network access	Network access services covers the services offering a capability to access the Internet), including wireline and wireless and Mobile internet access (such as GERAN, UTRAN E-UTRAN and NR), as defined in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex E.1.

Table 7-1: Historical data service types

For all these services the encoding of the requests sent by PTSS and the retroactive data to be delivered by the CSP is limited to XML. The structure of the XML file shall be validated against the XML schema definition provided with the technical specification ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1. The version of the XML schema to be used for validation is defined in the section 7.6.

7.2 Historical data (retroactive) interception types

The table below lists the retroactive interception types specified in the ordinance VÜPF section 10.

VÜPF	Type & Description Identifiers		
article	(Informative translation)	Handover Interfaces	
60	HD_28_NA	Identifiers parameters	7.3
68 f	Network access retroactive	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	7.5
	interception	Annex E	7.4.3

Table 7-2:	Historical	data	network	access	interception	types
	motorioui	autu	nounoin	u00000	merception	iypco

Historio	Historical data application interception			
VÜPF	Type & Description	Identifiers	Section	
article	(Informative translation)	Handover Interfaces		
61	HD_29_TEL	Identifiers parameters	7.3	
68 f	Telephony and multimedia services	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	7.5	
	retroactive interception	Annex D	7.4.2	
62	HD_30_EMAIL	Identifiers parameters	7.3	
68 f	E-Mail services retroactive	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	7.5	
	interception	Annex C	7.4.1	
63	HD_31_PAGING	Identifiers parameters &	7.3	
68 a	Delivery of the last active location of	Proprietary handover	7.5	
	the target.	interface or ETSI TS 102	7.4.4	
		657 V1.28.1 Annex E		
64	AS_32_PREP_COV	Identifiers parameters	7.3	
68 g	Network analysis in preparation of a	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	7.5	
	search by cell coverage area	Annex D	7.4.5	
		or		
		Annex E	7.4.3	
65	AS_33_PREP_REF	Identifiers parameters	7.3	
68 g	Determination of mobile cells by	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	7.5	
	reference calls in preparation of a	Annex D	7.4.6	
	search by cell coverage area	or		
		Annex E	7.4.3	
66	AS_34	Identifiers parameters	7.3	
68 g	AS_34_MORE	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	7.5	
	Search by cell coverage area by		7.4.7	
	mobile telephony and network access	Annex D	7.4.2	
		or		
		Annex E	7.4.3	

Table 7-3: Historical data applications interception types

Historical data emergency search				
VÜPF	Type & Description Identifiers		Section	
article	(Informative translation)	Handover Interfaces		
67 a	EP_35_PAGING	Identifiers parameters &	7.3	
	Delivery of the last active location	Proprietary handover	7.5	
		interface or ETSI TS 102	7.4.4	
		657 V1.28.1 Annex E		
67 f	EP_38_HD	Identifiers parameters	7.3	
	Network access and telephony and	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	7.5	
	multimedia services retroactive	Annex D	7.4.2	
	interception	or		
		Annex E	7.4.3	
			7.4.8	

7.3 Common identifiers and parameters of the handover interfaces

This section provides the description of the common parameters and identifiers that are present in the headers of the retroactive data requests to be sent by the PTSS and the repsonses to be sent by the CSP.

7.3.1 XML elements of the header for historical data requests by PTSS

The information contained in the XML header is based on the specification ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 clauses 6.1 and 6.2

Element or attribute	Description	Example
rdHeaderId	Object Identifier	0.4.0.2.3.0.26
retainedDataHeader		
requestID		
countryCode	A country code as per ISO 3166-1	СН
authorisedOrganisationI D	Organisation that requested the data.	PTSS
requestNumber	Unique reference of the order request. It is provided by PTSS and serves as reference for the administration of the request.	HD_201707121234567
externalldentifier	Parameter to correlate one or several requests (instructions). Format: string	HD_20170712123456
cSPID	Five-digit number provided by PTSS to identify each CSP.	99908

		00/000/0/0/07==
timeStamp	The local date and time when the request was created. Formatted as	20160319131625Z
	"GeneralizedTime"	
requestType	Request type provided by	HD_28_NA
	PTSS	HD_29_TEL
requestFlag	Parameter indicating whether	Normal
	the request is a normal	TEST_PTE TEST_PTSA
	interception or a test interception.	TEST_PTSA
	The different tests types are	TEST_PTST
	specified by the PTSS.	TEST PTSTE
		TEST CTT
		TEST_ATT
retainedDataPayload		
requestMessage		
requestPriority	This element specifies the	
	priority of the request.	
	00 indicates a high priority	00
	(Urgent).	
	01 indicates a regular priority.	01
requestParameters	This structure contains a	RequestConstraints elements:
	sequence of request criteria. Each criterion shall be	equals lessThanOrEqualTo
	expressed as a	greaterThanOrEqualTo
	RequestConstraints	isAMemberOf
	parameter. It is structured in	
	two main parts: The first part	
	specifies the service, category	
	and target identity with the	
	parameter "equals".	
	The second part provides the	
	time period interval with the	
	parameters	
	"lessThanOrEqualTo" and	
	"greaterThanOrEqualTo" for which the historical data	
	records shall be delivered by	
	the CSP. The time indication	
	shall be in local time.	
	A request can only ask for	
	historical data of one target	
	identity of one service and	
	one category.	
deliveryPointHIB	Optional element that	
	indicates the delivery point	
	where the historical data must	
	be sent to. When using the HTTPS handover interface	URI: https://ptss- host[nn].lidn.ejpd.admin.ch/P/
	In case of delivery via secure	HIB/RDC/
	Email, PTSS provides a long	(where [nn] is a host-number
	term Email address with the	defined by PTSS).

maxRecordsPerBatch	necessary PGP certificate to the CSP. In case of delivery of a transportable physical storage media (e.g. CD, DVD, HDD) the civic address for the delivery is provided by PTSS via secure Email to the CSP. Optional element that is determined by PTSS based on consultations with the CSP its use and its value. When used it indicates that multi-part delivery is used and each ResponseMessage contains not more records than specified.	4000
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Table 7-5: XML elements of the header for historical data requests by PTSS

7.3.2 XML elements of the header for retained data responses by CSP

The information contained in the XML header is based on the specification ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 clauses 6.1 and 6.2.

Element or attribute	Description	Example	
rdHeaderId	Object Identifier	0.4.0.2.3.0.26	
requestID			
countryCode	A country code as per ISO 3166-1	СН	
authorisedOrganisationID	Organisation that requested the data.	PTSS	
requestNumber	Unique reference of the request (instruction). It shall be populated with the character string provided in the element "file-number" of the XML order.dtd file.	HD_201707121234567	
cSPID	Five-digit number provided by PTSS to each CSP.	99908	
timeStamp	Formatted as "GeneralizedTime"	20140319131625Z 20140319141625+0100	
requestType	Request type provided by	HD_28_NA	
	PTSS	HD_29_TEL	
responseMessage			
responseStatus	Response status from CSP can be: - responseComplete: if all records related to the instruction are included. - responseIncomplete: if more records will be delivered later. Note: If the responseIncomplete is used then the parameter responseNumber must indicate the number of the multi-part delivery. - responseFailed: if the instruction cannot be fulfilled.		
responsePayload			
recordNumber	The recordNumber shall start at 0 and shall increment for each record delivered under the original instruction.	0, 1, 2, 3, etc	

Table 7-6: XM	L elements of the	header for retained	I data responses by CSP
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7.4 Formats and coding requirements for retroactive data

7.4.1 HD_30_EMAIL Asynchronous message service usage request and responses

The encoding and formats of the parameters for the asynchronous message service usage requests and responses relate to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and C.

7.4.1.1 Asynchronous message service usage request criteria elements and structure

This section covers the request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the asynchronous message service usage.

The possible requests are divided into two sub-categories:

MsgTransmission

or

MsgStoreOperation

Target identity for asynchronous message		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
messageRecord	Service = asynchronous message	
msgServiceUsage	Category = asynchronous message service usage	
msgTransmission	XSD structure Only msgTransmission will be used in the request.	
senderAddress	The element "senderAddress" is used to specifiy the target identity. The reply contains all messages that have been sent to or received by the target identity, or all store operations executed by the target identity	bob@biloxi.com

Time period interval for asynchronous message		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
lessThanOrEqualTo	Request constraints defining the time period interval for the historical	
and	data.	
greaterThanOrEqualTo		
messageRecord	Service = asynchronous message	
msgServiceUsage	Category = asynchronous message service usage	

msgTransmission	XSD structure	
dateTime	All communications with startTime in the given period interval in "GeneralizedTime" format.	20140417235959+0200 20140401120000+0200

7.4.1.2 Asynchronous message service usage response elements

The message service usage record is composed of two distinct structures that shall be used depending on the messaging event to be reported:

a) The "msgTransmission" structure applies to events that are related to the sending, reception or relaying of an internet message.

b) The "msgStoreOperation" structure applies to events that are related to the manipulation of a message store by a subscriber. For example the deletion, the edition or the retrieval of an internet message in a message store instance.

The elements and fields of the asynchronous message service usage records are specified in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex C.2.3 with the following requirements and examples:

dateTime	Tables C.3,C4
Description and requirements	Examples
The calendar date and time of when the subscriber submitted the message to the CSP's message server with at least a precision to the second. It shall be in local time with indication of the time zone relative to UTC or in UTC time. The format is according to the	20140214224718+0100 20140615092545+0200 20140712160841.2+0200 20170710143523Z
GeneralizedTime.	

subscriberID	Tables C.3,C4
Description and requirements	Examples
Unique identifier of the subscriber sending the message	alice@atlanta.com
in [MsgTransmission] or performing the operation in	
[MsgStoreOperation].	

senderAddress	Tables C.3,C4
Description and requirements	Examples
The available address of the sender.	alice@atlanta.com bob@biloxi.com

recipients	Tables C.3,C4
Description and requirements	Examples
The list of all available recipients of the message.	alice@atlanta.com bob@biloxi.com

msgStores [MsgTransmission]	Tables C.3
Description and requirements	Example
SEQUENCE OF MsgStoreID	2174A46EFB23
List of all local message stores that received a copy of	
the message. This is both relevant for incoming	

messages, and for outgoing messages that have a local recipient.	

msgStore [MsgStoreOperation]	Table C.4
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Description: "Unique identifier of the message store being manipulated."	2174A46EFB23

deliveryStatus	Table C.3
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Provides the result of the transmission from the CSP's message server towards the final destination. Final delivery may pass through a number of intermediate message servers. This field does not indicate the end-to-end delivery status. It indicates the status of the "next hop".	unknown succeeded failed retried

protocol [MsgTransmission]	Tables C.3
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Message transmission protocol used.	smtp x400

protocol [MsgStoreOperation]	Tables C.4
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Message store manipulation protocol.	pop imap webmail

clientID [MsgTransmission]	Tables C.3
Description and requirements	Examples
IP address of the source of the message transmission.	203.0.113.28
The IP address can be either IPv4 or IPv6. Preferably in text format using the element "iPTextAddress".	2001:db8:85a3::8a2e:370:7334

clientID [MsgStoreOperation]	Tables C.4
Description and requirements	Examples
IP address of the subscriber who performed the indi-	203.0.113.28
cated operation.	2001:db8:85a3::8a2e:370:7334
The IP address can be either IPv4 or IPv6.	
Preferably in text format using the element	
"iPTextAddress".	

serverID [MsgTransmission]	Tables C.3
Description and requirements	Examples
IP address of the destination of the message	198.51.100.65
transmission. The IP address can be either IPv4 or IPv6.	2001:db88:5a35:4a1::ab4c:882a
Preferably in text format using the element	
"iPTextAddress".	

serverID [MsgStoreOperation]	Tables C.4
Description and requirements	Examples
IP address of the message server hosting the message	198.51.100.65
store being manipulated.	2001:db88:5a35:4a1::ab4c:882a
The IP address can be either IPv4 or IPv6.	
Preferably in text format using the element	
"iPTextAddress".	

messageID	Tables C.3,C.4
Description and requirements	Examples
Unique identifier for the message - for example IETF RFC 5322 message-id header.	1234@local.machine.org EOCBS0045PS@host.mailcsp.com

sourceServerName	Table C.3
Description and requirements	Example
Name for the server sending the message.	mailout12.atlanta.com

destinationServerName	Tables C.3
Description and requirements	Example
Name for the server receiving the message.	omr.mx.biloxi.com

operation [MsgStoreOperation]	Tables C.4
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Type of manipulation performed in the message store	connect
instance by the subscriber.	disconnect
The operation description can be found in ETSI TS 102	retrieveMsg
657 V1.28.1 Annex C.3	partialretrieveMsg
	deleteMsg
	addMsg
	editMsg

7.4.2 HD_29_TEL Multimedia service usage request and responses

The encoding and formats of the parameters for the telephony and multimedia service usage requests and responses relate to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D.

7.4.2.1 Multimedia service usage request criteria elements and structure

This section covers the request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the multimedia service usage.

Target identity for multimedia		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaServiceUsage	Category = multimedia service usage	
partyInformation	XSD structure	
multimediaPartyInformation	XSD structure	
partyldentity	SIP URI or TEL URI or E.164 number in international format.	sip:alice@atlanta.com tel:+41598889988 41598889988
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the target. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
iMEI	The International Mobile station Equipment Identity (IMEI or IMEISV) of the target. IMEI is encoded on 8 octets to allow the 14 digits (TAC+SNR) + 1 digit of the Check Digit or the 2 digits of the Software Version (SV). The unused final digit shall be set to "F". When no SV is present or when SV is not relevant, the IMEI shall be coded with the first 14 digits + 0F at the end. See 3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.53.	359040082042280F

Time period interval for multimedia		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
lessThanOrEqualTo and	Request constraints defining the time period interval for the historical data.	
greaterThanOrEqualTo		

multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaServiceUsage	Category = multimedia service usage	
partyInformation	XSD structure	
multimediaPartyInformation	XSD structure	
communicationTime	XSD structure	
startTime	All communications with startTime in the given period interval in "GeneralizedTime" format.	20140410235959+0200 20140402120000+0200

7.4.2.2 Multimedia service usage response elements

This section covers the elements and fields of the Multimedia service usage records are specified in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex D.2.4 with the following requirements and examples:

partyRole	Table D.6
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Description and requirements Role for the party (e.g. called, calling, redirecting, smsOriginator, etc).	ELEMENTScalling calledcalledAssertedIdentity calledApplicationServer originalCalled redirecting multimediaNetworkIndependent directory

partyldentity	Table D.6
Description and requirements	Examples
E.164 address of the party in international format, or	493855667788
SIP URI or TEL URI representing E.164 (11/10)	sip:+41315556677@provider.ch
	tel:+41752001009

Table D.6	communicationTime
	Description and requirements
	The date and time of the beginning of the
	communication and its duration in seconds The
	communicationTime structure is composed of the
	following elements: 1) startTime, 2) endTime or 3)
	duration:
 Annex A.3.3	1) startTime
 Examples	Description and requirements
20140406145234+0200	The calendar date and time of the beginning of the
20140615092545+0200	communication with at least a precision to the second.
20140712160841.2+0200	It shall be in local time with indication of the time zone
20170710143523Z	relative to UTC or in UTC time. The format is according
	to the GeneralizedTime parameter specified in ITU-T
	X.680 (11/08).
Annex A.3.3	2) endTime
Examples	Description and requirements
20140214225215+0100	The calendar date and time of the end of the
20140615092618+0200	communication with at least a precision to the second.
20140712161528.7+0200	It shall be in local time with indication of the time zone
20170710144216Z	relative to UTC or in UTC time. The format is according
	to the GeneralizedTime parameter specified in ITU-T
	X.680 (11/08).
 Annex A.3.3	3) durationTime
 Example	Description and requirements
248	The duration of the communication session in seconds
	(i.e. one number representing the total amount of
	seconds of the duration of the communication session).
	In case of the target having forwarded a call and not
	being part of the call itself, the respective empty XML-
	element can be omitted.
20140406145234+0200 20140615092545+0200 20140712160841.2+0200 20170710143523Z Annex A.3.3 <i>Examples</i> 20140214225215+0100 20140615092618+0200 20140712161528.7+0200 20170710144216Z Annex A.3.3 <i>Example</i>	The calendar date and time of the beginning of the communication with at least a precision to the second. It shall be in local time with indication of the time zone relative to UTC or in UTC time. The format is according to the GeneralizedTime parameter specified in ITU-T X.680 (11/08). 2) endTime Description and requirements The calendar date and time of the end of the communication with at least a precision to the second. It shall be in local time with indication of the time zone relative to UTC or in UTC time. The format is according to the GeneralizedTime parameter specified in ITU-T X.680 (11/08). 3) durationTime Description and requirements The duration of the communication session in seconds (i.e. one number representing the total amount of seconds of the duration of the communication session). In case of the target having forwarded a call and not being part of the call itself, the respective empty XML-

natureOfAddress	Table D.6
Description and requirements	Examples
Corresponds to the nature of address indicator or type of number of the ITU-T E.164 (11/10) number of the party. Optionally the nature of address element may complement the "partyNumber" element in order to avoid any ambiguity.	International National Unknown

iMSI	Table D.6
Description and requirements	Example
The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the target. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half- octet)	228993035511773F

partyNumber	Table D.6
Description and requirements	Examples
Number for the party in ITU-T E.164 (11/10) format. This number can represent a fix number or a MSISDN.	493855667788

naAssignedAddress	Table D.6
The naAssignedAddress structure shall be composed	
of the following 3 elements: 1) set of IPAddress, 2)	
portNumber and 3) addressType.	
In case of Non-3GPP access this structure can also be	
used to provide the "UE-local-IP-address" and the	
corresponding protocol port (e.g. "UDP-source-port")	
reported from the ePDG.	
8	Annex E.3
1) IPAddress	
Description and requirements	Examples
The IPv4 address or IPv6 prefix used by the	198.51.100.24
subscriber's client for the connection. Preferably in text	2001:DB8:A125:C27B
format using the element "iPTextAddress".	
2) portNumber	Annex E.3
Description and requirements	Examples
The outbound protocol port number.	22545
3) addressType	Annex E.3
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
The type of IP address.	unknown
	internal
	external

accessNetworkInformation	Table D.6
The accessNetworkInfo is composed of the PaniHeaderInfo structure. It is used for the PS access network and the CS domain. The PaniHeaderInfo is composed of the following 6 optional elements: 1) accessType, 2) accessClass, 3) networkProvided, 4) paniLocation, 5) paniTime, 6) paniHeaderContent Note: The content and syntax of the accessNetworkInfo are specified in ETSI TS 132 298 V17.3.0 clause 5.1.3.1.2 and ETSI TS 124 229 V17.6.1 clause 7.2A.4	
1) accessType	Annex D.3
Description and requirements	Examples
The accessType element shall be set according to the appropriate access technology that was in use. ASCII string encoded in hexBinary.	334750502D452D555452414E2D544444 (ASCII = 3GPP-E-UTRAN-TDD) 494545452D3830322E313167 (ASCII = IEEE-802.11g)
2) accessClass	Annex D.3

Description and requirements	Examples
The accessClass element shall be set	334750502D574C414E
according to the appropriate access	(ASCII = 3GPP-WLAN)
technology that was in use.	334750502D48535041
	(ASCII ≡ 3GPP-HSPA)
3) networkProvided	Annex D.3
Description and requirements	
Indicates whether the accessNetworkInfo	
elements are provided by the network or not.	
4) paniLocation	Annex D.3
General requirements	

When the target had an access-type or access-class that was mobile or non-3GPP or wireless lan, the location information of the cell antenna serving the target or the access point serving the target shall be provided at the beginning and at the end of the session for each multimedia session that took place within the period for which historical data was requested.

When the target had an access-type or access-class that was a wireline access (e.g. Cable modem, xDSL, FTTx) only the postal location elements shall be provided, if available.

When the mobile 3GPP location information is a cell composed of several antennas distributed in different geographical locations but sharing the same cell identity, a specific Location structure is specified and named "combined cell" in order to deliver all the geographical coordinates and postal locations pertaining to the antennas composing the combined cell. The "Combined cell" specific structure can be used for E-UTRAN and NR radio access technologies.

The location information structure may be composed of four main information structures: 1) Cell and area identity, 2) Geographical coordinates, 3) Postal location 4) Combined cell.

Depending on the access-type or access-class used by the target, the following location information elements and fields may be delivered in the session records: Mobile PS network access and circuit-switch (CS) domain:

GERAN radio access technology for both PS network access and CS domain:

- 1) Cell and area identity elements: globalCellID
- 2) Geographical coordinates elements: gsmLocation
- 3) Postal location elements: any available field

UTRAN radio access technology for both PS network access and CS domain:

- 1) Cell and area identity elements: globalCellID and/or sAI
- 2) Geographical coordinates elements: gsmLocation
- 3) Postal location elements: any available field

E-UTRAN radio access technology:

1) Cell and area identity elements: eCGI, tAI, userLocationInformation

- 2) Geographical coordinates elements: gsmLocation
- 3) Postal location elements: any available field
- 4) Combined cell
- NR radio access technology:
 - 1) Cell and area identity elements: nCGI, trackingArealdentifier
 - 2) Geographical coordinates elements: gsmLocation
 - 3) Postal location elements: any available field
 - 4) Combined cell

Non-3GPP access to 5G core stand-alone:

- 1) Access identity elements: n3gppaLocation
- 2) Geographical coordinates elements, if available: gsmLocation
- 3) Postal location elements, if available: any available field

Wireless LAN network access:

Wi-Fi® hotspot access:

- 1) Basic Service Set Identification (BSSID)
- 2) Geographical coordinates elements, if available: gsmLocation
- 3) Postal location elements, if available: any available field

Wireline network access:

Cable modem, xDSL, FTTx access:

3) Postal location elements, if available: any available field

1) Cell and area identity elements	
globalCellID	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
Cell Global Identity (CGI) serving the target.	22F8901D50BB59
The CGI may be used for GERAN and UTRAN	[in hexadecimal format]
mobile PS network access.	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2	
octets)+CI(2 octets)	
sAl	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
Serving Area Identifier (SAI) is used to identify	22F890FEDC8212
an area consisting of one or more cells	[in hexadecimal format]
belonging to the same Location Area.	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2	
octets)+SAC(2 octets)	
eCGI	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
E-UTRAN Cell Global Identity (ECGI) serving	0722F890056C8720
the target in E-UTRAN mode. Only applicable	[in hexadecimal format]
for circuit switched traffic case such as SMS	
over SGs as specified in 3GPP TS 23.272	
V17.0.0	
Firs octet "07" represents the length in octets.	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+ECI(encoded	
with 28 bits, 4 octets with first semi-octet as	
spare = 0)	
tAI	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
Tracking Area Identity (TAI) serving the target	0522F89035B7
in E-UTRAN mode. Only applicable for circuit	[in hexadecimal format]
switched traffic case such as SMS over SGs	
as specified in 3GPP TS 23.272 V17.0.0	
First octet "05" represents the length in octets.	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(2 octets)	
userLocationInformation	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
This field is to be used only for IMS-based	1822F899123422F89907654321
VoIP using E-UTRAN. It is composed of the	[in hexadecimal format]
Tracking Area Identifier (TAI) and the E-	

	1
UTRAN Cell Global Identification (ECGI)	
components.	
First octet represents the flags as specified in	
3GPP TS 29.274 V17.5.0 clause 8.21.	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAI(2	
octets)+MCC(2octets)+MNC(1	
octet)+ECI(encoded with 28 bits, 4 octets with	
first semi-octet as spare = 0)	
bSSID	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
The Basic Service Set Identification of the	001B44113AB7
WLAN Access Point. Equivalent to the MAC	[in hexadecimal format]
address of the Access Point.	
trackingArealdentifier	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
The "Tracking Area Identity" is coded in	22F899AB56E3
accordance with 3GPP TS 29.274 V17.5.0 cl.	22F89948CF
8.21.4 and the 5G TAI see 3GPP TS 23.003	
V17.5.0 clause 28.6.	
This element shall be used only in the context	
of 5G NR and Multi-RAT connectivity.	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(2 octets	
for E-UTRAN or 3 octets for NR)	
nCGI	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
The NR Cell Global Identity (NCGI) is	
composed of the concatenation of the PLMN	
Identifier (pLMNID) and the NR Cell Identity	
(nRcellID) as shown in 3GPP TS 23.003	
V17.5.0 clause 19.6A	
pLMNID	22F899
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)	
nRcellID	AB12CD34E0
(encoded with 36 bits, 5 octets with most	
significant semi-octet as spare = 0)	
n3gppaLocation	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
Non-3GPP access user location, see 3GPP	22F899AC7D7622F899ABC2-
TS 29.571 V17.6.0 clause 5.4.4.10	198.51.100.1-49345
This element shall contain:	
- Unique non-3GPP TAI used in the PLMN.	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(3 octets)	
- The N3IWF identifier received over NGAP	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+N3IWF-ID(2	
octets).	
- UE local IPv4 address (used to reach the	
N3IWF) or UE local IPv6 address (used to	
reach the N3IWF).	
- UDP or TCP source port number. It shall be	
present if NAT is detected.	
2) Geographical coordinates elements	
gsmLocation	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Examples

The formats of the following elements (latitude, longitude and azimuth) are defined in detail in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex B.3. The geographical coordinates of the antenna serving the target shall be indicated according to the WGS84 World Geodetic System. When a cell is composed of several azimuth directions or when it is omnidirectional the corresponding azimuth element shall be omitted. <u>Elements:</u> latitude [XDDMMSS.SS] longitude [XDDDMMSS.SS] mapDatum azimuth	N465648.10 E0072650.80 wGS84 270
3) Postal location elements	
buildingNumber	Annex A.3.3
Description and requirements	Examples
The building number where the cell or hotspot	127
antenna serving the target is located. If this	4a
information is not available in this field, it can	
be provided in the streetname field.	
streetName	Annex A.3.3
Description and requirements	Examples
The name of the street or place or road where	route de Versoix
the cell or hotspot antenna serving the target is	Bärenplatz
located. When an antenna is located in a rural area	Autobahn A5 km38
along a road or highway, the name of the road	Langstrasse 15
shall be provided in this element.	Note: UTF-8 coding is preferred.
	Note: Off O county is preferred.
postalCode	Annex A.3.3
Description and requirements	Examples
Postal code of the location where the cell or	3011
hotspot antenna serving the target is located.	
city	Annex A.3.3
Description and requirements	Examples
The name of the city, village or area (as	Bern
applicable) where the cell or hotspot antenna	Zürich
serving the target is located. When an antenna is located in a rural area that	Lugano
is not near a road or highway, the name of the	Note: UTF-8 coding is preferred.
municipality where it is situated shall be	
provided in this element.	
country	Annex A.3.3
Description and requirements	Examples
The country information shall be provided only	СН
for outbound roaming sessions, i.e. sessions	DE
of a mobile CSP customer roaming abroad. It	FR
	IT

shall be formated according to ISO-3166-1 (2013). 4) combined cell extendedLocation region cornerMarks Specific structure to deliver the geographical coordinates and post location elements of each antennation of each antenna	
4) combined cell extendedLocation Specific structure to deliver the geographical coordinates and post cornerMarks location elements of each antenna	
extendedLocationSpecific structure to deliver the geographical coordinates and pos location elements of each antenna	
extendedLocationSpecific structure to deliver the geographical coordinates and pos location elements of each antenna	
region geographical coordinates and pos cornerMarks location elements of each antenna	
cornerMarks location elements of each antenna	
	A
Spot composing the combined cell.	l
gsmLocation	
Spot	
postalLocation	
5) paniTime Annex D.3	
General requirements <i>Examples</i>	
Indicates the time when the location was 20140214225215+0100	
reported at the start of the session, at the end 20140615092618+0200	
of the session. 20140712161528.7+0200	
It shall be in local time with indication of the 20170710144216Z	
time zone relative to UTC or in UTC time. The	
format is according to the GeneralizedTime	
parameter specified in ITU-T X.680 (11/08).	
6) paniHeaderContent Annex D.3	
General requirements Example	
Complete content of the P-Access-Network- 334750502d452d555452414e2d4	64444
Info header field. 3b757472616e2d63656c6c2d696	42d33
Optionally, the paniHeaderContent can be 6770703d3232383039613032383	03237
provided when the Access Network Info is 333230343b227362632d646f6d6	1696e
present in the record. In case of non-3GPP 3d6b616c6230317063736366303	3223b
access the "UE-local-IP-address" and the 2275652d69703d31302e3232342	e3330
"UDP-source-port" resp. "TCP-source-port" 2e3738223b2275652d706f72743d	d3738
shall be provided. 3031220d0a	
(ASCII = 3GPP-E-UTRAN-FDD;ut	ran-
cell-id-3gpp=22809a0280273204;	
domain=kalb01pcscf03";"ue-	
ip=10.224.30.78";"ue-port=7801")	

privateUserIdentity	Table D.6
Description and requirements	Example
Private User Identity (IMPI) associated with the party.	joe.muster@example.com

iMEI	Table D.6
Description and requirements	Example
The International Mobile station Equipment Identity	3568431553965790F
(IMEI or IMEISV) of the target.	
IMEI is encoded on 8 octets to allow the 14 digits	
(TAC+SNR) + 1 digit of the Check Digit or the 2 digits of	
the Software Version (SVN). The unused final digit shall	
be set to "F".	
When no SV is present or when SV is not relevant, the	
IMEI shall be coded with the first 14 digits + 0F at the	
end. See 3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.53.	

reasonCause	Table D.5
Description and requirements	Examples
In case of VoIP and IMS Multimedia telephony the SIP	410
Reason Cause code at the end of the communication.	200
The codes are assigned by IANA at <u>www.iana.org</u> .	
In case a mapping between the ITU-T Rec. Q.850 (10/18) cause and a SIP reason cause is necessary, the reasonCause shall be populated with the SIP reason cause mapped to the cause value of the ITU-T Rec. Q.850 as specified in ITU-T Rec. Q.1912.5 (01/2018). The ITU-T Rec. Q.850 (10/18) cause "16 - Normal call clearing" shall be mapped to the SIP reason cause 200 denoting the successful termination of the SIP BYE method. If DSS1 causes of ITU-T Rec. Q.850 (10/18) which are not mentioned in ITU-T Rec. Q.1912.5 (01/2018) or proprietary causes are used, the CSP shall inform PTSS about the mapping used and the corresponding description of the causes.	

communicationType	Table D.5
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
The type of communication that has been used for the session by the target, if available.	multimediaFixed multimediaWireless multimediaNetworkIndependent telephonyFixed telephonyWireless sMS mMS

bearerService	Table D.5
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
The bearer service for the communication as	speech
MultimediaBearerService.	data
	fax
	video
	emergencyCall

callID	Table D.5
Description and requirements	Example
Identifier of the retained call data, e.g. SIP calIID, for correlating data from different DR sources in CSP.	a84b4e66710@pc33.atlanta.com

contentType	Table D.5
Description and requirements	Examples
List of the media type of the message body.	application/sdp text/html

mediaComponents	Table D.2.4.4
Description and requirements	
The mediaComponents structure shall contains the	
following 5 elements listed below: 1) time, 2)	
mediaName, 3) mediaDescription, 4) mediaInititiator	
and 5) accessCorrelationID.	
1) time	Table D.8
Description and requirements	Example
Time when this media component has been processed.	20140406145238+0200
2) mediaName	Table D.8
Description and requirements	Examples
Media component name in the SDP data of the 200 OK	audio
message (from "m=" line in SDP data as in IETF RFC	video
4566).	text
	application
	message
	image
3) mediaDescription	Table D.8
Description and requirements	Examples
The media component description specifies the media	m=audio 49174 RTP/AVP 8
described in the SDP media name (from "attribute-line"	a=rtpmap:96 L8/8000
(i=, c=, b=, k=, a=, etc) content in SDP data of the	c=IN IP4 192.0.2.14/127/2
200 OK message, as in IETF RFC 4566.	
4) medialnitiator	Table D.8
Description and requirements	Examples
Media component initiator.	calling Party
	called Party
5) accessCorrelationID	Table D.8
Description and requirements	Example
Correlation identifier for the access used for SIP usage.	87A3284CD6
This field holds the charging identifier of the access	
network. For GPRS and I-WLAN access, this shall be	
the GPRS Charging ID, for EPS, this shall be the	
charging ID and for other access networks this shall be	
the Access Network Charging Identifier Value.	
imsInformation	Table D.7
Description and requirements	

imsInformation	Table D.7
Description and requirements	
This ImsInformation structure is used for service usage information in case of IMS service	
1) service	Table D.7
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Type of IMS service used by subscriber. The attribute	session
"session" shall be used when the SIP method INVITE	message
has been used to initiate a session. The attribute	refer

"message" when the SIP method MESSAGE has been used for Instant Messaging. The attribute "refer" when the SIP method REFER has been used, for instance for a session transfer. If other SIP methods are used the attribute shall be omitted.	
2) roleOfNode	Table D.7
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Specification on the role of the Data Retention Source in the reported communication. Only the attributes "originating" or "terminating" shall be used.	originating terminating

reason	Table D.5
Description and requirements	Examples
Text description of the call status	Answered call Unsuccessful call attempt

smsInformation	Table D 5	
	Table D.5	
Description and requirements		
The smsInformation structure is filled in when a SMS is involved in the communication.		
The parameters are as follows:		
1) smsEvent	Table B.7	
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS	
Type of message event:		
- Regular short message	shortMessage	
- Part of a composite short message	shortPartMessage	
- Composite short message	compositeMessage	
- Notification short message	notificationMessage	
2) smsType	Table B.7	
Description and requirements ELEMENTS		
Type of short message transferred on the interface		
between the Short Message-Center (SC) and the	deliverSCtoMS	
Mobile Station (MS).	deliverReportMStoSC	
	statusReportSCtoMS	
Elements to use to indicate the SMS procedure:	commandMStoSC	
For MO-SM submitted successfully: submitMStoSC	submitMStoSC	
For MO-SM submitted failure: submitMStoSC	submitReportSCtoMS	
For MT-SM delivered successfully: deliverSCtoMS	reservedMTIValue	
For MT-SM delivery failure: deliverSCtoMS		
3) smsStatus	Table B.7	
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS	
Status reached by the short message (SM)		
	delivered	
Elements to use to indicate the SMS procedure	expired	
status:For MO-SM submitted successfully: submitted	deleted	
For MO-SM submitted failure: incomplete-submission	replaced	
For MT-SM delivered successfully: delivered	submitted	
For MT-SM delivery failure: incomplete-delivery	incomplete-submission	

	incomplete-delivery undeliverable passed-on
mmsInformation	Table D.5
Description and requirements	
The mmsInformation structure is filled in when a MMS is The parameters are as follows:	s involved in the communication.
1) mmsEvent	Table B.8
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Type of message exchanged:	
- Regular multimedia message	message
- Multimedia notification message	notificationMessage
- Multimedia delivery report message	deliveryReportMessage
- Multimedia read reply message	readReplyMessage
2) mmsStatus	Table B.8
Description and requirements ELEMENTS	
Status reached by the multimedia message (MMS)	
	delivered
	expired
	deleted
	replaced
	submitted
	undeliverable
	passed-on
	delivery-rejection
	delivery-forward
	delivery-copy
	submission-rejection
	submission-failure
	delivered-application

trunkGroupIDs	Table D.5
Description and requirements	
The incoming and outgoing trunk group IDs for the session defined by the CSP.	on/call. Format of values as
1) incomingTrunkGroupID	
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Identity of the incoming PSTN leg. Format as defined by	TGISWE01
the CSP.	FRA332
	21804
2) outgoingTrunkGroupID	
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Identity of the outgoing PSTN leg. Format as defined by	TGISWE01
the CSP.	FRA332
	21804

interOperatorIDs Table D.5		
Description and requirements		
The originating, terminating and transit interoperator identifiers (orig-ioi, term-ioi and		
transit-ioi-list) in IETF RFC 7315 format, as recorde	d in the SIP header P-Charging-Vector.	
1) originatingInterOperatorID		
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS	
Originating Inter Operator Identifier orig-ioi	ims.mnc099.mcc228.3gppnetwork.org	
formated as defined in IETF RFC 7315 and 3GPP	IMSSTB_32	
TS 32.260 V17.3.0 Orange_FR		
2) terminatingInterOperatorID		
Description and requirements ELEMENTS		
Terminating Inter Operator Identifier term-ioi,	ims.mnc099.mcc228.3gppnetwork.org	
formated as defined in IETF RFC 7315 and 3GPP	IMSSTB_32	
TS 32.260 V17.3.0	Orange_FR	
3) transitInterOperatorIDList		
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS	
Transit Inter Operator Identifier transit-ioi-	Orange_FR.1	
list, formated as defined in IETF RFC 7315 and IMSSTB_32.1		
3GPP TS 32.260 V17.3.0		

7.4.3 HD_28_NA Network access service usage request and responses

The encoding and formats of the parameters for the network access service usage requests and responses relate to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and E.

7.4.3.1 Network access service usage request criteria elements and structure

This section covers the request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the network access service usage.

Depending on the type of network access, fixed or mobile, the target identity is requested in two different ways:

Target identity for fixed network access		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = network access	
naServiceUsage	Category = network access service usage	
naAuthID	Username used to obtain the fix network access.	alice@cablecsp.ch 41593526987

Target identity for mobile network access		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	

networkAccess	Service = network access	
naServiceUsage	Category = network access service usage	
naAuthID	Username used to obtain the fix or wireless network access	joe@example.com
naAssignedAddress	SEQUENCE OF	
addressSetOrRange OrMask	CHOICE	
set	IP address set	
iPTextAddress	IPv4 or IPv6 address set	198.51.100.25 2001:DB8:7401::bdd7
range	Range of IP addresses	
prefix		
iPTextAddress	IPv4 or IPv6 prefix	172.16.10.0 2001:DB8:1234::
subnetlength	IPv4 or IPv6 subnet length, value equal to the size in bits of the prefix	26 48
ePSInformation	The target identity is related to a mobile network access based on GPRS and/or EPS.	
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the target. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
mSISDN	MSISDN number of the mobile target.	
PartyNumber		41751112233
iMEISV	The International Mobile station Equipment Identity (IMEI) of the target.	
IMEI		356843155396570F
fiveGSInformation	The target identity is related to a mobile network access based on 5G system	
sUPI	CHOICE	
iMSI	SUPI in the form of an IMSI. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
nAl	SUPI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com
gPSI	CHOICE	
mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a MSISDN	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International ISDN Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to this 5G subscription.	41771112233

nAl	GPSI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com
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Time period interval for fixed or mobile network access		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
lessThanOrEqualTo	Request constraints defining the time period interval for the historical	
and	data.	
greaterThanOrEqualTo		
networkAccess	Service = network access	
naServiceUsage	Category = network access service usage	
interval	XSD structure	
startTime	All communications with startTime in the given period interval in "GeneralizedTime" format.	20140427220000+0200 20140401120000+0200

7.4.3.2 Network access service usage response elements

This section covers the elements and fields of the Network access service usage records are specified in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex E.2.4 with the following requirements and examples:

naAuthID	Table E.3
Description and requirements	Examples
Logon name (username) used to obtain network access. This identifier can take many different forms as there are numerous authentication methods possible. The identifier shall be provided as UTF8String.	bob alice@cablecsp.ch 41752223399 sms_41752223399

1ENTS
ined o Modem essLAN x ePacketData

naStatus	Table E.3
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
Results of the network access attempt.	unknown

rejected

interval	Table E.3
Description and requirements The Start time and end time of network access. Used	
only if naStatus indicates a success.	
Specificities in case of Mobile PS access:	
For GERAN and UTRAN the "startTime" and "endTime"	
of the network access session correspond to the	
activation, respectively the deactivation, of a primary	
PDP context, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.060 V17.0.0.	
For E-UTRAN and E-UTRAN-NR Dual Connectivity the	
"startTime" and "endTime" of the network access	
session correspond to the activation, respectively the	
deactivation, of the default bearer or tunnel, as	
specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 V17.5.0 and 3GPP TS	
23.402 V17.0.0.	
For NR the "startTime" and "endTime" of the network	
access session correspond to the activation,	
respectively the deactivation, of the PDU session or	
tunnel, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.501 V17.5.0 and	
3GPP TS 23.502 V17.5.0.	
Note: In case of roaming session the GPRS "Call Event	
Start Timestamp" provided by the visited serving mobile	
network is in local time. In order that this local time can	
be equated with the time in the home network, the difference between local time and UTC Time is	
supplied with the attribute "UTC Time Offset" defined as	
Local Time minus UTC Time.	
Examples:	
Visited serving network: USA, location: Washington DC	
Local time: 1000hrs	
UTC Time: 1500hrs	
UTC Time Offset: 10 -15 = -5	
Where dates are different, 24 hours are added to the	
time of the greater date.	
Visited serving network: Australia, location: Sydney	
Local time: 0100hrs	
UTC Time: 1500hrs	
UTC Time Offset: (01+24) -15 = +10	
The interval structure is composed of the following	
The interval structure is composed of the following elements: 1) startTime and 2) endTime or 3) duration:	
z_j enumber z_j enumber z_j enumber z_j du	
1) startTime	Table E.3
Description and requirements	Examples
The calendar date and time of the beginning of the	20140310145234+0100
network access with at least a precision to the second.	20140615092545+0200

It shall be in local time with indication of the time zone relative to UTC or in UTC time. The format is according to the GeneralizedTime parameter specified in ITU-T X.680 (11/08).	20140712160841.2+0200 20170710143523Z
2) endTime	Table E.3
Description and requirements	Examples
The calendar date and time of the end of the network access with at least a precision to the second. It shall be in local time with indication of the time zone relative to UTC or in UTC time. The format is according to the GeneralizedTime parameter specified in ITU-T X.680 (11/08).	20140310152812+0100 20140615132834+0200 20140713023403.2+0200 20170710160642Z
3) durationTime	Table E.3
Description and requirements	Example
The duration of the communication session in seconds (i.e. one number representing the total amount of seconds of the duration of the communication session).	185

naDeviceID	Table E.3
Description and requirements	Examples
Information on the device used to access the service, if available. Depending on the type of network access, the device identification can be for example a MAC address in case of cable modem or wlan access or an IMEI in case of Mobile PS access. It shall be provided as UTF8String.	a1:23:45:67:8d:5b 357160045577005

na Assigned Address	Table E 2
naAssignedAddress	Table E.3
The naAssignedAddress structure shall be composed	
of the following 2 elements: 1) set of IPAddress, 2)	
addressType.	
In case of Non-3GPP access this structure can also be	
used to provide the "UE-local-IP-address" and the	
corresponding protocol port (e.g. "UDP-source-port")	
reported from the ePDG.	
1) IPAddress	Table E.3
Description and requirements	Examples
The IPv4 address or IPv6 prefix used by the	198.51.100.24
subscriber's client for the connection. Preferably in text	2001:DB8:A125:C27B
format using the element "iPTextAddress".	
2) addressType	Table E.3
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
The type of IP address.	unknown
	internal
	external

Technical requirements for the handover interfaces for the conduct of the surveillance of telecommunications

Location and additionalLocations	Table E.3
General requirements	
The location information corresponds to the locat PS target or the location of the access point serv location information at the beginning and at the e available, during the session must be provided for place within the period for which historical data w during and at the end of the session must be prov element or with the location information provided 7.4.3.2.1. When the mobile 3GPP location information is a distributed in different geographical locations but Location structure is specified and named "comb geographical coordinates and postal locations per combined cell. The "Combined cell" specific struc- radio access technologies.	ring a target by wireless lan (wlan). The end of the session as well as, when or each network access session that took vas requested. The location information vided with the additionalLocations by the NAS messages as specified in cell composed of several antennas sharing the same cell identity, a specific ined cell" in order to deliver all the ertaining to the antennas composing the
The location information structure may be compo 1) Cell and area identity, 2) Geographical coordir 5) maritimeTransport and 6) airTransport.	
When the mobile 3GPP access location information messages exchanged on the Non-Access Stratum Access and the Core network, a specific structure 7.4.3.2.1 of this document.	m (NAS) interface between the Radio
Depending on the network access technology us information elements and fields may be delivered <u>Mobile PS network access:</u> GERAN radio access technology: 1) Cell and area identity elements: globalCellIE 2) Geographical coordinates elements: gsmLo 3) Postal location elements: any available field	d in the session records: D or userLocationInformation location
4) Maritime transport5) Air transportUTRAN radio access technology:	
 Cell and area identity elements: globalCelIID and/or sAI or userLocationInformation Geographical coordinates elements: gsmLocation Postal location elements: any available field Maritime transport 	
 5) Air transport E-UTRAN radio access technology: 1) Cell and area identity elements: userLocatic 2) Geographical coordinates elements: gsmLo 	ocation
 3) Postal location elements: any available field 4) Combined cell 5) Maritime transport 6) Air transport 	1
NR radio access technology: 1) Cell and area identity elements: nCGI, track 2) Geographical coordinates elements: gsmLo	ocation
3) Postal location elements: any available field4) Combined cell	1

4) Combined cell

Non-3GPP access to 5G core stand-alone:	
1) Access identity elements: n3gppaLocation	
2) Geographical coordinates elements, if available: ge	
3) Postal location elements, if available: any available field	
Wireless LAN network access:	
Wi-Fi® hotspot access:	
1) Basic Service Set Identification (BSSID)	
	sml ocation
2) Geographical coordinates elements, if available: gsmLocation	
 Postal location elements, if available: any available field Maritime transport 	
5) Air transport	
Wireline network access:	
Cable modem, xDSL, FTTx access:	
3) Postal location elements, if available: any available	e field
1) Cell and area identity elements	Table B.11
globalCellID	
Description and requirements Cell Global Identity (CGI) serving the target. The CGI	<i>Example</i> 22F8901D50BB59
may be used for GERAN and UTRAN mobile PS network access.	[in hexadecimal format]
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+CI(2 octets)	
sAl	Table B.11
	Example
Description and requirements Serving Area Identifier (SAI) is used to identify an area	22F890FEDC8212
consisting of one or more cells belonging to the same	[in hexadecimal format]
Location Area.	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+SAC(2	
octets)	
userLocationInformation	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
This field is used for E-UTRAN network access and is	1822F899123422F89907654321
composed of the Tracking Area Identifier (TAI) and the	[in hexadecimal format]
E-UTRAN Cell Global Identification (ECGI)	
components.	
First octet represents the flags as specified in 3GPP	
TS 29.274 V17.5.0 clause 8.21.	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAI(2	
octets)+MCC(2octets)+MNC(1 octet)+ECI(encoded	
with 28 bits, 4 octets with first semi-octet as spare = 0)	
Alternatively, this element can also be used for	
providing the area and cell identity for GERAN or	
UTRAN network access. In this case there is no need	
to provide the globalCellID or sAI fields in the Location	
structure.	
bSSID	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
The Basic Service Set Identification of the WLAN	001B44113AB7
Access Point. Equivalent to the MAC address of the	[in hexadecimal format]
Access Point.	· · · · ·

Note: This bSSID parameter shall represent the	
BSSID of the WLAN access point the target has used	
during the network access session. There can be	
several bSSID instances if the target has moved	
between different WLAN access points.	
nCGI	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
The NR Cell Global Identity (NCGI) is composed of the	
concatenation of the PLMN Identifier (pLMNID) and	
the NR Cell Identity (nRcellID) as shown in 3GPP TS	
23.003 V17.5.0 clause 19.6A	
pLMNID	22F899
[MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)]	
nRcellID	AB12CD34E0
[encoded with 36 bits, 5 octets with most significant	
semi-octet as spare = 0]	
trackingArealdentifier	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
The "Tracking Area Identity" is coded in accordance	22F899AB56E3
with 3GPP TS 29.274 V17.5.0 cl. 8.21.4 and the 5G	22F89948CF
TAI see 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 clause 28.6.	
This element shall be used only in the context of 5G	
NR and Multi-RAT connectivity.	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(2 octets for E-	
UTRAN or 3 octets for NR)	
locationInformationSource	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
Source of the location information. When applicable,	NAS
the locationInformationSource shall contain either NAS	CDR
when the location information is derived from the Non-	OBIC
Access Stratum signalling messages or CDR when the	
location information is taken from the Charging Data	
Records.	
n3gppaLocation	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
Non-3GPP access user location, see 3GPP TS 29.571	22F899AC7D7622F899ABC2-
V17.6.0 clause 5.4.4.10	
This element shall contain:	198.51.100.1-49345
- Unique non-3GPP TAI used in the PLMN. MCC(2	
octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(3 octets) - The N3IWF identifier received over NGAP. MCC(2	
•	
octets)+MNC(1 octet)+N3IWF-ID(2 octets).	
- UE local IPv4 address (used to reach the N3IWF) or	
UE local IPv6 address (used to reach the N3IWF).	
- UDP or TCP source port number. It shall be present	
if NAT is detected.	
2) Geographical coordinates elements	Table D 11
gsmLocation	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Examples
The formats of the following elements (latitude,	
longitude and azimuth) are defined in detail in ETSI TS	
102 657 V1.28.1 Annex B.3.	

The geographical coordinates of the antenna serving the target shall be indicated according to the WGS84 World Geodetic System. When a cell is composed of several azimuth directions or when it is omnidirectional the corresponding azimuth element shall be omitted. <u>Elements:</u> latitude [XDDMMSS.SS]	N465648.10 E0072650.80 wGS84
longitude [XDDDMMSS.SS]	270
o i i	210
mapDatum	
azimuth	
3) Postal location elements	<u> </u>
buildingNumber	
Description and requirements	Examples
The building number where the cell or hotspot antenna	127
serving the target is located. If this information is not	4a
available in this field, it can be provided in the	
streetname field.	
streetName	
Description and requirements	Examples
The name of the street or place or road where the cell	route de Versoix
or hotspot antenna serving the target is located.	Bärenplatz
When an antenna is located in a rural area along a	Autobahn A5 km38
road or highway, the name of the road shall be	Langstrasse 15
provided in this element.	5
	Note: UTF-8 coding is preferred.
postalCode	
Description and requirements	Examples
Postal code of the location where the cell or hotspot	3011
antenna serving the target is located.	
city	
Description and requirements	Examples
The name of the city, village or area (as applicable)	Bern
where the cell or hotspot antenna serving the target is	Zürich
located.	Lugano
When an antenna is located in a rural area that is not	
near a road or highway, the name of the municipality	Note: UTF-8 coding is preferred.
where it is situated shall be provided in this element.	
country	
Description and requirements	Examples
The country information shall be provided only for	CH
	DE
outbound roaming sessions, i.e. sessions of a mobile	
CSP customer roaming abroad. It shall be formated	FR
according to ISO-3166-1 (2013).	IT
4) combined cell	
extendedLocation	Specific structure to deliver the
region	geographical coordinates and
cornerMarks	postal location elements of each
Spot	

gsmLocation	antenna composing the
Spot	combined cell.
postalLocation	
5) maritimeTransport	
shipname	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
Registered ship name.	LORD OF THE SEAS
imoNumber	
Description and requirements	Example
International Maritime Organization (IMO) ship number: IMO prefix with 7-digit number.	IMO7812345
6) airTransport	
iATAAirlineCode	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Examples
Two-character designation code assigned to the airline by the International Air Transport Association (IATA).	LX WK
iCAOOperatorCode	
Description and requirements	Example
Three-letter designation code assigned to the aircraft operator agency by the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO). The iCAOOperatorCode should be used only when the aircraft operator does not have an assigned IATA airline code.	SWR EDW
aircraftRegistration	
Description and requirements	Examples
Aircraft identification as in the aircraft's certificate of registration.	HB-JMG N99999
flightNumber	
Description and requirements	Example
Flight number assigned by the airline operating the aircraft.	108

gprsInformation	Table E.3
Information specific to gprs access to be used for	
GERAN and UTRAN mobile PS network access. The	
structure is composed of the following elements:	
1) iMSI	Table E.5
Description and requirements	Example
The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)	228993035511773F
associated with the network access.	
(IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-	
octet)	
2) mSISDN	Table E.5
Description and requirements	Example

The MSISDN associated with the network access. It shall be provided in international format.	41751112233
3) pdp-address-allocated	Table E.5
Description and requirements	Example
The IP address of the primary PDP context allocated	198.51.100.121
for the network access. Preferably in text format using the element "iPTextAddress".	10.1.100.200
4) aPN	Table E.5
Description and requirements	Examples
The Access Point Name (APN) used for the network	internet.mobilecsp
access.	privatenetwork.mobilecsp
5) pDP_type	Table E.5
Description and requirements	Examples
This field corresponds to the PDP Type Number as	0001 (= ETSI / PPP)
defined in 3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.27. It	0021 (= IETF / IPv4)
provides protocol specific information of the packet data	0057 (= IETF / IPv6)
network accessed by the gprs subscriber.	008D (= IETF / IPv4v6)
	[in hexadecimal format]

ePSInformation	Table E.3
Information specific to EPS access to be used for E-	
UTRAN mobile PS network access. The structure is	
composed of the following elements:	
1) iMSI	Table E.5A
Description and requirements	Example
The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)	228993035511773F
associated with the network access.	
(IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-	
octet)	
2) iMSIUnauthenticatedFlag	Table E.5A
Description and requirements	BOOLEAN
The flag shall be set as TRUE if unauthenticated IMSI	TRUE
vs. FALSE for authenticated IMSI.	FALSE
3) mSISDN	Table E.5A
Description and requirements	Example
The MSISDN associated with the network access. It	41751112233
shall be provided in international format.	
4) iMEISV	Table E.5A
Description and requirements	Example
IMEISV of the Mobile Equipment (ME) used for the	3571600455770051
network access, if available.	
5) p-GWPLMNIdentifier	Table E.5A
Description and requirements	Example

Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) identifier of the Packet Data Network Gateway (P-GW). It is composed of the MCC and MNC.	22F899 (MCC=228, MNC=99)
6) aPNNetworkID	Table E.5A
Description and requirements	Examples
The network identifier part of the Access Point Name	internet.mobilecsp
(APN) used for the network access in dot	private.vpn.mobilecsp
representation. For instance if the complete APN is	apn1a.apn1b.apn1c
"apn1a.apn1b.apn1c.mnc99.mcc228.gprs", the network	
identifier part is only "apn1a.apn1b.apn1c".	
7) pDP-PDNType	Table E.5A
Description and requirements	Examples
This field corresponds to the PDP/PDN type, i.e. IPv4,	01 (=IPv4)
IPv6, IPv4v6, coded as in 3GPP TS 29.274 V17.5.0	02 (=IPv6)
clause 8.34.	03 (=IPv4v6)
	[in hexadecimal format]
8) pDP-PDNAddress	Table E.5A
Description and requirements	Examples
The IP address allocated for the PDP context/PDN	198.51.100.121
connection, i.e. IPv4 address when PDP/PDN Type is	10.1.100.200
IPv4 or IPv6 prefix when PDP/PDN Type is IPv6 or	2001:db8:230f:c349::67cf:29b2
IPv4v6.	
Preferably in text format using the element	
"iPTextAddress".	
9) rATType	Table E.5A
Description and requirements	Examples
This field indicates the Radio Access Technology (RAT)	1 (=UTRAN)
type currently used by the Mobile Station as defined in	2 (=GERAN)
3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.50, if available.	3 (=WLAN)
	4 (=GAN)
	5 (=HSPA Evolution)
	6 (=E-UTRAN)

fiveGSInformation	Table E.3
Information specific to 5G System access to be used for	
NR mobile PS network access.	
Note: In case of E-UTRA – NR Dual Connectivity (EN-	
DC) access according to 3GPP TS 37.340 V17.0.0	
clause 4.1.2 the structure ePSInformation shall be used.	
The structure is composed of the following elements:	
1) sUPI	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Example
Served SUPI associated with the network access.	
iMSI	228993035511773F
nAl	joe@example.com

2) dNN	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Example
String representing a Data Network Name as defined in	internet.mobilecsp
subclause 9A of 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0.	private.vpn.mobilecsp
Note: The DNN is equivalent to the APN in EPS.	
3) pEl	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Example
Served PEI of the ME as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 Clause 6.4, if available.	
iMEI	359040082042280F
iMEISV	3571600455770051
4) gPSI	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Example
Generic Public Subscription Identifier (GPSI) associated	
with the session, if available.	
mSISDN	
PartyNumber	41771112233
nAl	joe@example.com
5) pDUSessionID	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Example
Unsigned integer identifying a PDU session, within the	12
range 0 to 255, as specified in clause 11.2.3.1b, bits 1	
to 8, of 3GPP TS 24.007 V17.3.0, if available.	
6) sNSSAI	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Examples
Single Network Slice Selection Assistance Information	252-19CDE0
(S-SNSSAI), specific to 5G System onto which the	29
subscriber's device is connected to the service.	
It is made of SST (the Slice/Service Type) and of the	
optional SD (the Slice Differentiator).	
SST: Unsigned integer, within the range 0 to 255,	
representing the Slice/Service Type. It indicates the	
• •	
expected Network Slice behaviour in terms of features	
expected Network Slice behaviour in terms of features and services.	
expected Network Slice behaviour in terms of features and services. Values 0 to 127 correspond to the standardized SST	
expected Network Slice behaviour in terms of features and services. Values 0 to 127 correspond to the standardized SST range. Values 128 to 255 correspond to the Operator-	
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expected Network Slice behaviour in terms of features and services. Values 0 to 127 correspond to the standardized SST range. Values 128 to 255 correspond to the Operator- specific range. SD: 3-octet string, representing the Slice Differentiator, in hexadecimal representation. Each character in the	
expected Network Slice behaviour in terms of features and services. Values 0 to 127 correspond to the standardized SST range. Values 128 to 255 correspond to the Operator- specific range. SD: 3-octet string, representing the Slice Differentiator, in hexadecimal representation. Each character in the string shall take a value of "0" to "9" or "A" to "F" and	
expected Network Slice behaviour in terms of features and services. Values 0 to 127 correspond to the standardized SST range. Values 128 to 255 correspond to the Operator- specific range. SD: 3-octet string, representing the Slice Differentiator, in hexadecimal representation. Each character in the string shall take a value of "0" to "9" or "A" to "F" and shall represent 4 bits. The most significant character	
 expected Network Slice behaviour in terms of features and services. Values 0 to 127 correspond to the standardized SST range. Values 128 to 255 correspond to the Operator-specific range. SD: 3-octet string, representing the Slice Differentiator, in hexadecimal representation. Each character in the string shall take a value of "0" to "9" or "A" to "F" and shall represent 4 bits. The most significant character representing the 4 most significant bits of the SD shall 	
 expected Network Slice behaviour in terms of features and services. Values 0 to 127 correspond to the standardized SST range. Values 128 to 255 correspond to the Operator-specific range. SD: 3-octet string, representing the Slice Differentiator, in hexadecimal representation. Each character in the string shall take a value of "0" to "9" or "A" to "F" and shall represent 4 bits. The most significant character representing the 4 most significant bits of the SD shall appear first in the string, and the character representing 	
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expected Network Slice behaviour in terms of features and services. Values 0 to 127 correspond to the standardized SST range. Values 128 to 255 correspond to the Operator- specific range. SD: 3-octet string, representing the Slice Differentiator, in hexadecimal representation. Each character in the string shall take a value of "0" to "9" or "A" to "F" and shall represent 4 bits. The most significant character representing the 4 most significant bits of the SD shall appear first in the string, and the character representing	
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expected Network Slice behaviour in terms of features and services. Values 0 to 127 correspond to the standardized SST range. Values 128 to 255 correspond to the Operator- specific range. SD: 3-octet string, representing the Slice Differentiator, in hexadecimal representation. Each character in the string shall take a value of "0" to "9" or "A" to "F" and shall represent 4 bits. The most significant character representing the 4 most significant bits of the SD shall appear first in the string, and the character representing the 4 least significant bit of the SD shall appear last in	Table E.5C Examples

The IPv4 address of the served SUPI allocated for the	
PDN connection. See 3GPP TS 32.291 V17.2.0 clause	
6.1.6.2.2.11.	
iPTextAddress	198.51.100.121
	10.1.100.200
8) pDUIPv6Address	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Examples
The IPv6 address of the served SUPI allocated for the	
PDN connection. See 3GPP TS 32.291 V17.2.0 clause	
6.1.6.2.2.11.	
iPTextAddress	2001:db8:230f:c349::67cf:29b2
9) pDUAddressPrefixLength	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Examples
PDU Address prefix length of an IPv6 typed Served	48
PDP Address. Not required for prefix length of 64 bits.	
See 3GPP TS 32.291 V17.2.0 clause 6.1.6.2.2.11.	
10) applicationServiceProviderIdentity	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Examples
Identifier of the application service provider	PrivateNet
See 3GPP TS 32.291 V17.2.0 Table 6.1.6.2.2.9-1.	CorporateLtd
12) serviceId	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Examples
Identity of the used service. See 3GPP TS 32.291	26574
V17.2.0 Table 6.1.6.2.1.10-1	
13) pDUtype	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Examples
PDU type is defined in 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0, it may	iPv4
be dual IPV4V6, IPV4, IPV6, Unstructured; Ethernet	iPv6
See 3GPP TS 32.291 V17.3.0 clause 6.1.6.2.2.8.	unstructured
	ethernet
14) sSCMode	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Examples
Information of the Session and Service Continuity	sSCMode1
(SSC) Mode type of the target. See 3GPP TS 32.291	sSCMode2
V17.3.0 clause 6.1.6.2.2.8.	sSCMode3MultiPDUSession
	sSCMode3Multihome
15) vPLMNId	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Examples
PLMN identifier of the visited network, based on the	22F401
SMF PLMN ID. If available.	
16) hPLMNId	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Examples
PLMN identifier of the home network, based on SUPI	22F899
PLMN ID.	
17) pDUSessionStartTime	Table E.5C
Description and requirements	Examples
The time in UTC format which represents the start of a	20190812152452Z
PDU session at the SMF.	
See 3GPP TS 32.255 V17.6.0 clause 6.2.1.2	
18) pDUSessionStopTime	Table E.5C

The time in UTC format which represents the stop of a PDU session at the SMF.20190812231136ZSee 3GPP TS 32.255 V17.6.0 clause 6.2.1.2Table E.5C19) uETimeZone of where the UE was located, if available. See 3GPP TS 32.255 V17.6.0 clause 6.2.1.2-08:00 +04:00+1and 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0 table 5.2.2.1Table E.5C20) uPFIdTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe UPF identifier in UUID format, function defined in 3GPP TS 23.501 V17.5.0, mentioned in 3GPP TS4655eb25-e5c8-435a-b0ea- 7460d8f28cce21) aMFIdentifierTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe AMF identifier, function defined in 3GPP TS 23.501Table E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe AMF identifierTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe AMF identifierTable 5.3.2.1. Composed of the aMFRegionID, aMFSetID and aMFPointer.aMFRegionID255aMFRegionID255aMFRegionID1023aMFPointer6322) rAT5TypeTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThis field indicates the Radio Access Technology (RAT) type of PDU session used by the Mobile Station as defined in 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0, such as New wlan, virtual,nr, eutra, wilan, virtual, wirtual, wirtual, Mireless LAN, Virtual (Virtual shall be used if the N3IWF does not know the access technology used for an untrusted non-3GPP access), when available. Formatted as per 3GPP TS 32.291 V17.2.0 clauseVirtual,		
PDU session at the SMF. See 3GPP TS 32.255 V17.6.0 clause 6.2.1.2Table E.5C19) uETimeZoneTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe Time Zone of where the UE was located, if available. See 3GPP TS 32.255 V17.6.0 clause 6.2.1.2-08:00and 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0 table 5.2.2.1-08:0020) uPFIdTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe UPF identifier in UUID format, function defined in 3GPP TS 23.501 V17.5.0, mentioned in 3GPP TS4655eb25-e5c8-435a-b0ea- 7460d8f28cce21) aMFIdentifierTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe AMF identifier, function defined in 3GPP TS 23.501Table E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe AMF identifier, function defined in 3GPP TS 23.501ExamplesV17.5.0, mentioned in 3GPP TS 32.255 V17.6.0 and 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0 table 5.3.2-1. Composed of the aMF RegionID255aMFSetID1023aMFPointer6322) rATSTypeTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThis field indicates the Radio Access Technology (RAT) type of PDU session used by the Mobile Station as defined in 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0, such as New Radio, Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access, Wirtual, Wirtual, Wirtual (Virtual shall be used if the N3IWF does not know the access technology used for an untrusted non-3GPP access), when available. Formatted as per 3GPP TS 32.291 V17.2.0 clause	Description and requirements	Examples
See 3GPP TS 32.255 V17.6.0 clause 6.2.1.2Table E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe Time Zone of where the UE was located, if available, See 3GPP TS 32.255 V17.6.0 clause 6.2.1.2 and 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0 table 5.2.2.1-08:0020) uPFIdTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe UPF identifier in UUID format, function defined in 3GPP TS 23:501 V17.5.0, mentioned in 3GPP TS 32.255 V17.6.0.4655eb25-e5c8-435a-b0ea- 7460d8f28cce21) aMFIdentifierTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe AMF identifier, function defined in 3GPP TS 23.501 V17.5.0, mentioned in 3GPP TS 23.5017460d8f28cce21) aMFIdentifierTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe AMF identifier, function defined in 3GPP TS 23.5011023aMFRegionID, aMFSetID and aMFPointer. aMFRegionID, aMFSetID and aMFPointer.6322) tATSTypeTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThis field indicates the Radio Access Technology (RAT) type of PDU session used by the Mobile Station as defined in 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0, such as New Radio, Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access, wirtual, wirtu		201908122311362
19) uETimeZoneTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe Time Zone of where the UE was located, if available. See 3GPP TS 32.255 V17.6.0 clause 6.2.1.2 and 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0 table 5.2.21-08:0020) uPFIdTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe UPF identifier in UUID format, function defined in 3GPP TS 23.501 V17.5.0, mentioned in 3GPP TS4655eb25-e5c8-435a-b0ea- 7460d8f28cce21) aMFIdentifierTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe AMF identifier, function defined in 3GPP TS 23.501 V17.5.0, mentioned in 3GPP TS 23.501Table E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThe AMF identifier, function defined in 3GPP TS 23.501 V17.5.0, mentioned in 3GPP TS 23.501255aMFRegionID, aMFSetID and aMFPointer.1023aMFRegionID255aMFRegionID255aMFRegionID6322) rAT5TypeTable E.5CDescription and requirementsExamplesThis field indicates the Radio Access Technology (RAT) type of PDU session used by the Mobile Station as defined in 3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0, such as New Radio, Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access, Wireless LAN, Virtual (Virtual shall be used if the N3IWF does not know the access technology used for an untrusted non-3GPP access), when available. Formatted as per 3GPP TS 32.291 V17.2.0 clause		
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wiFiInformation	Table E.3
Information specific to Wi-Fi® network access.	
The structure is composed of the following	
elements:	
1) bSSID	Table E.5B
Description and requirements	Example
The Basic Service Set Identification (BSSID)	001B774954FD
for the network access connection. This is also	[in hexadecimal format]
the MAC address of the WLAN access point	
(assuming that records are for infrastructure	
mode, not ad-hoc mode).	
Note 1: The MAC address of the target, if	
available, is given in the "naDeviceID"	
structure.	
Note 2: This bSSID parameter shall represent	
the BSSID of the WLAN access point the target	
has used to perform the authentication and	

authorization process. There can only be one	
bSSID instance in this structure.	
2) sSID	Table E.5B
Description and requirements	Example
The Service Set Identifier in a human readable	CSPXY-FREE-WIFI
	CSPXY-FREE-WIFI
format.	
If available.	
3) username	Table E.5B
Description and requirements	Example
Username as seen and recorded by the CSP.	john.doe
5	john.doe
Note: The username does not need to be	
verified in any way.	
4) locationOfAccessPoint	Table E.5B
Description and requirements	Examples
Location information of the Access Point. It	
shall be	
populated as lat/long, grid reference with the	
"gsmLocation" structure:	
latitude [XDDMMSS.SS]	N465648.10
longitude [XDDDMMSS.SS]	E0072650.80
mapDatum	wGS84
hapbatan	
and/or	
the postal address with the "postalLocation"	
structure:	
buildingNumber	40
streetName	Rue Lieu
postalCode	9999
•	
city	Ortdorf
5) authenticationType	Table E.5B
Description and requirements	ELEMENTS
This element describes by which method the	authenticationBySMS
target performed authentication to obtain the	authenticationByCookie
Wi-Fi® network access.	-
	authenticationByMACAddress
	authenticationByEAPSIM
	authenticationByUsernameAndPassword
	authenticationByPaymentOrVoucher
6) additionalAuthenticationInformation	Table E.5B
The available additional information known	
about the user on the basis of the	
authentication process has the following	
structure.	
phoneNumber	
Description and requirements	
Number for the party in ITU-T E.164 (11/10)	41754601234
format. For instance the number to which an	
SMS token has been sent.	

mACAddress	
Description and requirements	
The MAC address of the authorised device.	A12345678D5B
iMSI	
Description and requirements	
The IMSI of the authorised device.	228993035511773F
(IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler	
half-octet)	
username	
Description and requirements	
The username used by the party to obtain the	FOOBAR
authorisation to activate the network access.	
password	
Description and requirements	
The password used by the party to obtain the	barfoo
authorisation to activate the network access.	
7) accessPointIPAddress	Table E.5B
Description and requirements	Example
The IP address or prefix of the Access Point	2001:db8:230f:c349:1205::4f6
used by the target for the network access.	
Preferably in text format using the element	
"iPTextAddress".	
8) cSPDefinedName	Table E.5B
Description and requirements	Example
CSP-defined label or name assigned to the	AirportZRH01-CH
access point.	

octetsDownloaded	Table E.3
Description and requirements	Example
Number of octets downloaded by the subscriber during	1825025
the network access session.	

octetsUploaded	Table E.3
Description and requirements	Example
Number of octets uploaded by the subscriber during the	258472
network access session.	

7.4.3.2.1 Structure for location information for 3GPP access obtained via the NAS messages

This section covers the elements and fields of the Network access service usage records that are specified in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex E.2.4 when the mobile 3GPP access location information is obtained or derived by the CSP via the NAS messages exchanged on the Non-Access Stratum (NAS) interface between the Radio Access and the Core networks.

The following elements derived from the NAS messages and the CSP management system shall be delivered in the response records via the HI-B interface according to the XML schema specified in the section 7.6 of this document:

IMSI or SUPI as target UE identity in the core network: The NAS messages contain either the IMSI or the TMSI. In case of TMSI the CSP shall map the temporary UE identity to the permanent IMSI or SUPI UE identity to populate the response record:

Element	Description	
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) associated with the	
	3GPP mobile network access.	
sUPI	The 5G System Subscriber Permanent Identifier can take the form of an	
	IMSI or NAI.	

Location information source: Depending of the Radio Access Technology (RAT) used by the target, the name of the network node, respectively the network function, from which the location information in the NAS messages shall be indicated in the element locationInformationSource:

Element	Description
locationInformationSource	

Area and cell identity: Depending of the Radio Access Technology (RAT) used by the target, the area and cell identity contained in the NAS messages shall be mapped with the corresponding element in the Location structure:

Element	Description
globalCellID	Area and cell identity for GERAN or UTRAN RAT
userLocationInformation	Area and cell identity for GERAN or UTRAN or E-UTRAN RAT
trackingArealdentifier	Area identity for NR or E-UTRAN RAT controlled by 5G Core
nCGI	Cell identity for NR RAT

Geo-coordinates: The geo-coordinates providing the location of the cell serving the user are not part of the NAS messages but shall be populated by the CSP based on the data of its network management system. The geo-coordinates shall be delivered in the elements of the location structure:

Element	Description
gsmLocation	The geographical coordinates of the antenna serving the target UE shall
	be indicated according to the WGS84 World Geodetic System.

Time of location: The time of the location information in the NAS message shall be indicated in the corresponding element:

Element	Description
Interval	Time stamp corresponding to the UTC time at which the location
startTime	information has been acquired.

Each timed location information derived from the NAS message collected during the requested interception period, and independently from the NAS procedure involved, shall be delivered as one ResponseRecord with the structure illustrated in the figure 7-1.

ements structure illustration	Value example
ponsePayload	
ResponseRecord recordNumber	0
recordPayload	0
networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	
interval	
startTime	20191109134234.236Z
location	
gsmLocation	
geoCoordinates	
latitude	N463101.31
longitude	E0063744.88
mapDatum	wGS84
azimuth	120
userLocationInformation	1822F89910F722F89901021001 NAS
ePSInformation	NAS
liMSI	228993035511773F
ResponseRecord	
recordNumber	1
recordPayload	-
networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	
interval	
startTime	20191109134308.129Z
location	
gsmLocation	
geoCoordinates	
latitude	N463115.90
longitude	E0063747.39
mapDatum	wGS84
azimuth	180
userLocationInformation	0622F8990B0CC70122F8990B0C02FF
	NAS NETWORK
ePSInformation IiMSI	228993035511773F
ResponseRecord	226993030311773F
recordNumber	2
recordPayload	2
networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	
interval	
startTime	20191109134452.225Z
location	
gsmLocation	
geoCoordinates	
latitude	N463108.72
longitude	E0063803.36
mapDatum	wGS84
azimuth	210
	225.800
	22F899
nRCellID trackingArealdentifier	AB12CD34E0 22F899AB56E3
	NAS UE
fiveGSInformation	
sUPI	

Figure 7-1: Elements structure for the location information records derived from the NAS
messages

7.4.4 HD_31_PAGING & EP_35_PAGING Proprietary handover interface for the delivery of the last active location

The provisions of articles 63 and 67 letter a in the ordinance VÜPF do not have any suitable standardised ETSI handover interfaces for the delivery of the last active location. Therefore, PTSS has temporarily specified a proprietary interface with the following methods and steps:

Step	Description	Handover interface		
1	PTSS sends the corresponding instruction with the	HI-A according to		
	requested elements specified in section 7.4.5.1	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1		
	electronically via the administrative interface.	or		
		Secure Email		
2	Conditional: (see NOTE 1)	Telephone		
	PTSS contacts the CSP by telephone and provides			
-	the known information of the instruction and target.			
3	Conditional: (see NOTE 1)	Telephone		
	CSP performs the lookup in its information systems			
	in order to retrieve the requested information and			
	provide this information to the PTSS by telephone.			
4	CSP confirms to the PTSS by secure email the set	Secure email (see NOTE 2)		
	of information and parameters in a table put in the			
	body of the secure email. The information and			
	parameters of the table are specified in the layout in			
	section 7.4.4.2.			
	The secure email subject field shall be composed of			
	the request number and the request type taken from			
	the instruction and the suffix "Response", such as:			
	HD_20200505715852 - EP_35_PAGING -			
	Response			
	NOTE 1: The steps 1 and 2 using telephone are conditional and only necessary when the			
	HD_31_PAGING and EP_35_PAGING interception processes require manual steps.			
	PTSS specifies based on consultations with the CSP if the steps 2 and 3 shall be			
impler	nented.			

NOTE 2: The secure email address for the delivery of the response is provided by PTSS to the CSP after having consulted them.

Table 7-7: Steps for the delivery of the last active location

7.4.4.1 Paging request elements

Target identity for multimedia		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaServiceUsage	Category = multimedia service usage	
partyInformation	XSD structure	
multimediaPartyInformation	XSD structure	

partyldentity	SIP URI or TEL URI or E.164 number in international format.	sip:alice@atlanta.com tel:+41598889988 41598889988
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the target. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
iMEI	The International Mobile station Equipment Identity (IMEI or IMEISV) of the target. IMEI is encoded on 8 octets to allow the 14 digits (TAC+SNR) + 1 digit of the Check Digit or the 2 digits of the Software Version (SVN). The unused final digit shall be set to "F". When no SV is present or when SV is not relevant, the IMEI shall be coded with the first 14 digits + 0F at the end. See 3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.53.	3568431553965710 359040082042280F

7.4.4.2 Paging response elements to be delivered for the last active location

This section covers the information response elements and fields for the Paging response. There are two methods to deliver this information.

Method 1: The ad hoc report with the parameters described in the table below delivered via secure email.

Parameters names	Comments	Examples	
Zielidentität / Identité de la cible			
MSISDN	Mandatory	4177XXXXXXX	
GPSI	Conditional	4177UUUUUUU	
IMSI	Conditional	22899YYYYYYYYYY	
SUPI	Conditional	22899VVVVVVVVV	
IMEI	Conditional	354449ZZZZZZZ	
PEI	Conditional	354449WWWWWWWW	
Netzzugang / Accès réseau			
RADIO ACCESS	Technology (GSM or UMTS	UMTS900	
TECHNOLOGY /	or LTE or NR) and	LTE1800	
FREQUENCY	Frequency band in MHz of	NR3500	
	the primary node.	WLAN	
MOBILE COUNTRY CODE	Decimal presentation	228	
MOBILE NETWORK CODE	Decimal presentation	99	
IP ADDRESS	Used only when available in	198.51.100.24	
	case of WLAN access	2001:DB8::122	
PORT NUMBER	Used only when available in	48256	
	case of WLAN access		
Letzter Zellstandort / Dernière	localisation de cellule		
DATE TIME	Date and Local time as	11.09.2016 15:39:05	
	DD.MM.YYYY HH:MM:SS		

		00000
LAC (DECIMAL)	Conditional: GERAN &	22300
	UTRAN / format: without	
	MCC/MNC and no leading	
		00770
CI (DECIMAL)	Conditional:GERAN &	60773
	UTRAN / format: without	
	MCC/MNC and no leading	
	zeros	40.40
TAC (DECIMAL)	Conditional: E-UTRAN & NR	4343
	format: without MCC/MNC	1111889
	and no leading zeros	47707004
ENB+CI (DECIMAL)	Conditional: E-UTRAN	17787394
	/format: without MCC/MNC	
	and no leading zeros	
GNB+CI (DECIMAL)	Conditional: NR / format:	4553573042
	without MCC/MNC and no	
	leading zeros	
CELL AZIMUTH	Conditional: Multiple	inh, 60
	azimuths and attributes (tun,	
	inh) if necessary for complex	
	cells	
CELL CIVIC ADDRESS	Civic address in one field	Rue du Caudray 6 1020
		Renens
CELL X COORDINATES	CH1903 Geodetic system X	534749
(CH1903)	coordinates	
CELL Y COORDINATES	CH1903 Geodetic system Y	153807
(CH1903)	coordinates	
CELL N COORDINATES	CH1903+ Geodetic system	1214749
(CH1903+)	N coordinates (north)	
CELL E COORDINATES	CH1903+ Geodetic system	2601349
(CH1903+)	E coordinates (east)	
	t / Dernière localisation du WLA	
BSSID	Optional: The Basic Service	001B44113AB7
	Set Identification of the	[in hexadecimal format]
	WLAN hotspot. Equivalent	
	to the MAC address of the	
	hotspot.	
CSPDEFINEDNAME	CSP-defined label or name	AirportZRH01-CH
	assigned to the access	
	point. The hotspot of a CSP	
	within a venue or	
	geographical location	
	typically share this name.	
HOTSPOT CIVIC	Hotspot civic address in one	Terminal 1
ADDRESS	field	Zurich Airport 8058 Zürich
HOTSPOT X	CH1903 Geodetic system X	684706
COORDINATES (CH1903)	coordinates	
HOTSPOT Y	CH1903 Geodetic system Y	256397
COORDINATES (CH1903)	coordinates	
HOTPOT N	CH1903+ Geodetic system	1256398
COORDINATES (CH1903+)	N coordinates (north)	
HOTSPOT E	CH1903+ Geodetic system	2684705
COORDINATES (CH1903+)	E coordinates (east)	

Table 7-8: Method 1 - parameters to be delivered for the last active location

Method 2: The last active location can be delivered via the HI-B interface according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and E. Prior to its implementation, this method 2 must be determined by the PTSS based on consultations with the CSP.

Structure of response of the reference network access session (Mobile or WLAN)		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
networkAccess	Service = network access	
naServiceUsage	Category = network access service usage	
Structure to provide the last ne	twork access time and IP add	ress
naAccessTime	GeneralizedTime	20191109134308.129Z
NAAssignedAddress	SEQUENCE	
addressSetOrRangeOrMask	SEQUENCE	
IPaddressSetOrRangeOrMask	CHOICE	
set	SEQUENCE OF	
IPAddress	CHOICE	
iPTextAddress		198.51.100.25 2001:DB8:7401::bdd7
portNumber		42549
Structure to provide the last loo	cation information and the tran	nsmitter details
location	SEQUENCE	
globalCelIID gsmLocation	Cell Global Identity (CGI) serving the party of the reference call. The CGI may be used for GERAN and UTRAN mobile PS network access. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+CI(2 octets) CHOICE	22F8901D50BB59 [in hexadecimal format]
geoCoordinates	SEQUENCE	
latitude	Geographic coordinates that specifies the north–south position of a point on the Earth's surface according to the World Geodetic System 1984.	N465648.10
longitude	Geographic coordinates that specifies the east-west position of a point on the Earth's surface according to the World Geodetic System 1984.	E0072650.80
mapDatum	World Geodetic System indication of the coordinates	wGS84
azimuth	The azimuth is the bearing, relative to true north	270

[
	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1	
	octet)+TAC(2 octets)	
eCGI	E-UTRAN Cell Global	0722F890056C8720
	Identifier used for E-UTRAN	[in hexadecimal format]
	according to 3GPP TS	
	23.003 V17.5.0.	
	Firs octet "07" represents the	
	length in octets.	
	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1	
	octet)+ECI(encoded with 28	
	bits, 4 octets with first semi-	
	octet as spare = 0)	
nCGI	The NR Cell Global Identity	
	(NCGI) is composed of the	
	PLMN Identifier (pLMNID)	
	and the NR Cell Identity	
	(nRcellID) as shown in 3GPP	
	TS 23.003 V17.5.0 clause	
	19.6A	
pLMNID	Public Land Mobile Network	22F899
	Identifier	221 033
»Deellin	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)	4012002400
nRcellID	NR Cell Identity	AB12CD34E0
	(encoded with 36 bits, 5	
	octets with most significant	
	semi-octet as spare = 0)	005000455050
trackingArealdentifier	The "Tracking Area Identity"	22F899AB56E3
	is coded in accordance with	22F89948CF
	3GPP TS 29.274 V17.5.0 cl.	
	8.21.4 and the 5G TAI see	
	3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0	
	clause 28.6.	
	This element shall be used	
	only in the context of 5G NR	
	or Multi-RAT connectivity.	
	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1	
	octet)+TAC(2 octets for E-	
	UTRAN or 3 octets for NR)	
locationInformationSource	To provide specific	170,0,180,Normal,
	information about the	SplitSec,SplitSec
	configuration characteristics	
	of a complex cell. For	
	instance with several	
	azimuths and split sectors	
n3gppaLocation		
	non-3GPP TAI used in the	22F899AC7D76
n3gppTai	non-3GPP TAI used in the PLMN_MCC(2	22F899AC7D76
пздррта	PLMN. MCC(2	22F899AC7D76
пздрртаг	PLMN. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(3	22F899AC7D76
	PLMN. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(3 octets)	
n3gpp1ai n3lwfld	PLMN. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(3 octets) N3IWF identifier received	22F899AC7D76 22F899ABC2
	PLMN. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(3 octets) N3IWF identifier received over NGAP MCC(2	
	PLMN. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(3 octets) N3IWF identifier received over NGAP MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1	
	PLMN. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(3 octets) N3IWF identifier received over NGAP MCC(2	

iPTextAddress		198.51.100.1
uelpv6Addr		
iPTextAddress		2001:DB8:7401::bdd7
portNumber	UDP or TCP source port number	49345
transmitterDetails	SEQUENCE	
frequency	Transmitter frequency in kHz	1800000
technology	Technology used for the	gen2G
	network access	gen3G
		eUTRAN
		wLAN
		hSPAEvolution
		gAN
		vIRTUAL
		eUTRANNBIoT
		ITEM
		nR
different network access tech	fiers information and the radio	access type for the
ePSInformation	The identifiers are related to	
	a mobile network access	
	based on GERAN, UTRAN or	
	E-UTRAN.	
iMSI	The International Mobile	228993035511773F
	Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of	
	the target.	
	(IMSI is 15 digits long + last	
	digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	
mSISDN	MSISDN number of the	
	mobile target.	
PartyNumber		41751112233
iMEISV	The International Mobile	
	station Equipment Identity	
	(IMEI) of the target.	
IMEI		356843155396570F
rATType	This field indicates the Radio	1 (=UTRAN)
	Access Technology (RAT)	2 (=GERAN)
	type currently used by the Mobile Station as defined in	3 (=WLAN)
		4 (=GAN) 5 (= H SDA Evolution)
	3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0	5 (=HSPÁ Evolution)
fiveGSInformation	3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.50, if available.	
fiveGSInformation	3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.50, if available. The identifiers are related to	5 (=HSPÁ Evolution)
fiveGSInformation	3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.50, if available. The identifiers are related to a mobile network access	5 (=HSPÁ Evolution)
	3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.50, if available. The identifiers are related to a mobile network access based on NR 5G system	5 (=HSPÁ Evolution)
sUPI	3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.50, if available. The identifiers are related to a mobile network access based on NR 5G system CHOICE	5 (=HSPÁ Evolution) 6 (=E-UTRAN)
-	3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.50, if available. The identifiers are related to a mobile network access based on NR 5G system CHOICE SUPI in the form of an IMSI.	5 (=HSPÁ Evolution)
sUPI	3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.50, if available. The identifiers are related to a mobile network access based on NR 5G system CHOICE SUPI in the form of an IMSI. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last	5 (=HSPÁ Evolution) 6 (=E-UTRAN)
sUPI iMSI	3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.50, if available. The identifiers are related to a mobile network access based on NR 5G system CHOICE SUPI in the form of an IMSI. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	5 (=HSPÁ Evolution) 6 (=E-UTRAN) 228993035511773F
sUPI	3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.50, if available. The identifiers are related to a mobile network access based on NR 5G system CHOICE SUPI in the form of an IMSI. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet) SUPI in the form of a Network	5 (=HSPÁ Evolution) 6 (=E-UTRAN)
sUPI iMSI	3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.50, if available. The identifiers are related to a mobile network access based on NR 5G system CHOICE SUPI in the form of an IMSI. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	5 (=HSPÁ Evolution) 6 (=E-UTRAN) 228993035511773F

mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a	
PartyNumber	MSISDN Mobile Station International ISDN Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to this 5G subscription.	41771112233
nAl	GPSI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com
pEl	Served PEI of the ME as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 Clause 6.4, if available.	
IMEI	IMEI is encoded on 8 octets to allow the 14 digits (TAC+SNR). When no Check Digit is present the IMEI shall be coded with the first 14 digits + 0F at the end. See 3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.53.	359040082042280F
IMEISV	IMEISV is encoded on 8 octets to allow the 14 digits (TAC+SNR) + 2 digits of Software Version (SV). See 3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0 clause 7.7.53.	3571600455770051
rANSecondaryRATType	Secondary Radio Access Type (RAT) usage as reported from the Radio Access Network (RAN) if available. See 3GPP TS 32.291 V17.2.0 clause 6.1.6.2.2.17	nr eutra wlan, virtual nBIoT wirelineCable wirelineDSL wirelinePON ITEM nRU eUTRAU trustedN3GA trustedWLAN uTRA gERA
wifilnformation		
bSSID	The Basic Service Set Identification (BSSID) is the MAC address of the access point.	001B774954FD [in hexadecimal format]
LocationOfAccessPoint		
gsmLocation		
geoCoordinates latitude	SEQUENCE Geographic coordinate that specifies the north–south position of a point on the	N472711.10

	Earth's surface according to the World Geodetic System 1984.	
longitude	Geographic coordinate that specifies the east-west position of a point on the Earth's surface according to the World Geodetic System 1984.	E0083343.20
mapDatum	World Geodetic System indication of the coordinates	wGS84
postalLocation	Structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	1
streetName	Street name	Terminal Zurich Airport
postalCode	Postal code of the city	8058
city	City	Zurich
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
cSPDefinedName	CSP-defined label or name assigned to the hotspot.	AirportZRH01-CH

Table 7-9: Method 2 - parameters to be delivered via HI-B for the last active location

7.4.5 AS_32_PREP_COV Network analysis in preparation of a search by cell coverage area

7.4.5.1 Network analysis preparation request elements

This section covers the request criteria contained in the requestParameters \Rightarrow RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for network analysis for the preparation of a search by cell coverage area. This is one of the possibilities to determine which cells shall be searched in AS_34 / AS_34_MORE.

Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = network access	
naServiceUsage	Category = network access service usage	

Location	Table E.3			
General requirements				
 The location information structure may be composed of: 1) Geographical coordinates, 2) Postal location The following location information elements and fields may be present in the request: 				
1) Geographical coordinates elements				
gsmLocation Table B.11				
Description and requirements	Examples			

The formats of the following elements (latitude and	
longitude) are defined in detail in ETSI TS 102 657	
V1.28.1 Annex B.3.	
The geographical coordinates of the antenna shall be	
indicated according to the WGS84 World Geodetic	
System.	
Elements:	
latitude [XDDMMSS.SS]	N465648.10
longitude [XDDDMMSS.SS]	E0072650.80
mapDatum	wGS84
2) Postal location elements	
buildingNumber	
Description and requirements	Examples
The building number.	127
	4a
streetName	
Description and requirements	Examples
The name of the street or place or road indication.	route de Versoix
	Bärenplatz
	Autobahn A5 km38
	Langstrasse 15
	Note: UTF-8 coding is preferred.
postalCode	
Description and requirements	Examples
Postal code of the location.	3011
city	
Description and requirements	Examples
The name of the city, village or area (as applicable).	Bern
	Zürich
	Lugano
	Note: UTF-8 coding is preferred.
country	-
Description and requirements	Examples
Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	CH
	FL
otherInformation	· · · ·
Description and requirements	Examples
Additional information of the venue	Indoor EG
	Terminal B
	Any type of geographical
	coordinates

7.4.5.2 Network analysis preparation response elements

This section covers the elements and fields for the response for network analysis for the preparation of a search by cell coverage area.

Element or attribute	Description	Example
recordPayload		

networkAccess	Service = network access	
naServiceUsage	Category = network access service usage	

Location	Table E.3	
General requirements		
The Location structure is used for mobile networks. The following cell identities can be		
provided, depending on the radio access technology:		
GERAN radio access technology:		
a) Cell and area identity elements: globalCellID		
LITRAN radio access technology:		
UTRAN radio access technology: b) Cell and area identity elements: globalCellID		
E-UTRAN radio access technology:		
c) Cell and area identity elements: userLocationInform	ation or eCGI	
NR radio access technology:	1-1	
d) Cell and area identity elements: nCGI, trackingArea	lidentifier	
1) Cell and area identity elements		
globalCellID	Table B.11	
Description and requirements	Example	
Cell Global Identity (CGI). The CGI may be used for	22F8901D50BB59	
GERAN and UTRAN.	[in hexadecimal format]	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+CI(2		
octets)		
userLocationInformation	Table B.11	
Description and requirements	Example	
This field is to be used only for E-UTRAN network	1822F899123422F89907654321	
access and is composed of the Tracking Area Identifier	[in hexadecimal format]	
(TAI) and the E-UTRAN Cell Global Identification (ECGI) components.		
First octet represents the flags as specified in 3GPP TS		
29.274 V17.5.0 clause 8.21.		
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAI(2		
octets)+MCC(2octets)+MNC(1 octet)+ECI(encoded		
with 28 bits, 4 octets with first semi-octet as spare = 0)		
eCGI	Table B.11	
Description and requirements	Example	
E-UTRAN Cell Global Identity (ECGI)	0722F890056C8720	
First octet "07" represents the length in octets.	[in hexadecimal format]	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+ECI(encoded with 28		
bits, 4 octets with first semi-octet as spare = 0)	Table D 11	
trackingArealdentifier	Table B.11	
Description and requirements	Example	
The "Tracking Area Identity" is coded in accordance with 3GPP TS 29.274 V17.5.0 cl. 8.21.4 and the 5G	22F899AB56E3 22F89948CF	
TAI see 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 clause 28.6.		
TAI 300 3011 10 20.000 V17.3.0 Gauge 20.0.		

This element shall be used only in the context of 5G NR and Multi-RAT connectivity.	
MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(2 octets for E-	
UTRAN or 3 octets for NR)	
nCGI	Table B.11
Description and requirements	Example
The NR Cell Global Identity (NCGI) is composed of the	
concatenation of the PLMN Identifier (pLMNID) and the	
NR Cell Identity (nRcellID) as shown in 3GPP TS	
23.003 V17.5.0 clause 19.6A	
pLMNID	22F899
[MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)]	
nRcellID	AB12CD34E0
[encoded with 36 bits, 5 octets with most significant	
semi-octet as spare = 0]	

wiFilnformation	Table E.3	
General requirements		
Information specific to wireless lan (wlan) network acce	ess. The structure is composed of	
the following element:		
bSSID	Table E.5B	
Description and requirements	Example	
The Basic Service Set Identification (BSSID) is the	001B774954FD	
MAC address of the access point.	[in hexadecimal format]	
locationOfAccessPoint	Table E.5B	
Location	Structure	
postalLocation		
AddressInformation		
Description and requirements		
Allow the CSP to provide a postal address of the		
access point, if necessary and available.		
buildingNumber		
Description and requirements	Examples	
The building number.	127	
	4a	
streetName		
Description and requirements	Examples	
The name of the street or place or road indication.	route de Versoix	
	Bärenplatz	
	Autobahn A5 km38	
	Langstrasse 15	
	Note: UTF-8 coding is preferred.	
postalCode		
Description and requirements	Examples	
Postal code of the location.	3011	
city		
Description and requirements	Examples	
The name of the city, village or area (as applicable).	Bern	
	Zürich	
	Lugano	

	Note: UTF-8 coding is preferred.
country	
Description and requirements	Examples
Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
	FL
otherInformation	
Description and requirements	Examples
Additional information of the venue	Indoor EG
	Terminal B
cSPDefinedName	Table E.5B
Description and requirements	Examples
CSP-defined label or name assigned to the access	AirportZRH01-CH
point.	

7.4.6 AS_33_PREP_REF Determination of reference calls or sessions in preparation of a search by cell coverage area

7.4.6.1 Reference calls or sessions preparation request elements

This section covers the request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for reference calls or sessions for the preparation of a search by cell coverage area. This is one of the possibilities to determine which cells shall be searched in AS_34 / AS_34_MORE.

There are two types of requests:

1) For reference telephony calls the Multimedia service usage category shall be used, even for circuit-switched based telephony service.

1) Structure of request of the reference call (Multimedia)		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
isAMemberOf	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaServiceUsage	Category = multimedia service usage	
partyInformation	XSD structure	
multimediaPartyInformation	XSD structure	
partyRole	Role of the parties performing the reference call.	calling called
partyldentity	SIP URI or TEL URI or E.164 number in international format.	sip:alice@atlanta.com tel:+41598889988 41598889988
Time interval constraints for the request		
lessThanOrEqualTo	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	

multimediaServiceUsage	Category = multimedia service usage	
partyInformation	XSD structure	
MultimediaPartyInformation	XSD structure	
communicationTime		
startTime	The calendar date and time of the beginning of the communication with at least a precision to the second. It shall be in local time with indication of the time zone relative to UTC or in UTC time. The format is according to the GeneralizedTime parameter specified in ITU-T X.680 (11/08).	20190428110000Z
greaterThanOrEqualTo	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaServiceUsage	Category = multimedia service usage	
partyInformation	XSD structure	
MultimediaPartyInformation	XSD structure	
communicationTime		
startTime	The calendar date and time of the beginning of the communication with at least a precision to the second. It shall be in local time with indication of the time zone relative to UTC or in UTC time. The format is according to the GeneralizedTime parameter specified in ITU-T X.680 (11/08).	20190428100000Z

2) For reference mobile-based and wlan-based network access sessions the network access service usage category shall be used.

2) Structure of request of the reference network access session (Mobile or WLAN)			
Element or attribute Description Example			
isAMemberOf	Request constraint		
networkAccess	Service = network access		

naServiceUsage	Category = network access service usage	
nwAccessType	Type of network access performed as reference session.	wirelessLAN mobilePacketData
Structure to provide the ider	tity for reference mobile netwo	rk access
ePSInformation	Structure to provide the identity related to the reference mobile network access, either GPRS or EPS. The EPS structure shall be used.	Table E.5A
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the target. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
mSISDN	MSISDN number of the	
DortyNumber	mobile target.	41751110000
PartyNumber fiveGSInformation	The target identity is related to a mobile network access based on 5G system	41751112233
sUPI	CHOICE	
iMSI	SUPI in the form of an IMSI. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
nAl	SUPI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com
gPSI	CHOICE	
mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a MSISDN	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International ISDN Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to this 5G subscription.	41771112233
nAl	GPSI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com
Structure to provide the ider	tity for reference WLAN netwo	rk access
wifilnformation	Structure to provide the identity related to the reference WLAN network access	Table E.5B
sSID	The human-readable Service Set Identifier.	Free-WLAN
username	Username as provided in the reference session.	john.doe
Time interval constraints for		[
lessThanOrEqualTo	Request constraint	

networkAccess	Service = network access	
naServiceUsage	Category = network access service usage	
interval	XSD structure	
startTime	The calendar date and time of the beginning of the communication with at least a precision to the second. It shall be in local time with indication of the time zone relative to UTC or in UTC time. The format is according to the GeneralizedTime parameter specified in ITU-T X.680 (11/08).	20181028090000Z
greaterThanOrEqualTo	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = network access	
naServiceUsage	Category = network access service usage	
interval	XSD structure	
startTime	The calendar date and time of the beginning of the communication with at least a precision to the second. It shall be in local time with indication of the time zone relative to UTC or in UTC time. The format is according to the GeneralizedTime parameter specified in ITU-T X.680 (11/08).	20181028080000Z

7.4.6.2 Reference calls or sessions preparation response elements

This section covers the elements and fields for the response for reference calls or sessions for the preparation of a search by cell coverage area.

There are two types of responses:

1) For reference telephony calls the Multimedia service usage category shall be used, even for circuit-switched based telephony service.

1) Structure of the response for reference call (Multimedia)		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	

multimediaServiceUsage	Category = multimedia service usage	
partyInformation	XSD structure	
multimediaPartyInformation	XSD structure	
partyRole	Role of the parties performing the reference call.	calling called
partyldentity	SIP URI or TEL URI or E.164 number in international format.	sip:alice@atlanta.com tel:+41598889988 41598889988
natureOfAddress	Optionally the nature of address element may complement the "partyldentity" element in order to avoid any ambiguity.	International National Unknown
accessNetworkInformation	Structure with a sequence of accessNetworkInfo, composed of the PaniHeaderInfo structure.	
AccessNetworkInfo	SEQUENCE OF	
paniHeaderInfo		
paniLocation		
globalCellID	Cell Global Identity (CGI) serving the party of the reference call. The CGI may be used for GERAN and UTRAN mobile PS network access. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+CI(2 octets)	22F8901D50BB59 [in hexadecimal format]
eCGI	E-UTRAN Cell Global Identity (ECGI) serving the party of the reference call in E-UTRAN mode (VoLTE). Firs octet "07" represents the length in octets. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+ECI(encoded with 28 bits, 4 octets with first semi-octet as spare = 0)	0722F890056C8720 [in hexadecimal format]
nCGI	The NR Cell Global Identity (NCGI) is composed of the concatenation of the PLMN Identifier (pLMNID) and the NR Cell Identity (nRcelIID) as shown in 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 clause 19.6A	
pLMNID	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)	22F899
nRcellID	Encoded with 36 bits, 5 octets with most significant semi-octet as spare = 0	AB12CD34E0

2) For reference mobile-based and wlan-based network access sessions the network access service usage category shall be used.

Element or attribute	of the reference network access ses Description	Example
networkAccess	Service = network access	
naServiceUsage	Category = network access service	
-	usage	
	cell identity for reference mobile net	work access
location	Structure used to provide the cell	
	identity information at the	
	beginning of the reference mobile	
	network access session.	
globalCellID	Cell Global Identity (CGI) serving	22F8901D50BB59
	the party of the reference session.	[in hexadecimal format]
	The CGI may be used for GERAN	
	and UTRAN mobile PS network	
	access. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1	
	octet)+LAC(2 octets)+CI(2 octets)	
eCGI	E-UTRAN Cell Global Identity	0722F890056C8720
0001	(ECGI) serving the party of the	[in hexadecimal format]
	reference call in E-UTRAN mode	
	(VoLTE).	
	Firs octet "07" represents the	
	length in octets.	
	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1	
	octet)+ECI(encoded with 28 bits, 4	
	octets with first semi-octet as spare	
	= 0)	
nCGI	The NR Cell Global Identity	
	(NCGI), composed of the	
	concatenation of the PLMN	
	Identifier (PLMN-Id) and the NR	
	Cell Identity (NCI) as shown in	
	3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 clause	
	19.6A.	225000
pLMNID	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)	22F899
nRcellID	Encoded with 36 bits, 5 octets with	AB12CD34E0
	most significant semi-octet as	1.0.12000120
	spare = 0	
additionalLocations	Structure used to provide the cell	
	identity information during and at	
	the end of the reference mobile	
	network access session, if	
	available.	
TimedLocation	SEQUENCE	
Location		
globalCellID	Cell Global Identity (CGI) serving	22F8901D50BB59
	the party. The CGI may be used for	[in hexadecimal format]
	GERAN and UTRAN mobile PS	
	network access.	

	MCC(2 actata) (MNIC/1	
	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+CI(2 octets)	
eCGI		0722580005608720
ecgi	E-UTRAN Cell Global Identity	0722F890056C8720
	(ECGI) serving the party in E-	[in hexadecimal format]
	UTRAN mode (VoLTE).	
	Firs octet "07" represents the	
	length in octets.	
	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1	
	octet)+ECI(encoded with 28 bits, 4	
	octets with first semi-octet as spare	
	= 0)	
nCGI	The NR Cell Global Identity	
	(NCGI), composed of the	
	concatenation of the PLMN	
	Identifier (PLMN-Id) and the NR	
	Cell Identity (NCI) as shown in	
	3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 clause	
	19.6A.	
pLMNID	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)	22F899
nRcellID	Encoded with 36 bits, 5 octets with	AB12CD34E0
	most significant semi-octet as	
	spare = 0	
naAccessTime	GeneralizedTime	20191109134308.129Z
Structure to provide the	ne identity for reference mobile network	(access
ePSInformation	Structure to provide the identity	Table E.5A
	related to the reference mobile	
	network access, either GPRS or	
	EPS. The EPS structure shall be	
	used.	
iMSI	The International Mobile	228993035511773F
	Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the	
	target.	
	(IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit	
	"F" as a filler half-octet)	
mSISDN	MSISDN number of the mobile	
	target.	
PartyNumber		41751112233
fiveGSInformation	The target identity is related to a	
	mobile network access based on	
	5G system	
sUPI	CHOICE	
iMSI	SUPI in the form of an IMSI.	228993035511773F
	(IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit	
	"F" as a filler half-octet)	
nAl	SUPI in the form of a Network	joe@example.com
	Access Identifier according to IETF	
	RFC 4282.	
gPSI	CHOICE	
mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a MSISDN	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International ISDN	41771112233
r ar ty Nullidel	Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to	+1//11/2233
	this 5G subscription.	

nAl	GPSI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com
Structure to provide the	access point identity for reference W	LAN network access
wifilnformation	Structure to provide the access point identity related to the reference WLAN network access	
bSSID	The Basic Service Set Identification (BSSID) for the network access connection. This is also the MAC address of the access point.	9AF3BB829824
sSID	The Service Set Identifier if available	WLAN-Public
username	Username as provided in the reference session.	john.doe
locationOfAccessPoint		
Location	Structure	
AddressInformation		
postalLocation	Optionally allows the CSP to provide a postal address of the access point, if necessary and available.	
buildingNumber	The building number.	127 4a
streetName	The name of the street or place or road indication.	route de Versoix Bärenplatz Autobahn A5 km38 Langstrasse 15 Note: UTF-8 coding is preferred.
postalCode	Postal code of the location.	3011
city	The name of the city, village or area (as applicable).	Bern Zürich Lugano Note: UTF-8 coding is
country	Country code as defined in ISO	preferred. CH
otherInformation	3166-1 (2013) Additional information of the venue	FL Indoor EG Terminal B

7.4.7 AS_34 & AS_34_MORE Search by cell coverage area by mobile telephony and network access

7.4.7.1 Search by cell coverage area request elements

This section covers the request criteria contained in the requestParameters \Rightarrow RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the search by cell coverage area. There are two types of requests:

1) For mobile telephony calls on a cell the Multimedia service usage category shall be used, even for circuit-switched based telephony service.

1) Structure of request for mobile telephony calls on a cell (Multimedia)		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaServiceUsage	Category = multimedia service usage	
partyInformation	XSD structure	
accessNetworkInformation	Structure with a sequence of accessNetworkInfo, composed of the PaniHeaderInfo structure.	
AccessNetworkInfo	XSD structure	
paniHeaderInfo		
paniLocation		
globalCellID	Cell Global Identity (CGI) serving the party. The CGI may be used for GERAN and UTRAN mobile PS network access. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+CI(2 octets)	22F8901D50BB59 [in hexadecimal format]
tAI	Tracking Area Identity (TAI) serving the target in E-UTRAN mode as specified in 3GPP TS 23.272 V17.0.0. First octet "05" represents the length in octets. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(2 octets)	0522F89035B7 [in hexadecimal format]
eCGI	E-UTRAN Cell Global Identity (ECGI) serving the party in E- UTRAN mode (VoLTE). Firs octet "07" represents the length in octets. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+ECI(encoded with 28 bits, 4 octets with first semi-octet as spare = 0)	0722F890056C8720 [in hexadecimal format]
trackingArealdentifier	The "Tracking Area Identity" is coded in accordance with 3GPP TS 29.274 V17.5.0 cl. 8.21.4 and the 5G TAI see 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 clause 28.6. This element shall be used only in the context of 5G NR and Multi- RAT connectivity.	22F899AB56E3 22F89948CF

		,
	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1	
	octet)+TAC(2 octets for E-UTRAN	
	or 3 octets for NR)	
nCGI	The NR Cell Global Identity (NCGI)	
	is composed of the concatenation	
	of the PLMN Identifier (pLMNID)	
	and the NR Cell Identity (nRcelIID)	
	as shown in 3GPP TS 23.003	
	V17.5.0 clause 19.6A	
pLMNID	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)	22F899
nRcellID	encoded with 36 bits, 5 octets with	AB12CD34E0
	most significant semi-octet as	
	spare = 0	
postalLocation	In case of WLAN access for a	
	multimedia session, allows the	
	CSP to provide a postal address of	
	the access point, if necessary and	
	available.	
AddressInformation		
buildingNumber	The building number.	127
		4a
streetName	The name of the street or place or	route de Versoix
	road indication.	Bärenplatz
		Autobahn A5 km38
		Langstrasse 15
		Note: UTF-8 coding is
		preferred.
postalCode	Postal code of the location.	3011
city	The name of the city, village or	Bern
City	area (as applicable).	Zürich
		Lugano
		Lugano
		Note: UTF-8 coding is
		preferred.
country	Country code as defined in ISO	CH
	3166-1 (2013)	FL
otherInformation	Additional information	Indoor EG
		Terminal B
bSSID	The Basic Service Set	001B44113AB7
	Identification of the WLAN Access	[in hexadecimal format]
	Point. Equivalent to the MAC	
	address of the Access Point.	

Time period interval for the request (Multimedia)		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
lessThanOrEqualTo	Request constraints defining the time period interval for the	
and	historical data.	
greaterThanOrEqualTo		
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	

multimediaServiceUsage	Category = multimedia service	
	usage	
partyInformation	XSD structure	
multimediaPartyInformation	XSD structure	
communicationTime	XSD structure	
startTime	All communications with startTime	20180210200001+0100
	in the given period interval in	20180210213000+0100
	"GeneralizedTime" format.	

2) For mobile-based and wlan-based network access sessions the network access service usage category shall be used.

2) Structure of request for mobile or WLAN network access on a cell		
Element or	Description	Example
attribute		
networkAccess	Service = network access	
naServiceUsage	Category = network access service usage	
Structure to provide t	he cell identity for reference mobile ne	etwork access
location	Structure used to provide the cell identity information for the search by cell coverage area.	
globalCellID	Cell Global Identity (CGI) serving the party. The CGI may be used for GERAN and UTRAN mobile PS network access. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+CI(2 octets)	22F8901D50BB59 [in hexadecimal format]
eCGI	E-UTRAN Cell Global Identity (ECGI) serving the party in E- UTRAN mode (VoLTE). Firs octet "07" represents the length in octets. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+ECI(encoded with 28 bits, 4 octets with first semi-octet as spare = 0)	0722F890056C8720 [in hexadecimal format]
nCGI	The NR Cell Global Identity (NCGI), composed of the concatenation of the PLMN Identifier (PLMN-Id) and the NR Cell Identity (NCI) as shown in 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 clause 19.6A.	
pLMNID	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)	22F899

nRcellID	Encoded with 36 bits, 5 octets with	AB12CD34E0
	most significant semi-octet as	
	spare = 0	
	access point identity for the WLAN	network access
wifiInformation	Structure to provide the identity of	
	the WLAN network access	
bSSID	The Basic Service Set Identification	9AF3BB829824
	(BSSID) for the network access connection. This is also the MAC	
	address of the access point.	
locationOfAccessPoint		
Location	Structure	
postalLocation	Allows the CSP to provide a postal	
postaleocation	address of the access point, if	
	necessary and available.	
AddressInformation		
buildingNumber	The building number.	127
C C	Ŭ	4a
streetName	The name of the street or place or	route de Versoix
	road indication.	Bärenplatz
		Autobahn A5 km38
		Langstrasse 15
		Note: UTF-8 coding is
		preferred.
postalCode	Postal code of the location.	3011
city	The name of the city, village or	Bern
	area (as applicable).	Zürich
		Lugano
		Note: UTF-8 coding is
		preferred.
country	Country code as defined in ISO	СН
	3166-1 (2013)	FL
otherInformation	Additional information of the venue	Indoor EG
		Terminal B
cSPDefinedName	CSP-defined label or name	AirportZRH01-CH
	assigned to the access point.	

Time period interval for the request (Mobile or WLAN network access)		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
lessThanOrEqualTo	Request constraints defining the time period interval for the historical	
and	data.	
greaterThanOrEqualTo		
networkAccess	Service = network access	
naServiceUsage	Category = network access service usage	
interval	XSD structure	

startTime All communications with startTime in the given period interval in "GeneralizedTime" format.	20180210200001+0100 20180210213000+0100
---	--

7.4.7.2 Search by cell coverage area response elements

This section covers the elements and fields for the response for a search by cell coverage area.

There are two types of responses:

1) For telephony calls the Multimedia service usage category shall be used, even for circuitswitched based telephony service.

The response structure for telephony and multimedia calls is identical to the section 7.4.2.2

2) For mobile-based and wlan-based network access sessions the network access service usage category shall be used.

The response structure for mobile-based and wlan-based network access sessions is identical to the section 7.4.3.2

7.4.8 EP_38_HD Combined network access and multimedia service usage for emergency paging

7.4.8.1 Combined network access and multimedia service usage request criteria elements and structure

This section covers the request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the EP_38_HD combined network access and multimedia service usage for emergency paging.

There are two types of requests:

1) For multimedia and telephony sessions and calls the Multimedia service usage category shall be used, even for circuit-switched based telephony service.

The request is formed as defined in section 7.4.2.1.

2) For fix or mobile-based and wlan-based network access sessions the network access service usage category shall be used.

The request is formed as defined in section 7.4.3.1.

7.4.8.2 Combined network access and multimedia service usage response elements

This section covers the elements and fields for the response for the EP_38_HD combined network access and multimedia service usage for emergency paging.

There are two types of responses:

1) For multimedia and telephony sessions and calls the Multimedia service usage category shall be used, even for circuit-switched based telephony service.

The response structure for telephony and multimedia sessions and calls is identical to the section 7.4.2.2

2) For mobile-based and wlan-based network access sessions the network access service usage category shall be used.

The response structure for mobile-based and wlan-based network access sessions is identical to the section 7.4.3.2

7.5 Historical data handover interface requirements and options

The handover interface is used for the transmission of the PTSS requests and CSP responses for retroactive data. The data is encoded in one or several XML files.

Delivery of the historical data is possible with the following techniques: - HTTPS

If HTTPS transactions are not possible or as a fallback solution in case of technical problem:

- Secure Email (using OpenPGP)
- Portable physical storage media (e.g., CD or DVD or HDD)

The PTSS determines based on consultations with CSP the delivery method.

NOTE: This interface requirements and options are also used for the handover interface used for the Information Requests specified in section 8.

Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements or
ETSI TS	Switzerland	specifications
102 657		
V1.28.1		
4.1	Reference model - NOTE 1:	
	PTSS is the only authorised	
	organisation.	
4.1	Reference model - issuing and	
	receiving authority:	
	PTSS is the issuing and receiving	
	authority.	
4.4	Handover Interface port 1 (HI-A)	
	and Handover Interfaceport 2 (HI-	
	B)	
	HI-A and HI-B may cross borders	
	between Switzerland and other	
	countries	
4.5/7.1	Model used for the RDHI	
	Encoding and delivery technique	
	uses HTTPS and XML as described	
	in clause 7.2.	
5.1.5.1	Errors and failure types	
0.1.0.1		Amendment to text for the sake of
		consistency with clause 5.1.5.3
		2) Errors: If one party makes a
		, , ,
		syntactical or protocol-level error
		(e.g. badly-formatted XML or invalid
		authorisation), the other party shall
		return an error. The message with
		the mistake is then ignored (see
		clause 5.1.5.3).

Clause	Coloritors of ETCL options for	
Clause ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Switzerland	Additional requirements or
102 657	Switzenand	specifications
V1.28.1		
5.1.5.3	Other errors	
5.1.5.5		According to ETSI this clause is confined to the direction from Authorised Organisation to CSP \rightarrow "If the CSP receives" For the sake of consistency with clause 5.1.5.1 Item 2) errors detected by the Authorised Organisation shall be handled accordingly.
5.1.5.4	Missing messages	When no response is received to an HTTP POST within 15 seconds, PTSS will repeat the request after a waiting time of 30 seconds. If this repeated request is also not answered within 15 seconds, the request will be considered as failed. The Authorised Organisation and each CSP shall describe the "appropriate" actions to resolve the missing messages error situation and document it in a separate document.
5.1.7	Delivery of results The multi-part delivery option must be implemented and be used to allow for an immediate data delivery.	
5.2	an immediate data delivery. Message flows for general	
	situation This is the only option used in Switzerland for HI-A and HI-B implementations. NOTE: This implies that the mutual client/server arrangement according to clause 7.2.3 shall be supported.	A specific handover interface solution for small and medium CSP is available
5.2.1	Delivery of a response	While "Cancellation of request" is used in Switzerland, it may happen that the CSP side receives a "cancelMessage" while delivering results. This procedure shall not impact the CSP and PTSS shall accept to receive all the delivered data without leading to an alarm or error condition.

Clause	Coloction of ETCL options for	
Clause ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements or
	Switzerland	specifications
102 657 V1.28.1		
5.2.2	Concellation of request	
5.2.2	Cancellation of request "Cancellation of request" can be used	The using of the "cancellation of
	in Switzerland.	request" shall not impact an ongoing
		delivery process by the CSP and shall
		not lead to an alarm or error condition.
		PTSS shall accept all data delivered by
		the CSP even after a "cancelMessage".
		PTSS shall deal accordingly with the
		delivered data.
5.2.3	Multi-part delivery	
	In case of Multi-part delivery the	
	option "sequential delivery" shall be	
	used.	
5.3	Message flows for Authorised-	
	Organisation-initiated scenario	
	The scenario Authorised-	
	Organisation-initiated is not allowed	
	at the Authorised Organisation side.	
	As a consequence CSPs do not need	
	to support this mode of message	
	flow.	
	NOTE: This implies that the single client/server arrangement	
	according to clause 7.2.2 is	
	not used.	
5.4	Message types for HI-A and HI-B;	
	issuing and receiving Authority	
	PTSS acts as the issuing and	
	receiving Authority.	
5.5	HI-A and HI-B addressing	
		Addresses are defined in a separate
		bilateral document between the
		Authorised Organisation and CSP.
6.1.2	RequestID field specification	
	The Authorised Organisation code is	
	managed and delivered exclusively	
0.4.0.4	by PTSS.	
6.1.3.1	CSP Identifiers	
	CSPID codepoints are managed and	
6.1.3.2	delivered exclusively by PTSS.	
0.1.3.2	Third Party CSP Identifiers The thirdPartyCSPID shall be agreed	The use of thirdPartyCSP Identifiers is
	on a national basis and shall follow	not supported.
	the same rules and format as for the	
	CSPID field.	
L		

Olever	Only other of ETOL onthe on fam	
Clause	Selection of ETSI options for	Additional requirements or
ETSI TS	Switzerland	specifications
102 657		
V1.28.1		
6.1.5	RequestType	
	The requestType parameter is	The requestType parameter is used for
	provided by PTSS in the header of	both Historical Data and Information
	the request. The CSP shall include	Requests.
	the same requestType in the header	
	of the response.	
6.2.1	Retained Data response; General	
	Retained data responses are from	
	the same service and the same	
	category.	
6.2.3	Volatile information	
0.2.5	Option 2 is preferred. The CSP shall	
	inform PTSS which option it	
0.0.1	implements.	
6.3.1	Retained Data requests;	
	Information contained within a	
	request	
	The XPATH notation method is not	
	used in Switzerland.	
6.3.3.1	Priority of a request	
	Priority indication shall be used.	The priority parameter "requestPriority"
		is specified with two priorities:
		00 = Urgent / Dringend / Urgent
		01 = Normal
		If the parameter "requestPriority" is not
		present the request shall be treated as
		regular "01".
6.3.3.2	Maximum hits	
	Maximum hits is not used.	
6.3.3.3	Maximum records per batch	
0.0.0.0	The PTSS determines based on	
	consultations with the CSP the use	
	and the maximum value of the	
	MaxRecordsPerBatch. Its value may vary from one category to another	
	(e.g. Networks Access ≠ Mutlimedia).	
	It is only used for the Historical Data.	
6.3.3.4	Number of records limit	
	The number of records limit method	Number of records limit is used only for
	shall be implemented. When the	the Information Requests specified in
	number of records found is lower or	section 8.
	equal than the limit indicated in the	
	request, the numberOfRecordsFound	
	parameter must not be sent in the	
	ResponseMessage.	
6.4	Error messages	
	CategorisedErrorDescription list and	
	values see section 7.5.1	

Clause ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	Selection of ETSI options for Switzerland	Additional requirements or specifications
7.2.1	Basic configuration Mutual client/server configuration shall be used.	The party that wants to send a message (including acknowledgements) takes the initiative to exchange data.
7.2.2	Single client/server This arrangement does not apply to Switzerland NOTE: This is caused by the fact that the Message flows for Authorised-Organisation- initiated scenario (according to clause 5.3) are not used in Switzerland.	
7.2.3	Mutual client/server This arrangement shall be supported. NOTE: This is caused by the fact that the Message flows for general situation (according to clause 5.2) are used in Switzerland.	The PTSS determines based on consultations with each CSP the definition of the URI. On PTSS side the client uses the following timeout and retries configuration: Connection timeout: 10 seconds Read timeout: 30 seconds Retry policy: every 1 minute, 15 retries Final failure: Alert/requeue for manual processing.
7.2.4	Details common to both single and mutual cases The POST method shall be used. The content-type text/xml shall be used.	
7.3	Direct TCP data exchange Direct TCP is not used in Switzerland.	
8	Security measures Section 9 describes the connection level security.	
8.2	Connection Level Security Implementations shall support HTTPS as defined in IETF RFC 2818, including the support for mutual authentication through bidirectional certificate usage.	The exchange of the certificates and security requirements (such as key management, key length and the choice of cryptographic algorithm) is an implementation issue and is determined by the the PTSS based on consultations with the CSP.

Clause ETSI TS	Selection of ETSI options for Switzerland	Additional requirements or specifications
102 657 V1.28.1		
Annexes	XML Schema definition The version of the supported XML schema, definition must be explicitly announced by PTSS.	See section 7.6 and 8.6 The following changes are applicable in Switzerland to the ETSI published xsd: The elements "MsgSubscriberID", "MultimediaBillingIdentifier", "MultimediaDeviceID" are defined with a type "string" instead of "hexBinary", as <xsd:simpletype name="MsgSubscriberID"> <xsd:simpletype name="MsgSubscriberID"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"/> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"/> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"/> </xsd:restriction </xsd:restriction </xsd:restriction </xsd:simpletype name="MultimediaBillingIdentifier"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"/> </xsd:restriction </xsd:simpletype name="MultimediaBillingIdentifier"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"/> name="MultimediaDeviceID"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"/> name="MultimediaDeviceID"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"/> name="MultimediaDeviceID"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"/> </xsd:restriction </xsd:restriction </xsd:restriction </xsd:restriction
Annex I [Informati ve]	Manual techniques Manual techniques should be used when no electronic interface is available (e.g. in case of failure). The PTSS determines based on consultations with CSP the use of the manual technique.	Manual techniques include: - Use of secure email for the HI-A interface according to section 3. - Use of portable storage media (e.g. CD or DVD) or secure email or FTP for the HI-B interface. Whenever possible the ETSI RD encoding scheme should be used as indicated in Annex 1 sections 7.3, 7.4, 8.3 and 8.4.

Table 7-10: ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 requirements and options

7.5.1 Categorised error description and values list

The following table provides the application level categorised error description and values according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 clause 6.4

Error value	Error Description
3000	General Business Logic Error.
3001	Invalid XML - parsing error
3002	Duplicate RequestID detected.
3003	Transient Technical Error.
4000	Unknown or wrong target identifier.

Table 7-11: Categorised error description and values list

7.6 Applicable XML schema version for retroactive interceptions (historical data)

Any superior version can be adopted by the CSP for better performances. This must be agreed with the PTSS in order to ensure the compatibility with the current Retained Data Component systems, and this requires a new compliance assessment.

Applicable XML	Requirement or instruction for application
Schema	
ETSI TS 102 657 V1	.28.1
RDMessage XML	RDMessage,ver26.xsd
Schema (xsd)	xmlns="http://uri.etsi.org/02657/v1.28.1#/RetainedData"
	The following changes are applicable in Switzerland to the ETSI published xsd: The elements "MsgSubscriberID", "MsgStoreID", "MultimediaBillingIdentifier", "MultimediaDeviceID" are defined with a type "string" instead of "hexBinary", as
	<xsd:simpletype name="MsgSubscriberID"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"></xsd:restriction> </xsd:simpletype>
	<xsd:simpletype name="MsgStoreID"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"></xsd:restriction> </xsd:simpletype>
	<xsd:simpletype name="MultimediaBillingIdentifier"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"></xsd:restriction> </xsd:simpletype>
	<xsd:simpletype name="MultimediaDeviceID"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"></xsd:restriction> </xsd:simpletype>

Table 7-12: Applicable XML schema version for historical data interceptions

8 Information Requests

8.1 General

This section covers the general technical requirements related to the legal provisions set in section 4 of the ordinance VÜPF that need to be fulfilled by the PTSS and the CSP when requesting, respectively providing the information. The format for the requests and responses are based on the technical specification ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1, with the exception of IR_52_ASSOC_TEMP which is based on ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1.

8.2 Information request types

The table below lists the information requests types specified in section 4 of the ordinance VÜPF.

Informa	Information requests for network access			
VÜPF	Type & Description	Identifiers	Section	
article	(Informative translation)	Handover Interfaces		
35	IR_4_NA	Identifiers parameters	8.4.1.1	
27	IR_5_NA_FLEX	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.1.2	
	Information about the subscriber of	Annexes A and E		
	the network access service			
36	IR_6_NA	Identifiers parameters	8.4.1.3	
	Service information about the	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.1.4	
	network access	Annexes A and E		
37	IR_7_IP	Identifiers parameters	8.4.1.5	
	Identification of a user by its unique	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.1.6	
	assigned IP address	Annexes A and E		
38	IR_8_IP (NAT)	Identifiers parameters	8.4.1.7	
	Identification of a user by its shared	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.1.8	
	assigned IP address	Annexes A and E		
39	IR_9_NAT	Identifiers parameters	8.4.1.9	
	Network Address Translation (NAT)	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.1.10	
	information	Annexes A and E		

Table 8-1: Information requests for network access types

Informa	Information requests for telecommunication applications			
VÜPF	Type & Description	Identifiers	Section	
article	(Informative translation)	Handover Interfaces		
40	IR_10_TEL	Identifiers parameters	8.4.2.1	
27	IR_11_TEL_FLEX	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.2.2	
	Multimedia and telephony	Annexes A and D		
	subscription information			
41	IR_12_TEL	Identifiers parameters	8.4.2.3	
	Multimedia and Telephony services	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.2.4	
	information	Annexes A and D		
42	IR_13_EMAIL	Identifiers parameters	8.4.3.1	
27	IR_14_EMAIL_FLEX	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.3.2	
	Message subscription information	Annexes A and C		
43	IR_15_COM	Identifiers parameters	8.4.4.1	
27	IR_16_COM_FLEX	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.4.2	
		Annexes A and E		

Communication service subscription	
information	

Table 8-2: Information requests for telecommunication applications types

	Information requests for billing and payment and contracts of telecommunication services			
VÜPF	Type & Description	Identifiers	Section	
article	(Informative translation)	Handover Interfaces		
44	IR_17_PAY	Identifiers parameters	8.4.5.1	
	Payment details information for all	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.5.2	
	services	Annexes A and D		
45	IR_18_ID	Identifiers parameters	8.4.6.1	
	Identity document copy for all	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.6.2	
	services	Annexes A and D		
46	IR_19_BILL	Identifiers parameters	8.4.7.1	
	Billing document copy for all	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.7.2	
	services	Annexes A and D		
47	IR_20_CONTRACT	Identifiers parameters	8.4.8.1	
	Contract document copy for	ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	8.4.8.2	
	multimedia and telephony services	Annexes A and D		

Table 8-3: Information requests for billing and payment and contracts of telecommunication services

Informa	Information requests for technical network information and assigned identifiers			
VÜPF article	Type & Description (Informative translation)	Identifiers Handover Interfaces	Section	
48	IR_21_TECH Technical data for mobile and WLAN network access information	Identifiers parameters ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and E	8.4.9.1 8.4.9.2	
48 a	IR_51_ASSOC_PERM Association of subscription based assigned identifiers for specific telecommunications service	Identifiers parameters ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D	8.4.10.1 8.4.10.2	
48 b	IR_52_ASSOC_TEMP Association of temporary to permanent identifiers in real-time	ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 & ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	0	
48 c	IR_53_TEL_ADJ_NET Identification of the adjacent network from which the communication or communication attempt originated from or was sent to.	Identifiers parameters ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D	8.4.11.1 8.4.11.2	

Table 8-4: Information requests for technical network information and assigned identifiers

8.3 Common identifiers and parameters of the handover interfaces

This section provides the description of the common parameters and identifiers that are present in the headers of the information requests, with the exception of the IR_52_ASSOC_TEMP, to be sent by the PTSS and the repsonses to be sent by the CSP.

8.3.1 XML elements of the header for information requests by PTSS

The information contained in the XML header is based on the specification ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 clauses 6.1 and 6.2

Element or attribute	Description	Example		
rdHeaderId	Object Identifier	0.4.0.2.3.0.26		
retainedDataHeader				
requestID	1			
countryCode	A country code as per ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН		
authorisedOrganisationI D	Organisation that requested the data.	PTSS		
requestNumber	Unique reference of the request (instruction). It is provided by PTSS and serves as reference for the administration of the request.	IR_201707121234567		
externalldentifier	Parameter to correlate one or several requests. Format: string	IR_20170712123456		
cSPID	Five-digit number provided by PTSS to identify each CSP.	99908		
timeStamp	The local date and time when the request was created. Formatted as "GeneralizedTime" in UTC	20160319131625.347Z		
requestType	Request type provided by PTSS	IR_4_NA IR_5_NA_FLEX IR_10_TEL IR_11_TEL_FLEX		
retainedDataPayload				
requestMessage				
requestParameters	This structure contains a sequence of request criteria. Each criterion shall be expressed as a RequestConstraints parameter. It is structured in two main parts: The first part specifies the service,	RequestConstraints elements: equals lessThanOrEqualTo greaterThanOrEqualTo		

	category and target identity with the parameter "equals". The second part provides the time period interval with the parameters "lessThanOrEqualTo" and "greaterThanOrEqualTo" and "greaterThanOrEqualTo " for which the information requests records shall be delivered by the CSP. The time indication shall be in UTC. A request can only ask for information of one target identity of one service and one category.	
deliveryPointHIB	Delivery point where the information data must be sent to. In case of electronic delivery it will be an	URI: https://ptss- host[nn].lidn.ejpd.admin.ch/P/HIB/IR C/ (where [nn] is a host-number defined by PTSS).
numberOfRecordsLimit	URI The upper bound limit of the number of records allowed in the Information Request response.	10

Table 8-5: XML elements of the header for information requests by PTSS

8.3.2 XML elements of the header for information responses by CSP

The information contained in the XML header is based on the specification ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 clauses 6.1 and 6.2.

Element or attribute	Description	Example
rdHeaderId	Object Identifier	0.4.0.2.3.0.26
requestID		
countryCode	A country code as per ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
authorisedOrganisationID	Organisation that requested the data.	PTSS
requestNumber	Unique reference of the request (instruction). It shall be populated with the character string provided in the element	IR_201707121234567

	"file-number" of the XML	
	order.dtd file.	00000
cSPID	Five-digit number provided by PTSS to each CSP.	99908
timeStamp	Formatted as	20140319131625Z
	"GeneralizedTime"	20140319141625+0100
requestType	Request type provided by	IR_4_NA
	PTSS	IR_5_NA_FLEX
		IR_10_TEL
		IR_11_TEL_FLEX
responseMessage	1	r
responseStatus	Response status from CSP	
	can be:	
	- responseComplete: if all	
	records related to the request	
	are included.	
	- responseIncomplete: if more	
	records will be delivered later.	
	Note: If the	
	responseIncomplete is used	
	then the parameter	
	responseNumber must indicate	
	the number of the multi-part	
	delivery.	
	- responseFailed: if the request	
	cannot be fulfilled.	
responsePayload		
recordNumber	The recordNumber shall start	0, 1, 2, 3, etc
	at 0 and shall increment for	
	each record delivered under	
	the original request.	
numberOfRecordsFound	This parameter indicates the	15
	number of records found when	
	the number of records has	
	exceeded the limit set in the	
	request by the	
	numberOfRecordsLimit	
	parameter. When the number	
	of records found is lower than	
	the requested limit this	
	parameter is omitted in the	
	response.	

Table 8-6: XML elements of the header for information responses by CSP

8.4 Formats and coding requirements for information requests

8.4.1 Network access information requests and responses

The encoding and formats of the parameters for the network access information requests and responses relate to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and E.

8.4.1.1 IR_4_NA & IR_5_NA_FLEX request criteria elements and structure for subscription information

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the network access subscription information.

network access Subscriber			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
equals	Request constraint		
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess		
naSubscriber	Category = naSubscriber		
<u>.</u>		400 450500	
subscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular subscriber within the CSP.	123456789	
naSubscriptions struc	SEQUENCE		
naAuthID	Structure	n muster@evemple.com	
NAAuthID	Username or logon information	p.muster@example.com	
IMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the target. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F	
registeredICCIDs	SEQUENCE OF		
ICCIDInfo	SEQUENCE		
iCCID	Integrated Circuit Card ID of the subscriber (SIM)	89410228641400127777	
elD	Identifier of the eUICC according to GSMA SGP.02 V4.0. (32 num.digits long)	321065498712345678907 41085296321	
allocatedDevices	SEQUENCE OF		
NADevice			
dsIID	DSL identifier as set by the CSP.	DSL-134523	
subscriberID	An alternative identifier for the subscriber using a specific service of the CSP. To be used only when it differs from the subscriberID defined in the NASubscriber sequence.	NA7654321	
mSISDNs	SEQUENCE OF		
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International ISDN Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to this subscription.	41771112233	
sUPI	CHOICE		
iMSI	SUPI in the form of an IMSI. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F	

nAl	SUPI in the form of a Network	joe@example.com
	Access Identifier according to IETF	
	RFC 4282.	
gPSI	CHOICE	
mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a MSISDN	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International ISDN	41771112233
	Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to	
	this 5G subscription.	
nAl	GPSI in the form of a Network	joe@example.com
	Access Identifier according to IETF	
	RFC 4282.	
subscriber structure	05015105	
GenericSubscriberInfo	SEQUENCE	
OrganizationInfo	SEQUENCE	
name	Name of the organisation	FOOBAR AG
	(corporate, foundation, etc)	
contactDetails	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	5578
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
nationalRegistrationID	Unique reference for this	CHE-777.888.999
0	organisation as in the Swiss UID	
	Register (uid.admin.ch) or the LEI	
	(lei.admin.ch)	
IndividualInfo	SEQUENCE	
PersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	First the surname(s) and then the	Muster Da Silva Joe
	firstname(s). Without prefixes (e.g.	Von der Heide Peter Hans
	Dr., Me.) and suffixes (e.g. Junior,	De Pourtalès Léon
	Senior, Second, Third)	Liu Jianguo
	,	Al-Shammari Fahd Abdul
contactAddress	SEQUENCE	
address	Structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	6897
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
dateOfBirth	Subscriber's date of birth. Only the	19920611000000Z
	year, month and day information	
	shall be taken into account. Any	
	other indication shall be discarded.	

AuthenticationInfo	SEQUENCE	
authenticationType	Description of the type of document	ID card
	used to authenticate, e.g. passport, ID card	Passport
authenticationNumber	The number of the document used	E12345678
	to authenticate	

8.4.1.2 IR_4_NA & IR_5_NA_FLEX response elements and structure for subscription information

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the Network access subscriber records according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and E.

network access Subscriber			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,	
recordPayload structure			
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess		
naSubscriber	Category = naSubscriber		
subscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular subscriber within the CSP.	123456789	
		1	
naSubscriptions structure			
naSubscriptions	SEQUENCE OF		
NAServiceSubscription	SEQUENCE		
validity	Structure		
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE		
startTime	Start time of the subscribed service	20100611000000Z	
endTime	End time of the subscribed service	20160731000000Z	
naServiceID	Identifier for the service according to the CSP.	Internet Access Mobile Unlimited	
naAuthID	Structure		
NAAuthID	Username or logon information	p.muster@example.com	
options	Indicates any option or specific information to the subscription.	Multi-Identity Multi-Device Primary Secondary	
installationAddress	Structure composed of the installation address of the subscriber's equipment, if applicable.		
buildingNumber	Building number	12	
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse	
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999	
city	City	Ortdorf	

country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
validity	structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the installation	20100611000000+0200 20100611000000Z
endTime	End time of the installation, if applicable.	20150630000000+0200 20150630000000Z
fixIpAddress	Fix IP address assigned to the subscriber in text format, if applicable.	203.0.113.25 2001:DB8:7401::EDF:BDD7
naServiceStatus	Information about the status of the subscribed service.	active ceased suspended
additionallPAddresses	IP addresses assigned to the subscriber. When the IP addresses or ranges or prefix assigned to the subscriber have different time of validity, the structure timedIPAddresses shall be used.	
IPAddressSetOrRangeOrMask	CHOICE	set, range,
set	Sequence of IP addresses	
iPTextAddress		203.0.113.25 2001:DB8:7401::EDF:BDD7
range		
prefix	IP address in text format	203.0.113.0 2001:DB8::
subnetlength	IP subnet length integer	24 32
subscriptionType	Structure	
SubscriptionType	ENUMERATED	unknown postpay prepay other
resellerAddress	Structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	28
streetName	Street name	Beispielstrasse
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9989
city	City	Beispielstadt
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
relatedOrganizationInfo	Structure	
OrganizationInfo	SEQUENCE	
name	Name of the reseller organisation	CheapMobile SA
createTime	Time that subscriber account was created by the reseller organisation.	20160525134000+0200 20160525134000Z

relatedPersonName	PersonName	
PersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	The reseller surname(s)	Muster Joe
	and firstname(s), as well	
	as the prefixes and suffixes	
	if applicable, are provided	
	in this field only.	
allocatedDevices	SEQUENCE OF	
macAddress	MAC address of the	54A6FA471B3C
	allocated equipment	
dsIID	DSL identifier as set by the	DSL-134523
	CSP.	
subscriberID	An alternative identifier for	NA7654321
	the subscriber using a	
	specific service of the	
	CSP. To be used only	
	when it differs from the	
	subscriberID defined in the	
	NASubscriber sequence.	
mSISDNs	SEQUENCE OF	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International	41771112233
	ISDN Numbers (MSISDNs)	111112200
	allocated to this	
	subscription.	
registeredICCIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
ICCIDInfo	SEQUENCE	
iCCID	Integrated Circuit Card ID	89410228641400127777
	of the subscriber (SIM)	89410228041400127777
iMSI	The International Mobile	228993035511773F
11/131	Subscriber Identity (IMSI)	220993033311773F
	of the subscriber.	
	(IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-	
	U	
sUPI iMSI	CHOICE	2220020255447725
IMSI	SUPI in the form of an	228993035511773F
	IMSI.	
	(IMSI is 15 digits long +	
	last digit "F" as a filler half-	
	octet)	
nAl	SUPI in the form of a	joe@example.com
	Network Access Identifier	
	according to IETF RFC	
	4282.	
gPSI	CHOICE	
mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a MSISDN	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International	41771112233
	ISDN Numbers (MSISDNs)	
	allocated to this 5G	
	subscription.	
nAl	GPSI in the form of a	joe@example.com
	Network Access Identifier	

	according to IETF RFC	
elD	4282. Identifier of the eUICC	321065498712345678907
	according to GSMA	41085296321
	SGP.02 V4.0. (32	
	num.digits long)	
timedIPAddresses	SEQUENCE OF	
IPAddressSetOrRange	CHOICE	set,
OrMask		range,
set	Sequence of IP addresses	
iPTextAddress		203.0.113.25
		2001:DB8:7401::EDF:BDD7
range		
prefix	IP address in text format	203.0.113.0
		2001:DB8::
subnetlength	IP subnet length integer	24
		32
validity		
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the	20100611000000+0200
	subscribed IP address or	20100611000000Z
	range or prefix	
endTime	End time of the subscribed	20160731000000+0200
	IP address or range or	20160731000000Z
	prefix	
subscriber structure		
GenericSubscriberInfo	SEQUENCE	
OrganizationInfo	SEQUENCE	
OrganizationInfo		
name	Name of the organisation	FOOBAR AG
	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation,	FOOBAR AG
name	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc)	FOOBAR AG
name contactDetails	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE	FOOBAR AG
name contactDetails address	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure	FOOBAR AG
name contactDetails address AddressInformation	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE	
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number	12
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name	12 Mittelstrasse
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number	12 Mittelstrasse 5578
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode city	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city City	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999 Ortdorf
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city City Country code as defined in	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode city country	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc)SEQUENCEstructureSEQUENCEBuilding numberStreet namePostal Box numberPostal code of the cityCityCountry code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999 Ortdorf
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode city country validity	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city City Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013) Structure	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999 Ortdorf
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode city country validity TimeSpan	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city City Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013) Structure SEQUENCE	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999 Ortdorf CH
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode city country validity	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city City Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013) Structure SEQUENCE Structure Structure Start time of the period of	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999 Ortdorf CH 20160725113000+0200
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode city country validity TimeSpan	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city City Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013) Structure SEQUENCE Start time of the period of the subscription	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999 Ortdorf CH
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode city country validity TimeSpan startTime	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city City Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013) Structure SEQUENCE Start time of the period of the subscription information.	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999 Ortdorf CH 20160725113000+0200 20160725113000Z
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode city country validity TimeSpan	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city City Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013) Structure SEQUENCE Start time of the period of the subscription information. End time of the period of	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999 Ortdorf CH 20160725113000+0200 20160725113000Z 20160725113800+0200
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode city country validity TimeSpan startTime	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city City Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013) Structure SEQUENCE Start time of the period of the subscription information. End time of the period of the subscription	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999 Ortdorf CH 20160725113000+0200 20160725113000Z
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode city country validity TimeSpan startTime endTime	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city City Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013) Structure SEQUENCE Start time of the period of the subscription information. End time of the period of the subscription information.	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999 Ortdorf CH 20160725113000+0200 20160725113000Z 20160725113800+0200 20160725113800+0200 20160725113800Z
name contactDetails address AddressInformation buildingNumber streetName poBox postalCode city country validity TimeSpan startTime	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc) SEQUENCE structure SEQUENCE Building number Street name Postal Box number Postal code of the city City Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013) Structure SEQUENCE Start time of the period of the subscription information. End time of the period of the subscription	12 Mittelstrasse 5578 9999 Ortdorf CH 20160725113000+0200 20160725113000Z 20160725113800+0200

PartyNumber	Phone number(s) of the organisation	41771112233
nationalRegistrationID	Unique reference for this organisation as in the Swiss UID Register (uid.admin.ch) or the LEI (lei.admin.ch)	CHE-777.888.999
relatedPersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	Name of the individual that signed the contract on behalf of the organization	Hans Muster
IndividualInfo	SEQUENCE	
PersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	The surname(s) and firstname(s), as well as the prefixes and suffixes if applicable, are provided in this field only.	Muster Da Silva Joe
contactAddress	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	5578
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
validity	Structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the period of the subscription information.	20160725113000+0200 20160725113000Z
endTime	End time of the period of the subscription information.	20160725113800+0200 20160725113800Z
emailAddress	Email address of the organisation	joe.muster@cspdomain.ch
contactNumber	SEQUENCE OF	
PartyNumber	Phone number(s) of the subscriber	41319998877
dateOfBirth	Subscriber's date of birth. Only the year, month and day information shall be taken into account. Any other indication shall be discarded.	19920611000000Z
gender	ENUMERATED	male female other
AuthenticationInfo	SEQUENCE	
authenticationType	Description of the type of document used to	ID card Passport

	authenticate, e.g. passport, ID card	
authenticationNumber	The number of the document used to authenticate	E12345678
issuingCountry	The country that issued the document used to authenticate, as specified in ISO 3166-1.	СН
issuingOrganization	The organization that issued the document used to authenticate.	United Nations HCR
nationality	The nationality of the subscriber, if indicated on the document used to authenticate.	СН
profession	Profession of the subscriber, if available.	Consultant

8.4.1.3 IR_6_NA request criteria elements and structure for service information

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the network access service information.

Network access service		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naSubscriber	Category = naSubscriber	
naSubscriptions struc		
NAServiceSubscription	SEQUENCE	
naAuthID	Identifier used by the subscriber to register and/or authenticate to the network access service (e.g user name, logon name, MSISDN)	joe@example.com 41771112233
installationAddress	Structure composed of the installation address of the subscriber's equipment, if applicable.	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
IMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the target.	228993035511773F

	(IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F"	
	as a filler half-octet)	
allocatedDevices	SEQUENCE OF	
macAddress	Media Access Control address	54A6FA471B3C
	according to IEEE 802. (6 octets)	
dsIID	DSL identifier as set by the CSP.	DSL-134523
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment	359040082042280F
	Identity	
subscriberID	An alternative identifier for the	NA7654321
	subscriber using a specific service	
	of the CSP. To be used only when it	
	differs from the subscriberID defined	
	in the NASubscriber sequence.	
mSISDNs	SEQUENCE OF	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International ISDN	41771112233
	Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to	
	this subscription.	
paymentTransactions	SEQUENCE OF	
BillingRecords	Contains information for a particular	
	paid service.	
method	Described the method of payment,	voucher
	such as a voucher.	mobile voucher
transactionID	The reference number of the	61167648018632
	voucher.	
sUPI	CHOICE	
iMSI	SUPI in the form of an IMSI.	228993035511773F
	(IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F"	
	as a filler half-octet)	
nAl	SUPI in the form of a Network	joe@example.com
	Access Identifier according to IETF	
	RFC 4282.	
gPSI	CHOICE	
mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a MSISDN	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International ISDN	41771112233
	Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to	
	this 5G subscription.	
nAl	GPSI in the form of a Network	joe@example.com
	Access Identifier according to IETF	
	RFC 4282.	

8.4.1.4 IR_6_NA response elements and structure for service information

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the Network access subscriber records according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and E.

Network access service		
Element or	Description	Example
attribute		
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structure		
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naSubscriber	Category = naSubscriber	

subscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular subscriber within the CSP.	123456789
naSubscriptions struc	turo	[
NAServiceSubscription	SEQUENCE	
validity	Structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the period of the	20160725113000Z
Start mile	subscription information.	201007231130002
endTime	End time of the period of the	20160725113800Z
charine	subscription information.	201007201100002
naAuthID	Identifier used by the subscriber to	joe@example.com
	register and/or authenticate to the	41771112233
	network access service (e.g user	
	name, logon name, MSISDN)	
options	Indicates if it's a primary or	Primary
	secondary device in case of Multi-	Secondary
	Device subscription. One record per	
	device shall be delivered.	
allocatedDevices	SEQUENCE OF NADevice	
description	Human readable description of the	Mobile phone
	device related to the service	cable modem
	subscription.	
macAddress	Media Access Control address	54A6FA471B3C
	according to IEEE 802. (6 octets)	
dsIID	DSL identifier as set by the CSP.	DSL-134523
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity	357160045577020F
subscriberID	An alternative identifier for the	NA7654321
	subscriber using a specific service	
	of the CSP. To be used only when it	
	differs from the subscriberID	
	defined in the NASubscriber	
	sequence.	
mSISDNs	SEQUENCE OF Mobile Station International ISDN	44774440000
PartyNumber	Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to	41771112233
	this subscription.	
registeredICCIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
ICCIDInfo	SEQUENCE	
iCCID	Integrated Circuit Card ID of the	89410228641400127777
	subscriber (SIM)	
timeSpan	Structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the subscribed service	20100611000000+0200
		20100611000000Z
endTime	End time of the subscribed service	20160731000000+0200
		2016073100000Z
pUK	PIN Unlock Key code for the SIM	
-	card associated with the	
	subscription	

pUK2	PIN Unlock Key 2 code for the SIM card associated with this subscription	
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the target. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
sUPI	CHOICE	
iMSI	SUPI in the form of an IMSI. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
nAl	SUPI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com
gPSI	CHOICE	
mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a MSISDN	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International ISDN Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to this 5G subscription.	41771112233
nAl	GPSI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com
elD	Identifier of the eUICC according to GSMA SGP.02 V4.0. (32 num.digits long)	321065498712345678907 41085296321

8.4.1.5 IR_7_IP request criteria elements and structure for identification of a user by its unique assigned IP address

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the network access service usage.

Network access service		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
naAssignedAddress structure)	
NAAssignedAddress	SEQUENCE	
addressSetOrRangeOrMask	SEQUENCE	
IPaddressSetOrRangeOrMask	CHOICE	
set	SEQUENCE OF	
IPAddress	CHOICE	
iPTextAddress		198.51.100.25
		2001:DB8:7401::bdd7
lessThanOrEqualTo	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	

naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
interval		
Timespan		
startTime	GeneralizedTime	20200604103324Z
greaterThanOrEqualTo	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
interval		
Timespan		
startTime	GeneralizedTime	20200604103324Z

8.4.1.6 IR_7_IP response elements and structure for identification of a user by its unique assigned IP address

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the Network access subscriber records according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex E.

Network access Service Usage		
Element or	Description	Example
attribute		
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structure		
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
naServiceUsage struct	ure	
NAServiceUsage	SEQUENCE	
gprsInformation	SEQUENCE	
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
mSISDN	The MSISDN associated with the network access. It shall be provided in international format.	41751112233
subscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular subscriber within the CSP.	123456789
naDevice	Structure	
description	Human readable description of the device related to the service subscription.	Mobile phone cable modem
macAddress	Media Access Control address according to IEEE 802. (6 octets)	54A6FA471B3C
dsIID	DSL identifier as set by the CSP.	DSL-134523
subscriberID	An alternative identifier for the subscriber using a specific service of the CSP. To be used only when it differs from the subscriberID	NA7654321

	defined in the NASubscriber	
	sequence.	
fiveGSInformation	SEQUENCE	
sUPI	CHOICE	
iMSI	SUPI in the form of an IMSI.	228993035511773F
	(IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F"	
	as a filler half-octet)	
nAl	SUPI in the form of a Network	joe@example.com
	Access Identifier according to IETF	
	RFC 4282.	
gPSI	CHOICE	
mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a MSISDN	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International ISDN	41771112233
	Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to	
	this 5G subscription.	
nAl	GPSI in the form of a Network	joe@example.com
	Access Identifier according to IETF	
	RFC 4282.	

8.4.1.7 IR_8_IP (NAT) request criteria elements and structure for identification of a user by its shared assigned IP address

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the network access service usage.

Network access service		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
		-
addressTranslationRecords s		
addressTranslationRecord	SEQUENCE	
publicIPAddress	Structure	
IPAddress	CHOICE	
iPTextAddress	The translated IP address of	203.0.113.45
	the host, i.e. the address	
	known by the remote host in	
	text format.	
publicPort	CHOICE	
singlePort	The translated port of the host.	32658
portRange	SEQUENCE OF	
PortRange	SEQUENCE	
lowerBound	Lower bound port number of	30000
	the range	
upperBound	Upper bound port number of	30999
	the range	
destinationIPAddress	The IP address of the remote	
	host.	

IPAddress	CHOICE	
iPTextAddress	The IP address of the	198.51.100.24
	destination host.	
destinationPort	The port of the remote host	44214
connectionType	ENUMERATED	udp
	The protocol used for the	tcp
	session.	sctp
		other
lessThanOrEqualTo	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
interval		
Timespan		
startTime	GeneralizedTime	20200604103324Z
greaterThanOrEqualTo	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
interval		
Timespan		
startTime	GeneralizedTime	20200604103324Z

8.4.1.8 IR_8_IP (NAT) response elements and structure for identification of a user by its shared assigned IP address

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the Network access subscriber records according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex E.

Network access Service Usage		
Element or	Description	Example
attribute		
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structure		
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
naServiceUsage struct	ure	
NAServiceUsage	SEQUENCE	
GprsInformation	SEQUENCE	
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) associated with the	228993035511773F
	network access.	
	(IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F"	
	as a filler half-octet)	
mSISDN	The MSISDN associated with the	41771112233
	network access. It shall be provided	
	in international format.	
subscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular	123456789
	subscriber within the CSP.	

naDevice	Structure	
description	Human readable description of the device related to the service subscription.	Mobile phone cable modem
macAddress	Media Access Control address according to IEEE 802. (6 octets)	54A6FA471B3C
dsIID	DSL identifier as set by the CSP.	DSL-134523
subscriberID	An alternative identifier for the subscriber using a specific service of the CSP. To be used only when it differs from the subscriberID defined in the NASubscriber sequence.	NA7654321
fiveGSInformation	SEQUENCE	
sUPI	CHOICE	
iMSI	SUPI in the form of an IMSI. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
nAl	SUPI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com
gPSI	CHOICE	
mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a MSISDN	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International ISDN Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to this 5G subscription.	41771112233
nAl	GPSI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com

8.4.1.9 IR_9_NAT request criteria elements and structure for network access translation information

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the network access service usage.

Network access service		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
addressTranslationRecords s	structure	
addressTranslationRecord	SEQUENCE OF	
privateIPAddress	Source IP address before the	
	NAT instance	
IPAddress	CHOICE	
iPTextAddress	The private IP address of the host.	192.168.0.24

privatePort	Source port before the NAT instance	25871
publicIPAddress	Source IP address after the NAT instance	
IPAddress	CHOICE	
iPTextAddress	The translated IP address of the host, i.e. the address known by the remote host in text format.	203.0.113.45
publicPort	CHOICE Source port after the NAT instance on the public side. It can be either a single port (using singlePort) or a port range (using portRange).	
singlePort	The translated port of the host.	32658
portRange	SEQUENCE OF	
PortRange	SEQUENCE	
lowerBound	Lower bound port number of the range	30000
upperBound	Upper bound port number of the range	30999
destinationIPAddress	The IP address of the remote host.	
IPAddress	CHOICE	
iPTextAddress	The IP address of the destination host.	198.51.100.24
destinationPort	The port of the remote host	44214
connectionType	ENUMERATED The protocol used for the session.	udp tcp sctp other
lessThanOrEqualTo	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
interval		
Timespan		
startTime	GeneralizedTime	20200604103324Z
greaterThanOrEqualTo	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
interval		
Timespan		
startTime	GeneralizedTime	20200604103324Z

8.4.1.10 IR_9_NAT response elements and structure for network access translation information

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the Network access subscriber records according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annex E.

Network access Service Usage		
Element or	Description	Example
attribute		
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structu	ure	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naServiceUsage	Category = naServiceUsage	
		Ī
naServiceUsage str		
privateIPAddress	Source IP address before the NAT instance.	
IPAddress	CHOICE	
iPTextAddress	The private IP address of the host.	192.168.0.24
privatePort	The source port before the NAT	25871
	instance.	
publicIPAddress	Source IP address after the NAT	
	instance.	
IPAddress	CHOICE	
iPTextAddress	The translated IP address of the	203.0.113.45
	host, i.e. the address known by the	
	remote host in text format.	
publicPort	CHOICE	
	Source port after the NAT instance	
	on the public side. It can be either a	
	single port (using singlePort) or a	
	port range (using portRange)	
singlePort	The translated port of the host.	32658
portRange	SEQUENCE OF	
PortRange	SEQUENCE	
lowerBound	Lower bound port number of the	30000
	range	
upperBound	Upper bound port number of the	30999
	range	

Depending on the Network Address Translation instance configuration and capabilities, either the "privateIPAddress" and "privatePort" before the NAT instance or the "publicIPAddress" and "publicPort" after the NAT instance shall be reported.

8.4.2 Multimedia and telephony information requests and responses

The encoding and formats of the parameters for the multimedia and telephony information requests and responses relate to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D.

8.4.2.1 IR_10_TEL & IR_11_TEL_FLEX request criteria elements and structure for subscription information

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the telephony and multimedia

subscription information. It uses the "multmediaSubscriber" structure as telephony is considered a subset of multimedia services.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber	
subscriberID	Structure	
MultimediaSubscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular subscriber within the CSP.	123456789
genericSubscriberInfo st		
GenericSubscriberInfo	SEQUENCE	
OrganizationInfo	SEQUENCE	
name	Name of the organisation	FOOBAR AG
	(corporate, foundation, etc)	
contactDetails	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
poBox	Postal Box number	5578
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
nationalRegistrationID	Unique reference for this organisation as in the Swiss UID Register (uid.admin.ch) or the LEI (lei.admin.ch)	CHE-777.888.999
IndividualInfo	SEQUENCE	
PersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	First the surname(s) and then the firstname(s). Without prefixes (e.g. Dr., Me.) and suffixes (e.g. Junior, Senior, Second, Third)	Muster Da Silva Joe Von der Heide Peter Hans De Pourtalès Léon Liu Jianguo Al-Shammari Fahd Abdul
contactAddress	SEQUENCE	
address	Structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	6897
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf

country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
dateOfBirth	subscriber's date of birth. Only the year, month and day information shall be taken into account. Any other indication shall be discarded.	19920611000000Z
AuthenticationInfo	SEQUENCE	
authenticationType	Description of the type of document used to authenticate, e.g. passport, ID card	ID card Passport
authenticationNumber	The number of the document used to authenticate	E12345678
subscribedMultimedia Services	SEQUENCE OF	
registeredIdentifiers	SEQUENCE OF	
Partyldentity	Party identity of the multimedia or telephony subscriber.	41771112233 sip:+41771112233@csp.ch tel:+41771112233
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the subscriber. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
registeredICCIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
ICCIDInfo	SEQUENCE	
iCCID	Integrated Circuit Card ID of the subscriber (SIM)	89410228641400127777
elD	Identifier of the eUICC according to GSMA SGP.02 V4.0. (32 num.digits long)	321065498712345678907 41085296321

8.4.2.2 IR_10_TEL & IR_11_TEL_FLEX response elements and structure for subscription information

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the telephony and multimedia subscriber records according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or	Description	Example
attribute		
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structure		
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber	
subscriberID	Structure	
MultimediaSubscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular subscriber within the CSP.	123456789

genericSubscriberInfo s	tructure	
GenericSubscriberInfo	SEQUENCE	
OrganizationInfo	SEQUENCE	
name	Name of the organisation	FOOBAR AG
	(corporate, foundation, etc)	
contactDetails	SEQUENCE	
address	Structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	5578
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
validity	Structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the period of the	20160725113000+0200
	subscription information.	20160725113000Z
endTime	End time of the period of the	20160725113800+0200
	subscription information.	20160725113800Z
emailAddress	Email address of the contact	Hans.Muster@foobar.ch
	person or the responsible unit	ict.servicedesk@foobar.ch
	in the organisation	
contactNumber	SEQUENCE OF	
PartyNumber	Phone number(s) of the	41771112233
	organisation	
nationalRegistrationID	Unique reference for this	CHE-777.888.999
	organisation as in the Swiss	
	UID Register (uid.admin.ch)	
	or the LEI (lei.admin.ch)	
otherAddresses	SEQUENCE OF	
OtherAddress	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
relatedPersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	Name of the individual that	Hans Muster
	signed the contract on behalf	
	of the organisation	
IndividualInfo	SEQUENCE	
PersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	The surname(s) and	Muster Da Silva Joe
	firstname(s), as well as the	
	prefixes and suffixes if	
	applicable, are provided in this field only	
contactAddress	this field only.	
	SEQUENCE	
address AddressInformation	Structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE Building number	10
buildingNumber	Building number	12 Mitteletreese
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	6897

postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
validity	Structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the period of the subscription information.	20160725113000+0200 20160725113000Z
endTime	End time of the period of the subscription information.	20160725113800+0200 20160725113800Z
emailAddress	Email address of the subscriber.	joe.muster@cspdomain.ch
contactNumber	SEQUENCE OF	
PartyNumber	Phone number(s) of the subscriber	41319998877
dateOfBirth	subscriber's date of birth. Only the year, month and day information shall be taken into account. Any other indication shall be discarded.	19920611000000Z
gender	ENUMERATED	male female other
AuthenticationInfo	SEQUENCE	
authenticationType	Description of the type of document used to authenticate, e.g. passport, ID card	ID card Passport
authenticationNumber	The number of the document used to authenticate	E12345678
issuingCountry	The country that issued the document used to authenticate, as specified in ISO 3166-1.	СН
issuingOrganization	The organization that issued the document used to authenticate.	United Nations HCR
nationality	The nationality of the subscriber, if indicated on the document used to authenticate.	СН
profession	Profession of the subscriber, if available.	Consultant
subscribedMultimedia Services	SEQUENCE OF	
serviceID	Identifier for the service according to the CSP.	Wireline Telephony Mobile Unlimited
timeSpan	Structure	
startTime	Start time of the service	20100225120000+0200 20100225120000Z
endTime	End time of the service, if applicable.	20160731120000+0200 20160731120000Z

registeredIdentifiers	SEQUENCE OF	
Partyldentity	Party identity or identities of the multimedia or telephony subscriber.	41771112233 sip:+41771112233@csp.ch tel:+41771112233 sip:+ 41992305887@csp.ch tel:+41992305887
serviceType	The type of service subscribed to.	
MultimediaServiceType	ENUMERATED	private, privatePABX, publicPayphone, geographicalfixed, geographicalindependent,
installationAddress	Structure composed of the installation address of the subscriber's equipment, if applicable.	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
validity	structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the installation	20100611000000+0200 20100611000000Z
endTime	End time of the installation, if applicable.	20160731120000+0200 20160731120000Z
carrierPreselect	Indicates if a carrier preselection is active (true) or not (false).	false true
lineStatus	CSP-specific description of current line status. e.g. "Active", "Ceased", etc.	Active Ceased Suspended
subscriptionType	Describes the nature of the subscription	
SubscriptionType	ENUMERATED	unknown, postpay, prepay, other,
resellerAddress	Structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	28
streetName	Street name	Beispielstrasse
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9989
city	City	Beispielstadt
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
relatedOrganizationInfo	Structure	
OrganizationInfo	SEQUENCE	
name	Name of the reseller organisation	CheapMobile SA

createTime	Time that subscriber account was created by the reseller organisation.	20160525134000+0200
relatedPersonName	organioation.	
PersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	The reseller surname(s) and firstname(s), as well as the prefixes and suffixes if applicable, are provided in this field only.	Muster Joe
multimediaServiceType	Indicates any option or specific information to the subscription.	Multi-Identity Multi-Device Primary Secondary
registeredICCIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
ICCIDInfo		
iCCID	Integrated Circuit Card ID of the subscriber (SIM)	89410228641400127777
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the subscriber. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
sUPI	CHOICE	
iMSI	SUPI in the form of an IMSI. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
nAl	SUPI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com
gPSI	CHOICE	
mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a MSISDN	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station International ISDN Numbers (MSISDNs) allocated to this 5G subscription.	41771112233
nAl	GPSI in the form of a Network Access Identifier according to IETF RFC 4282.	joe@example.com
elD	Identifier of the eUICC according to GSMA SGP.02 V4.0. (32 num.digits long)	321065498712345678907 41085296321

8.4.2.3 IR_12_TEL request criteria elements and structure for service information

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the telephony and multimedia service information. It uses the "multmediaSubscriber" structure.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber	
subscribedMultimedia Services	SEQUENCE OF	
registeredIdentifiers	SEQUENCE OF	
Partyldentity	Party identity of the multimedia or telephony subscriber.	41771112233 sip:+41771112233@csp.ch tel:+41771112233
installationAddress	Structure composed of the installation address of the subscriber's equipment, if applicable.	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the subscriber.	228993035511773F
iMEIs	SEQUENCE OF	
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity	3571600455770210 359040082042280F
privateUserIdentities	SEQUENCE OF	
IMPI	Private User Identity (IMPI) associated with the party	228901234567890@ ims.mnc090.mcc228.3gppnet work.org
allocatedDeviceIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
multimediaDeviceID	Unique identifier for this telephony device according to type of identifier	3568431553965701 <i>(IMEI)</i> or 54A6FA471B3C <i>(MAC)</i>
paymentTransactions	SEQUENCE OF	
MultimediaBillingRecords	Contains information for a particular paid service.	
method	Described the method of payment, such as a voucher.	voucher mobile voucher
multimediaTransactionID	The reference number of the voucher.	61167648018632

8.4.2.4 IR_12_TEL response elements and structure for service information

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the multimedia subscriber records according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structure		
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber	
· · · ·-		
subscriberID	Structure	
MultimediaSubscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular subscriber within the CSP.	123456789
subscribedMultimedia Services	SEQUENCE OF	
TimeSpan	Structure	
startTime	Start time of the service	20100225120000+0100 20100225120000Z
endTime	End time of the service, if applicable.	20160731120000+0200 20160731120000Z
registeredIdentifiers	SEQUENCE OF	
Partyldentity	Party identity or identities of the multimedia or telephony subscriber.	41771112233 sip:+41771112233@csp.ch tel:+41771112233 sip:+41992305887@csp.ch tel:+41992305887
iMEIs	SEQUENCE OF	
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity	3571600455770210 359040082042280F
multimediaServiceType	Indicates if it's a primary or secondary device in case of Multi- Device subscription. One record per device shall be delivered.	Primary Secondary
registeredICCIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
ICCIDInfo		
iCCID	Integrated Circuit Card ID of the subscriber (SIM)	89410228641400127777
timeSpan	Structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the subscribed service	20100611000000+0200 20100611000000Z

endTime	End time of the	20160731000000+0200
endrine	subscribed service	20160731000000+0200
pUK		49682767
pUK	PIN Unlock Key code linked to the	49002707
	subscriber's SIM card.	07054004
pUK2	PIN Unlock Key 2 code	87654321
	linked to the	
	subscriber's SIM card.	000000055447705
iMSI	The International	228993035511773F
	Mobile Subscriber	
	Identity (IMSI) of the	
	subscriber.	
	(IMSI is 15 digits long +	
	last digit "F" as a filler	
	half-octet)	
sUPI	CHOICE	
iMSI	SUPI in the form of an	228993035511773F
	IMSI.	
	(IMSI is 15 digits long +	
	last digit "F" as a filler	
	half-octet)	
nAl	SUPI in the form of a	joe@example.com
	Network Access	
	Identifier according to	
	IETF RFC 4282.	
gPSI	CHOICE	
mSISDN	GPSI in the form of a	
	MSISDN	
PartyNumber	Mobile Station	41771112233
	International ISDN	
	Numbers (MSISDNs)	
	allocated to this 5G	
	subscription.	
nAl	GPSI in the form of a	joe@example.com
	Network Access	
	Identifier according to	
	IETF RFC 4282.	
elD	Identifier of the eUICC	321065498712345678907
	according to GSMA	41085296321
	SGP.02 V4.0. (32	
	num.digits long)	
privateUserIdentities	SEQUENCE OF	
IMPI	Private User Identity	228901234567890@
	(IMPI) associated with	ims.mnc090.mcc228.3gppnetwork.org
	the party	
allocatedDeviceIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
multimediaDeviceID	Unique identifier for this	3571600455770210 (IMEI)
	multimedia device	or
	according to type of	54A6FA471B3C <i>(MAC)</i>
	identifier	
	identition	

8.4.3 Message services information requests and responses

The encoding and formats of the parameters for the network access information requests and responses relate to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and C.

8.4.3.1 IR_13_EMAIL & IR_14_EMAIL_FLEX request criteria elements and structure for subscription information

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the message subscription information. It uses the "msgSubscriber" structure.

Message Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
messageRecord	Service = message	
msgSubscriber	Category = msgSubscriber	
MsgSubscriber	SEQUENCE	
subscriberID	Structure	
MsgSubscriberID	Unique identifier for this subscriber, e.g. account number	123456789
msgStores	SEQUENCE OF	
MsgStoreID	A unique identifier for message stores. This could be a mailbox name, or any other identification used by the CSP's message server. NOTE: Unlike in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 this element is specified as a "string".	joe.muster@cspdomain.ch
subscriber	Structure	
GenericSubscriberInfo	SEQUENCE	
OrganizationInfo	SEQUENCE	
name	Name of the organisation (corporate, foundation, etc)	FOOBAR AG
contactDetails	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	5578
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
nationalRegistrationID	Unique reference for this organisation as in the Swiss	CHE-777.888.999

	UID Register (uid.admin.ch) or the LEI (lei.admin.ch)	
IndividualInfo	SEQUENCE	
PersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	First the surname(s) and then the firstname(s). Without prefixes (e.g. Dr., Me.) and suffixes (e.g. Junior, Senior, Second, Third)	Muster Da Silva Joe Von der Heide Peter Hans De Pourtalès Léon Liu Jianguo Al-Shammari Fahd Abdul
contactAddress	SEQUENCE	
address	Structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	6897
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
dateOfBirth	subscriber's date of birth. Only the year, month and day information shall be taken into account. Any other indication shall be discarded.	19920611000000Z
AuthenticationInfo	SEQUENCE	
authenticationType	Description of the type of document used to authenticate, e.g. passport, ID card	ID card Passport
authenticationNumber	The number of the document used to authenticate	E12345678

8.4.3.2 IR_13_EMAIL & IR_14_EMAIL_FLEX response elements and structure for subscription information elements and structure

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the message subscription information records according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and C.

Message Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structure		
messageRecord	Service = message	
msgSubscriber	Category = msgSubscriber	
MsgSubscriber	SEQUENCE	
subscriberID	Structure	
MsgSubscriberID	Unique identifier for this subscriber, e.g. account number	123456789
msgStores	SEQUENCE OF	
MsgStore	SEQUENCE	
validity	Structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the service	20100225120000+0200 20100225120000Z
endTime	End time of the service, if applicable.	20160731120000+0200 20160731120000Z
msgStoreID	Structure	
MsgStoreID	A unique identifier for message stores. This could be a mailbox name, or any other identification used by the CSP's message server. NOTE: Unlike in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 this element is specified as a "string".	joe.muster@cspdomain.ch
aliases	SEQUENCE OF	
MsgAddress	Messaging addresses to which messages can be sent as alias. In the case of Internet e-mail this shall be an RFC2822-style address.	joe.muster@cspdomain.ch
providerID	Structure	
MsgProviderID	Unique identifier for the provider of the service. In form of the 5 digits allocated by the PTSS.	99989
msgForwardingAddresses	SEQUENCE OF	
MsgAddress	Messaging addresses to which messages can be forwarded-to. In the case of	joe.muster@cspdomain.ch

	Internet e-mail this shall be	
	an RFC2822-style address.	
msgStoreSubscriberRelatedIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
ContactDetails	SEQUENCE	
contactNumber	Further addressing	41771112233
contactivumber	elements linked to the	41771112235
	service. e.g. phone number	
emailAddress	Further addressing	hans.muster@foobar.ch
emailAddress	elements linked to the	hans.muster@i00bai.en
	service. e.g. email	
	convice. e.g. official	
subscriber	Structure	
GenericSubscriberInfo	SEQUENCE	
OrganizationInfo	SEQUENCE	
name	Name of the organisation	FOOBAR AG
hame	(corporate, foundation,	
	etc)	
contactDetails	SEQUENCE	
registeredAddress	Structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
poBox	Postal Box number	5578
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in	CH
-	ISO 3166-1	
emailAddress	Email address of the	hans.muster@foobar.ch
	contact person or the	ict.servicedsek@foobar.ch
	responsible unit in the	
	organisation	
contactNumber	SEQUENCE OF	
PartyNumber	Phone number(s) of the	41771112233
	organisation	
nationalRegistrationID	Unique reference for this	CHE-777.888.999
	organisation as in the	
	Swiss UID Register	
	(uid.admin.ch) or the LEI	
	(lei.admin.ch)	
otherAddresses	SEQUENCE OF	
OtherAddress	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
relatedPersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	Name of the individual that	Hans Muster
	signed the contract on	
	behalf of the organisation	
IndividualInfo	SEQUENCE	
PersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	The surname(s) and	Muster Da Silva Joe
	firstname(s), as well as the	
	prefixes and suffixes if	

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	applicable, are provided in	
	this field only.	
contactAddress	SEQUENCE	
address	Structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	6897
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1	СН
emailAddress	Email address of the subscriber	joe.muster@cspdomain.ch
contactNumber	SEQUENCE OF	
PartyNumber	Phone number(s) of the subscriber	41319998877
dateOfBirth	subscriber's date of birth. Only the year, month and day information shall be taken into account. Any other indication shall be discarded.	19920611000000Z
gender	ENUMERATED	male female other
AuthenticationInfo	SEQUENCE	
authenticationType	Description of the type of document used to authenticate, e.g. passport, ID card	ID card Passport
authenticationNumber	The number of the document used to authenticate	E12345678
profession	Profession of the subscriber, if available.	Consultant

8.4.4 Communication services information requests and responses

The encoding and formats of the parameters for the communication services information requests and responses relate to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and E.

8.4.4.1 IR_15_COM & IR_16_COM_FLEX request criteria elements and structure for subscription information

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the communication service subscription information.

network access Subscriber		
Element or	Description	Example
attribute		

Г		
equals	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naSubscriber	Category = naSubscriber	
	1	
subscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular	123456789
	subscriber within the CSP.	
naSubscriptions struc		
NAServiceSubscription		
naServiceID	Identifier for the service.	SecureCom
naAuthID	Identifier linked to the	p.muster@example.com
	communication service, e.g. logon	
	or username.	
allocatedDevices	SEQUENCE OF	
NADevice	SEQUENCE	
subscriberID	One or more identifiers for this	Joe123456
	subscription, e.g. logon name	
subscriber structure	1	
GenericSubscriberInfo	SEQUENCE	
OrganizationInfo	SEQUENCE	
name	Name of the organisation	FOOBAR AG
	(corporate, foundation, etc)	
contactDetails	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	5578
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO	СН
-	3166-1 (2013)	
nationalRegistrationID	Unique reference for this	CHE-777.888.999
	organisation as in the Swiss UID	
	Register (uid.admin.ch) or the LEI	
	(lei.admin.ch)	
IndividualInfo	SEQUENCE	
PersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	First the surname(s) and then the	Muster Da Silva Joe
	firstname(s). Without prefixes (e.g.	Von der Heide Peter Hans
	Dr., Me.) and suffixes (e.g. Junior,	De Pourtalès Léon
	Senior, Second, Third)	Liu Jianguo
		Al-Shammari Fahd Abdul
contactAddress	SEQUENCE	
address	Structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	6897
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
4		

country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
dateOfBirth	Subscriber's date of birth. Only the year, month and day information shall be taken into account. Any other indication shall be discarded.	19920611000000Z
AuthenticationInfo	SEQUENCE	
authenticationType	Description of the type of document used to authenticate, e.g. passport, ID card.	ID card Passport
authenticationNumber	The number of the document used to authenticate	E12345678

8.4.4.2 IR_15_COM & IR_16_COM_FLEX response elements and structure for subscription information

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the communication service subscriber records according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and E.

network access Subscriber		
Element or	Description	Example
attribute	-	-
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structure		
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naSubscriber	Category = naSubscriber	
	I	
subscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular	123456789
	subscriber within the CSP.	
naSubscriptions struct		
naSubscriptions	SEQUENCE OF	
NAServiceSubscription	SEQUENCE	
validity	Structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the subscribed service	20100611000000+0200 20100611000000Z
endTime	End time of the subscribed service	20160731000000+0200 20160731000000Z
naServiceID	Identifier for the service according to the CSP.	SecureCom
naServiceStatus	Information about the status of the	active
	subscribed service.	ceased
		suspended
otherAddresses	SEQUENCE OF	
OtherAddress	SEQUENCE	
addressComments	List of other addressing elements	john@doe.com
	registered in relation to this service,	
	e.g. MSISDN, e-mail-address for	
	contact or authentication etc.	
allocatedDevices	SEQUENCE OF	

NADevice	SEQUENCE	
subscriberID	One or more identifiers for this	Joe123456
	subscription, e.g. logon name	@Johndoe
subscriber structure		
GenericSubscriberInfo	SEQUENCE	
OrganizationInfo	SEQUENCE	
name	Name of the organisation	FOOBAR AG
	(corporate, foundation, etc)	
contactDetails	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
poBox	Postal Box number	5578
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO	CH
oodina y	3166-1 (2013)	
emailAddress	Email address of the organisation	info@foobar.ch
contactNumber	SEQUENCE OF	Into@toobal.ch
PartyNumber	Phone number(s) of the	41771112233
FaityNullibei		41771112233
nationalDagistrationID	organisation Unique reference for this	CHE-777.888.999
nationalRegistrationID		CHE-777.000.999
	organisation as in the Swiss UID	
	Register (uid.admin.ch) or the LEI	
	(lei.admin.ch)	
otherAddresses	SEQUENCE OF	
OtherAddress	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
relatedPersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	Name of the individual that signed	Hans Muster
	the contract on behalf of the	
	organisation	
IndividualInfo	SEQUENCE	
PersonName	SEQUENCE	
surname	The surname(s) and firstname(s),	Muster Da Silva Joe
	as well as the prefixes and suffixes	
	if applicable, are provided in this	
	field only.	
contactAddress	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	5578
	Postal code of the city	9999
postalCode		
city	City	Ortdorf
	City Country code as defined in ISO	Ortdorf CH
city	City	

PartyNumber	Phone number(s) of the subscriber	41319998877
dateOfBirth	Subscriber's date of birth. Only the year, month and day information shall be taken into account. Any other indication shall be discarded.	19920611000000Z
gender	ENUMERATED	male female other
AuthenticationInfo	SEQUENCE	
authenticationType	Description of the type of document used to authenticate, e.g. passport, ID card.	ID card Passport
authenticationNumber	The number of the document used to authenticate	E12345678
profession	Profession of the subscriber, if available.	Consultant

8.4.5 Payment details information requests and responses

The encoding and formats of the parameters for the payment details information requests and responses relate to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D and E.

8.4.5.1 IR_17_PAY request criteria elements and structure for payment details

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the payment details information for all services according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D.

Multimedia Subscriber			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
equals	Request constraint		
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia		
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber		
	1		
subscriberID	Structure		
MultimediaSubscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular subscriber within the CSP.	123456789	
subscribedMultimedia Services	SEQUENCE OF		
registeredIdentifiers	SEQUENCE OF		
Partyldentity	Party identity of the multimedia or telephony subscriber.	41771112233 sip:+41771112233@csp.ch tel:+41771112233	
paymentDetails	SEQUENCE		
bankAccount	SEQUENCE		

iBAN	International Bank Account Number according to ISO	CH5800242272380848402
	13616 (2007)	
nationalAccountNumber	National bank account number, if applicable.	2272380848402
nationalBankNumber	To be used in case that the account holding bank has neither IBAN nor BIC.	3808
billingAddress	Structure	
contactDetails	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	5578
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
billingIdentifier	Identifier used by the CSP to	
	bill, resp. invoice, the	
	subscriber of the service.	
paymentTransactions	SEQUENCE OF	
MultimediaBillingRecords	Contains information for a	
	particular paid service.	
method	Described the method of	voucher
	payment, such as a voucher,	refill card
	refill card or credit card.	credit card
multimediaTransactionID	The reference number of the	61167648018632
	voucher, refill card or credit	
	card.	

8.4.5.2 IR_17_PAY response elements and structure for payment details

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the payment details information for all services according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D.

Multimedia Subscriber			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,	
recordPayload structure			
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia		
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber		
subscriberID	Structure		
MultimediaSubscriberID	A unique identifier for this particula subscriber within the CSP.	r 123456789	
subscribedMultimedia	SEQUENCE OF		
Services			

registeredIdentifiers	SEQUENCE OF	
Partyldentity	Party identity or identities of the multimedia or telephony subscriber.	41771112233 sip:+41771112233@csp.ch tel:+41771112233 sip:+ 41992305887@csp.ch tel:+41992305887
paymentDetails	SEQUENCE	
billingMethod	ENUMERATED	debit transfer prepaid
bankAccount	SEQUENCE	
iBAN	International Bank Account Number according to ISO 13616 (2007)	CH5800242272380848402
bIC	Bank Identifier Code with format as per ISO 9362:2009	CTBACH2S
accountHolder	Bank account holder name	Joe Muster Da Silva
nationalAccountNumber	National bank account number, if applicable.	2272380848402
nationalBankNumber	To be used in case that the account holding bank has neither IBAN nor BIC.	3808
bankName	Name of the bank	First Bank
billingAddress	Structure	
contactDetails	SEQUENCE	
address	structure	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	12
streetName	Street name	Mittelstrasse
роВох	Postal Box number	5578
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-1 (2013)	СН
validity	Structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Start time of the billing address validity.	20160501000000+0200 20160501000000Z
endTime	End time of the billing address validity, if applicable.	20160731000000+0200 20160731000000Z
billingIdentifier	Identifier used by the CSP to bill, resp. invoice, the subscriber of the service.	

8.4.6 Identity document copy information requests and responses

8.4.6.1 IR_18_ID request criteria elements and structure for identity document copy

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the identity document copy for all services.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber	
· · · · ·		
subscriberID	Structure	
MultimediaSubscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular subscriber within the CSP.	123456789
subscribedMultimedia Services	SEQUENCE OF	
registeredIdentifier	SEQUENCE OF	
PartyIdentity	Party identity of the multimedia or telephony subscriber.	41771112233 sip:+41771112233@csp.ch tel:+41771112233
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the subscriber. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
iMEIs	SEQUENCE OF	
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity	3571600455770210 359040082042280F
registeredICCIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
ICCIDInfo	SEQUENCE	
iCCID	Integrated Circuit Card ID of the subscriber (SIM)	89410228641400127777
elD	Identifier of the eUICC according to GSMA SGP.02 V4.0. (32 num.digits long)	321065498712345678907 41085296321
allocatedDeviceIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
MultimediaDeviceID	A unique identifier for the multimedia device. NOTE: Unlike in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 this element is specified as a "string".	SOM876352

8.4.6.2 IR_18_ID response elements and structure for identity document copy

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the identity document copy information. There are two methods to deliver this information. Method 1: The electronic format identity document copy can be uploaded via the Graphical User Interface (GUI) of the Information Request Component (IRC) application provided by the PTSS.

Method 2: The electronic format identity document copy can be delivered via the HI-B interface for all services according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D. Prior to its

implementation, this method 2 must be determined by the PTSS based on consultations with the CSP.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structure		
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber	
genericSubscriberInfo	Structure	
individualInfo	Structure	
authenticationInfo	Structure	
authenticationDocument	SEQUENCE OF	
File	Structure	
mediaType	Media type of the file according to IANA assignments.	image/jpeg image/png application/pdf
content	Content of file in OCTET STRING	

8.4.7 Billing document copy requests and responses

8.4.7.1 IR_19_BILL request criteria elements and structure for billing document copy

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the billing document copy for all services.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
MultimediaSubscriber	Category = MultimediaSubscriber	
	•	
subscriberID		
MultimediaSubscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular subscriber within the CSP.	123456789
subscribedMultimedia Services	SEQUENCE OF	
registeredIdentifiers	SEQUENCE OF	
Partyldentity	Party identity of the multimedia or telephony subscriber.	41771112233 sip:+41771112233@csp.ch

		tel:+41771112233
paymentDetails	Structure	
billingIdentifier	Identifier used by the CSP to bill, resp. invoice, the subscriber of the service.	
iMEIs	SEQUENCE OF	
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity	3571600455770051 359040082042280F
allocatedDeviceIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
MultimediaDeviceID	A unique identifier for the multimedia device. NOTE: Unlike in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 this element is specified as a "string".	SOM876352

8.4.7.2 IR_19_BILL response elements and structure for billing document copy information elements and structure

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the billing document copy information. There are two methods to deliver this information.

Method 1: The electronic format billing document copy can be uploaded via the Graphical User Interface (GUI) of the Information Request Component (IRC) application provided by the PTSS.

Method 2: The electronic format of the billing document copy information can be delivered via the HI-B interface for all services according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D. Prior to its implementation, this method 2 must be determined by the PTSS based on consultations with the CSP.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structure		
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaBillingDetails	Category = multimediaSubscriber	
MultimediaBillingDetails		
copyOfBill	SEQUENCE OF	
File	Structure	
mediaType	Media type of the file according to IANA assignments.	image/jpeg image/png application/pdf
content	Content of file in OCTET STRING	

8.4.8 Contract document copy information requests and responses

8.4.8.1 IR_20_CONTRACT request criteria elements and structure for contract document copy

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the contract document copy for all services.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
Equals	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber	
· · · · · ·		1
subscriberID	Structure	
MultimediaSubscriberID	A unique identifier for this particular subscriber within the CSP.	123456789
subscribedMultimedia Services	SEQUENCE OF	
registeredIdentifier	SEQUENCE OF	
Partyldentity	Party identity of the multimedia or telephony subscriber.	41771112233 sip:+41771112233@csp.ch tel:+41771112233
iMSI	The International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the subscriber. (IMSI is 15 digits long + last digit "F" as a filler half-octet)	228993035511773F
iMEIs	SEQUENCE OF	
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity	3571600455770210 359040082042280F
registeredICCIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
ICCIDInfo	SEQUENCE	
iCCID	Integrated Circuit Card ID of the subscriber (SIM)	89410228641400127777
elD	Identifier of the eUICC according to GSMA SGP.02 V4.0. (32 num.digits long)	321065498712345678907 41085296321
allocatedDeviceIDs	SEQUENCE OF	
MultimediaDeviceID	A unique identifier for the multimedia device. NOTE: Unlike in ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 this element is specified as a "string".	SOM876352

8.4.8.2 IR_20_CONTRACT response elements and structure for contract document copy

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the electronic format contract document copy information. There are two methods to deliver this information.

Method 1: The electronic format contract document copy can be uploaded via the Graphical User Interface (GUI) of the Information Request Component (IRC) application provided by the PTSS.

Method 2: The electronic format contract document copy information can be delivered via the HI-B interface for all services according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D. Prior to its implementation, this method 2 must be determined by the PTSS based on consultations with the CSP.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structure		
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber	
	1	
genericSubscriberInfo	Structure	
contracts	Structure	
contractInformation	SEQUENCE OF	
contractDocuments	SEQUENCE OF	
File	Structure	
mediaType	Media type of the file according to	image/jpeg
	IANA assignments.	image/png
		application/pdf
content	Content of file in OCTET STRING	

8.4.9 Technical information requests and responses

The encoding and formats of the parameters for the technical data information requests and responses relate to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and E.

8.4.9.1 IR_21_TECH request criteria elements and structure for mobile and WLAN network access information

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the mobile and WLAN network access information.

network access		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	

naNetworkElement	Category = NANwElement	
	· · · · ·	•
NANwElement Strue	cture	
naNwElementID	CSP-defined label or name assigned to the observed network element, for instance a WLAN hotspot name or an access point.	AirportZRH01-CH
location	SEQUENCE	
globalCellID	Cell Global Identity used for GERAN and UTRAN according to 3GPP TS 23.003.V17.5.0. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+CI(2 octets)	22F8901D50BB59
gsmLocation	CHOICE	
geoCoordinates	SEQUENCE	
latitude	Geographic coordinate that specifies the north–south position of a point on the Earth's surface according to the World Geodetic System 1984.	N465648.10
longitude	Geographic coordinate that specifies the east-west position of a point on the Earth's surface according to the World Geodetic System 1984.	E0072650.80
mapDatum	World Geodetic System indication of the coordinates	wGS84
eCGI	E-UTRAN Cell Global Identifier used for E-UTRAN according to 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0. First octet "07" represents the length in octets. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+ECI(encoded with 28 bits, 4 octets with first semi-octet as spare = 0)	0722F890056C8720 [in hexadecimal format]
bSSID	The Basic Service Set Identification (BSSID) of the WLAN access point. Equivalent to the MAC address of the access point.	5A23A4CF572F
nCGI	The NR Cell Global Identity (NCGI) is composed of the PLMN Identifier (pLMNID) and the NR Cell Identity (nRcellID) as shown in 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 clause 19.6A	
pLMNID	Public Land Mobile Network Identifier MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)	22F899
nRcellID	NR Cell Identity (encoded with 36 bits, 5 octets with most significant semi-octet as spare = 0)	AB12CD34E0

8.4.9.2 IR_21_TECH response elements and structure for mobile and WLAN network access information

This section covers the information response elements and fields of the mobile and WLAN network access according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and E.

Network access		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,
recordPayload structu	re	
networkAccess	Service = networkAccess	
naNetworkElement	Category = NANwElement	
NANwElement Struc		
validity	Time period during which the information given in the record is or was valid.	
TimeSpan		
startTime	GeneralizedTime	20190321060000+0100
endTime	GeneralizedTime	20200612183000+0200
naNwElementID	CSP-defined label or name assigned to the observed network element, for instance a WLAN hotspot name or an access point.	AirportZRH01-CH
location	SEQUENCE	
globalCellID	Cell Global Identity used for GERAN and UTRAN according to 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0. MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+CI(2 octets)	22F8901D50BB59 [in hexadecimal format]
rAl	Routing Area Identifier according to 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+RAC (1 octet)	22F890FEDC43 [in hexadecimal format]
gsmLocation	CHOICE	
geoCoordinates	SEQUENCE	
latitude	Geographic coordinates that specifies the north–south position of a point on the Earth's surface according to the World Geodetic System 1984.	N465648.10
longitude	Geographic coordinates that specifies the east-west position of a point on the Earth's surface according to the World Geodetic System 1984.	E0072650.80
mapDatum	World Geodetic System indication of the coordinates	wGS84
azimuth	The azimuth is the bearing, relative to true north	270
sAl	Serving Area Identifier according to 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+LAC(2 octets)+SAC(2 octets)	22F89065425785 [in hexadecimal format]
postalLocation	Structure	

AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	
buildingNumber	Building number	28
streetName	Street name	Marktplatz
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9999
city	City	Ortdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166-	CH
country	1 (2013)	011
otherInformation	Site specific characteristics	Indoor
extendedLocation	CHOICE	NOTE 1
region	SEQUENCE	
cornerMarks	SEQUENCE OF	
Spot	CHOICE	
gsmLocation	CHOICE	
geoCoordinates	SEQUENCE	
latitude	Geographic coordinates that specifies	N465632.40
	the north-south position of a point on	
	the Earth's surface according to the	
	World Geodetic System 1984.	
longitude	Geographic coordinates that specifies	E0072622.14
	the east-west position of a point on	
	the Earth's surface according to the	
	World Geodetic System 1984.	
mapDatum	World Geodetic System indication of	wGS84
	the coordinates	
azimuth	The azimuth is the bearing, relative to	120
	true north	
Spot	CHOICE	
postalLocation	CHOICE	
AddressInformation	SEQUENCE	40
buildingNumber	Building number	42
streetName	Street name	Hauptstrasse
postalCode	Postal code of the city	9998
city	City	Ueberdorf
country	Country code as defined in ISO 3166- 1 (2013)	СН
NOTE 1. The use of the	e "extendedLocation" structure is dedicate	ed to the delivery of the
	cation information to a cell composed of	5
	eographical locations but sharing the sar	
tAl	Tracking Area Identifier used for E-	0522F89035B7
0.0	UTRAN according to 3GPP TS 23.003	[in hexadecimal format]
	V17.5.0.	[
	First octet "05" represents the length	
	in octets.	
	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)+TAC(2	
	octets)	
eCGI	E-UTRAN Cell Global Identifier used	0722F890056C8720
	for E-UTRAN according to 3GPP TS	[in hexadecimal format]
	23.003 V17.5.0.	
	Firs octet "07" represents the length in	
	octets.	
	MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1	
	octet)+ECI(encoded with 28 bits, 4	

	octets with first semi-octet as spare = 0)	
bSSID	The Basic Service Set Identification (BSSID) of the WLAN access point. Equivalent to the MAC address of the access point.	5A23A4CF572F
nCGI	The NR Cell Global Identity (NCGI) is composed of the PLMN Identifier (pLMNID) and the NR Cell Identity (nRcellID) as shown in 3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0 clause 19.6A	
pLMNID	Public Land Mobile Network Identifier MCC(2 octets)+MNC(1 octet)	22F899
nRcellID	NR Cell Identity (encoded with 36 bits, 5 octets with most significant semi-octet as spare = 0)	AB12CD34E0

8.4.10 Association of subscription based assigned identifiers for a specific multimedia service

The encoding and formats of the parameters concerning the association of subscription based assigned identifiers for multimedia services and responses relate to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D.

8.4.10.1 IR_51_ASSOC_PERM request criteria elements and structure for subscription information for multimedia services

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the association of subscription based assigned identifiers for a specific telecommunications service.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber	
subscribedMultimedia	SEQUENCE OF	
Services		
TimeSpan	Structure	
startTime	Date and time at which the association of the assigned identifiers is requested.	20100225120000+0100 20100225120000Z
registeredIdentifiers	SEQUENCE OF	
Partyldentity	Party identity of the multimedia or telephony subscriber (IMPU or E.164 number).	41771112233 sip:+41771112233@csp.ch tel:+41771112233
privateUserIdentities	SEQUENCE OF	

work.org		IMPI	, , , ,	228901234567890@ ims.mnc090.mcc228.3gppnet work org
----------	--	------	----------------	---

NOTE: The request shall contain only one assigned identifier, either an IMPU or an IMPI.

8.4.10.2 IR_51_ASSOC_PERM response elements and structure for subscription information for multimedia services

This section covers the information response elements and fields for the association of subscription based assigned identifiers for specific telecommunications service according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D.

Multimedia Subscriber	nedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
recordNumber	Structure	0, 1, 2,	
recordPayload structure			
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia		
multimediaSubscriber	Category = multimediaSubscriber		
subscribedMultimedia Services	SEQUENCE OF		
TimeSpan	Structure		
startTime	Start time of the association validity.	20100225120000+0100 20100225120000Z	
endTime	End time of the association validity. Only if available.	20160731120000+0200 20160731120000Z	
registeredIdentifiers	SEQUENCE OF		
Partyldentity	Party identity or identities of the multimedia or telephony subscriber. (IMPU or E.164 number)	41771112233 sip:+41771112233@csp.ch tel:+41771112233 sip:+41992305887@csp.ch tel:+41992305887	
privateUserIdentities	SEQUENCE OF		
IMPI	Private User Identity (IMPI) associated with the party.	228901234567890@ ims.mnc090.mcc228.3gppnetwork.org	

8.4.11 Determination of the adjacent network identity for telephony and multimedia services

The encoding and formats of the parameters concerning the adjacent network identity for telephony and multimedia services requests and responses relate to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D.

8.4.11.1 IR_53_TEL_ADJ_NET request criteria elements and structure for telephony and multimedia service usage information

This section covers the information request criteria contained in the requestParameters ⇒ RequestConstraints sequence sent in the XML request for the determination of the adjacent network.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	
multimediaServiceUsage	Category = multimediaServiceUsage	
	· 	
MultimediaServiceUsage	SEQUENCE	
partyInformation	SEQUENCE OF	
MultimediaPartyInformation		
partyRole	Role of the parties pertaining to the call, session or message.	calling called redirecting forwarded-to-Party smsOriginator smsRecipient
partyldentity	SIP URI or TEL URI or E.164 number in international format.	sip:alice@atlanta.com tel:+41598889988 41598889988
communicationTime		
TimeSpan		
startTime	Date and time of the start of communication or attempted communication in "GeneralizedTime" format.	20210402121805Z
endTime	End time of the communication call or session in "GeneralizedTime" format. Only in case of answered calls or sessions.	20210402123156Z

8.4.11.2 IR_53_TEL_ADJ_NET response elements and structure for telephony and multimedia service usage information

This section covers the information response elements and fields for the determination of the adjacent network according to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Annexes A and D.

Multimedia Subscriber		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
equals	Request constraint	
multimediaRecord	Service = multimedia	

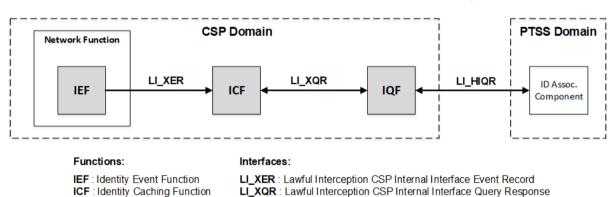
multimediaServiceUsage	Category = multimediaServiceUsage	
MultimediaServiceUsage	SEQUENCE	
partyInformation	SEQUENCE OF	
MultimediaPartyInformation	SEQUENCE OF	
partyRole	Role of the parties pertaining to the call, session or message.	calling called redirecting forwarded-to-Party smsOriginator smsRecipient
partyldentity	SIP URI or TEL URI or E.164 number in international format.	sip:alice@atlanta.com tel:+41598889988 41598889988
communicationTime	Structure	
TimeSpan	SEQUENCE	
startTime	Date and time of the start of communication or attempted communication in "GeneralizedTime" format.	20210402121805Z
endTime	End time of the communication call or session in "GeneralizedTime" format. Only in case of answered calls or sessions.	20210402123156Z
trunkGroupIDs	SEQUENCE	
incomingTrunkGroupID	Identity of the incoming PSTN leg. Format as defined by the CSP.	TGISWE01 FRA332 21804
outgoingTrunkGroupID	Identity of the outgoing PSTN leg. Format as defined by the CSP.	TGISWE01 FRA332 21804
interOperatorIDs	SEQUENCE	
originatingInterOperatorID	Originating Inter Operator Identifier orig-ioi formated as defined in IETF RFC 7315 and 3GPP TS 32.260 V17.3.0	ims.mnc099.mcc228.3gppn etwork.org IMSSTB_32 Orange_FR
terminatingInterOperatorID	Terminating Inter Operator Identifier term-ioi, formated as defined in IETF RFC 7315 and 3GPP TS 32.260 V17.3.0	ims.mnc099.mcc228.3gppn etwork.org IMSSTB_32 Orange_FR
transitInterOperatorIDList	Transit Inter Operator Identifier transit-ioi- list, formated as defined in IETF RFC 7315 and 3GPP TS 32.260 V17.3.0	Orange_FR.1 IMSSTB_32.1

8.4.12 Association of temporary to permanent 5G identifiers in real-time

8.4.12.1 IR_52_ASSOC_TEMP and LI_HIQR handover interface purpose

5G Standalone networks use temporary identities in place of permanent identities to ensure that identities which are visible on exposed interfaces (e.g. Radio Access Network) cannot be used to track or degrade the privacy of a subscriber. For LI purposes, CSPs are required to be able to provide real-time association between temporary and permanent identities where the use of such identity associations impact the ability of the LEA to identify unambiguously the UE, subscriber or true permanent identities associated with a service.

The general concept and description of the functional entities and interfaces to perform the identity association are available in 3GPP TS 33.127 V17.5.0 clause 5.7.



The architecture and the functions and interfaces are described in the figure below:

Figure 8-1: Functions and interfaces architecture for identifier association query and response

LI HIQR : Lawful Interception Handover Interface Query Response

8.4.12.2 LI_HIQR handover interface description and overview

The LI_HIQR interface uses most of the building blocks of the specification ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 such as the LDTaskObject and DeliveryObject with the corresponding XML messages and the transport network. It also uses the ETSI TS 102 280 V2.6.1 common parameters and the dictionaries, queries and records formats are specified in ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 clause 5.7.

8.4.12.2.1 LI_HIQR Transport security

IQF : Identity Query Function

Implementations shall support HTTPS as defined in IETF RFC 2818, including the support for mutual authentication through bidirectional certificate usage according to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 clause 9.3.4.

The exchange of the certificates and security requirements (such as key management, key length and the choice of cryptographic algorithm) is an implementation issue and shall be determined by the PTSS based on consultations with the CSP.

8.4.12.2.2 Action messages used for the LI_HIQR query and response

Action and Action Responses messages specified for the LI_HIQR interface used by the query and response procedure according to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 clauses 6.4.2 and 6.4.3 are:

Action Requests	Action Responses
CREATE	CREATE RESPONSE
DELIVER	DELIVER RESPONSE
	ERROR INFORMATION

Table 8-7: Action messages used by the LI_HIQR interface

8.4.12.2.3 Message flow for LI_HIQR query and response

This section provides an overview of the message flow for a real-time identity association query and response.

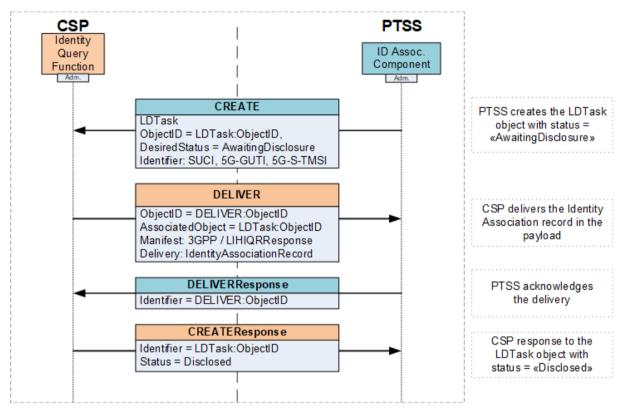


Figure 8-2: Message flow for a real-time identity association query and response

8.4.12.2.4 Message flow in case of error or invalidity for LI_HIQR query and response

This section provides an overview of the message flow in case of error or invalidity for a realtime identity association query and response. When the query is not correctly formed or when a value in the request is not valid or when the CSP system experiences a problem in its internal system. Refer to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 clause 6.4.9 for its application and to Annex D for error codes and descriptions.

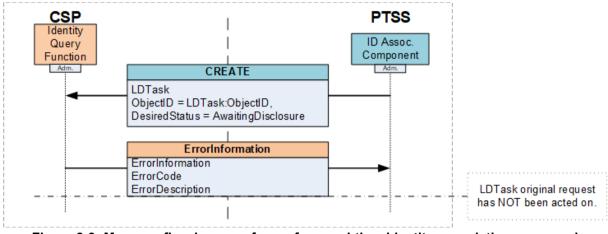


Figure 8-3: Message flow in case of error for a real-time identity association query and response

8.4.12.3 ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 requirements and options for the LI_HIQR interface

The following ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 requirements and options are valid for the realization of the LI_HIQR interface with the LDTask and DELIVER methods.

Clause ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1	Available options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
	ges header	
6.2.3	NationalProfileOwner:	PTSS
	NationalProfileVersion:	V3.0.0
6.2.4	UniqueIdentifier: Unique identifier	Value PTSS for PTSS and the 5-digit
	sufficient for identifying the	code CSPID for CSPs.
	object/field within the country.	CSPID is a 5-digit code allocated by the
	LongString (see ETSI TS 103 280	PTSS to each CSP in Switzerland.
	V2.6.1)	
6.4 Action	Request and Responses (request	payload)
6.4.6	CREATE Request	List of the HI1Object fields required in the
		CREATE Request Message:
		HI1Object required fields:
		ObjectIdentifier
		CountryCode
		Ownerldentifier
		Externalldentifier
		AssociatedObjects
		LDTask object required fields:
		Reference
		Status
		LDTaskDesiredStatus
		RequestDetails
		Туре
		ObservedTime
		RequestValues
		DeliveryDetails
		LDDeliveryDestination
		CSPID
		Flags

Clause	Available entires for Owige	
Clause	Available options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
103 120		
V1.9.1		
	CREATE Response	List of the HI1Object fields required in the
		CREATE Response Messages:
		HI1Object required fields:
		ObjectIdentifier
		LDTaskStatus
6.4.9	Action Unsuccessful Information	ErrorCode and ErrorInformation shall
		match values of table D.1 "Detailed error
		codes" of ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Annex
		D.
6.4.10	DELIVER	List of the HI1Object fields required in the
		DELIVER Message:
		HI1Object required fields:
		Identifier
		HI1Object
		Туре
		ObjectIdentifier
		AssociatedObject
		DeliveryObject (details in ETSI TS 103
		120 V1.9.1 clause 10)
	DELIVER Response	List of the HI1Object fields required in the
	-	DELIVER Response Message:
		HI1Object required fields:
		ObjectIdentifier
7.1 HI1Ob	ject	· •
7.1.1	Externalldentifier	This field is used to correlate the tasking
		instructions for accounting purposes. It is
		composed of the first 14 digits of the
		LDTask: Reference LDID.
7.1.4	AssociatedObjects	The field AssociatedObjects contains a
	····	single AssociatedObject that is
		populated with the ObjectIdentifier of the
		associated LDTask object.
8.3 LDTas	kObject	,
8.3.3	LDTaskStatus	Dictionary Owner: ETSI
		Dictionary Name: LDTaskStatus
		Dictionary authorised values:
		Disclosed: The Task has been
		processed and the product has been
		disclosed by the LD system.
		Error: The Task has not been processed
		due to a problem with the underlying LD
		system.
		Invalid: The Task has not been
		processed due to a problem with the
		current information populated in the Task
		Object.

Clause	Available options for Swiss	Additional requirements or specifications
ETSI TS	applications	
103 120		
V1.9.1		
8.3.4	LDTaskDesiredStatus	Dictionary Owner: ETSI
		Dictionary Name: LDTaskDesiredStatus
		Dictionary authorised value:
		AwaitingDisclosure: The Task is
		approved, but is not yet processed by the
		LD system.
8.3.5	RequestDetails:	
0.0.0	Type	
	(see ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	Dictionary Owner: 3GPP
	·	
	Table 5.7.2-3)	Dictionary Name: Request Type
		Dictionary Value: IdentityAssociation
	ObservedTime:	QualifiedDateTime
	Observeu rime.	
		(ETSI TS 103 280 V2.6.1)
	RequestValues	Format Type
	Request values	Format Owner: 3GPP
		Format Name: ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0
8.3.6	Deliver / Deteiler	Table 5.7.2-4.
8.3.0	DeliveryDetails:	Lieve de verv 🗁 menet
	DeliveryDestination	HandoverFormat
		Dictionary Owner: ETSI
		Dictionary Name: LDHandoverformat
		Dictionary authorized value: TS103120
		DeliveryProfile
		DeliveryProfile
		Dictionary Owner: PTSS
		Dictionary Name: LDDeliveryProfile
		Dictionary authorized values:
		LI_HIQR_Production
		LI_HIQR_Intergation_1
		LI_HIQR_Integration_2

Clause ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1	Available options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
8.3.7	Flags	There are two flags based on the following PTSS dictionaries: Dictionary Owner: PTSS Dictionary Name: PTSSNationalRequestTypes Dictionary authorized values: IR 52 ASSOC TEMP
		Dictionary Owner: PTSS Dictionary Name: LDTaskMode Dictionary authorized values: Normal TEST_PTE TEST_PTSA TEST_PTSE TEST_PTSTE TEST_PTSTE TEST_CTT TEST_CTT TEST_ATT
9.3.2	Client/Server architecture	On PTSS side the client uses the following timeout and retries configuration: Connection timeout: 10 seconds Read timeout: 30 seconds Retry policy: every 1 minute, 15 retries Final failure: Alert/requeue for manual processing.

	-	
Clause ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1	Available options for Swiss applications	Additional requirements or specifications
10.2	DeliveryObject	
	Reference	LDID assigned by the corresponding LDTaskObject.
	DeliveryID	UUID uniquely assigned by the corresponding LDTaskObject.
	SequenceNumber	An incremental and unique number within the scope of a DeliveryID. Starts with 1.
	LastSequence	A boolean that indicates whether this was the last sequence for a DeliveryID. Shall be set to "true" if there is only one SequenceNumber.
	Manifest	It describes the format used in the delivery. The content shall be set to Dictionary owner: 3GPP Dictionary name: ManifestSpecification Dictionary value: LIHIQRResponse (ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 Table 5.7.2-6)
	Delivery	The Delivery structure to be provided is XML data in the LIHIQRResponse. The IdentityAssociationRecord shall be formatted according to ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 Table 5.7.2-5.

8.4.12.4 Format and coding of LI_HIQR query and response

This section provides requirements and examples about the different elements composing the XML messages for the identity association simple process exchanged over the LI_HIQR interface between the PTSS and the CSP.

The collection of messages below aims to show an example of structure for each type of message.

Element or attribute	Description	Example
leader	·	
Senderldentifer	CountryCode: ShortString / ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН
	UniqueIdentifer:	PTSS
ReceiverIdentifer	CountryCode: ShortString / ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН

8.4.12.4.1 LI_HIQR interface XML structure of a C	CREATE request for a LDTask
---	-----------------------------

UniqueIdentifer: CSPID99989TransactionIdentiferUUID: RFC 4122 in canonical formee4165be-4817-11e6-bTimestampQualifiedMicrosecondDateTime2021-08- 11T12:10:00.00000ZVersionETSIVersionV1.9.1NationalProfileOwnerPTSS	eb8-
9e71128cae77TimestampQualifiedMicrosecondDateTime2021-08- 11T12:10:00.000000ZVersionETSIVersionV1.9.1	
Image: Version ETSIVersion V1.9.1	
NationalProfileOwner PTSS	
NationalProfileVersion V3.0.0	
Payload	
RequestPayload Structure	
ActionRequests Structure	
ActionRequest Structure	
ActionIdentifier Generated by the sender 0	
CREATE Structure	
HI1Object	
ObejctType type LDTaskObject	
ObjectIdentifier UUID: RFC 4122 in canonical form 8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-8 1900dcecaaa6	2c3-
CountryCode CountryCode: ShortString / ISO CH 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	
Ownerldentifier ShortString PTSS	
ExternalIdentifier LongString 202108118765432	
LDTask	
Reference LDID CH-PTSS- 2021081187654321	
DesiredStatus TaskDesiredStatus: ETSI AwaitingDisclosure dictionary entry	
RequestDetails RequestType: 3GPP dictionary IdentityAssociation entry	
ObservedTime QualifiedDateTime 2021-08-11T11:53:12Z	
RequestValues RequestValue and FormatType extensions according to ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 Table 5.7.2-4 FormatOwner: 3GPP FormatName: SUCI suci-0-228-99-1-0-0-b2e92f836055a2558376	de
FormatName: NRCellIdentity 225bd6007	
FormatName: TrackingAreaCode 63f82b	
DeliveryDetails LDDeliveryDestination: ETSI dictionary entry: LDHandoverFormat TS103120	
PTSS dictionary entry:	

	LDDeliveryProfile	LI_HIQR_Production
CSPID	CountryCode: ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code UniqueIdentifer	CH 99989
Flags	PTSS dictionary entries: PTSSNationalRequestTypes LDTaskMode	IR_52_ASSOC_TEMP Normal

8.4.12.4.2 LI_HIQR interface XML structure of a DELIVER request for a LDTask

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1			
Element or attribute	Description	Example	
Header			
Senderldentifer	CountryCode: ShortString / ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН	
	UniqueIdentifer: CSPID	99989	
ReceiverIdentifer	CountryCode: ShortString / ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН	
	UniqueIdentifer:	PTSS	
TransactionIdentifer	UUID: RFC 4122 in canonical form	7653c3a6-2311-4d26-bf84- 2bddb3f06859	
Timestamp	QualifiedMicrosecondDateTime	2021-08- 11T12:10:22.000000Z	
Version	ETSIVersion	V1.9.1	
	NationalProfileOwner	PTSS	
	NationalProfileVersion	V3.0.0	
Payload			
RequestPayload	Structure		
ActionRequests	Structure		
ActionRequest	Structure		
ActionIdentifier	Generated by the sender	0	
DELIVER	Structure		
Identifier	UUID: RFC 4122 in canonical form	eb3d0174-a805-4ad0-944b- a6f0f5202a34	
HI1Object			
ObjectIdentifier	UUID: RFC 4122 in canonical form	eb3d0174-a805-4ad0-944b- a6f0f5202a34	
AssociatedObject	UUID: RFC 4122 in canonical form. Refers to the object of the CREATE LDTask.	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6	
Reference	LDID	CH-PTSS- 2021081187654321	

DeliveryID	UUID uniquely assigned by the corresponding LDTaskObject.	1bb5e2f7-8aa6-409a-a9b4- 9a065eb2e1c0
SequenceNumber	An incremental and unique number within the scope of a DeliveryID. Starts with 1.	1
LastSequence	A boolean that indicates whether this was the last sequence for a DeliveryID.	true
Manifest	Format used in the delivery. The content shall be set to: Dictionary Owner: Dictionary Name: Dictionary Value:	3GPP ManifestSpecification LIHIQRResponse
Delivery	Delivery structure is XML data for the LIHIQRResponse.	XMLData
LIHIQRResponse	The IdentityAssociationRecord shall be formatted according to ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0 Table 5.7.2-5.	LIHIQRResponse
Associations	Structure	
IdentityAssociationRec ord	SUPI SUPIMSI	22899123456789
	SUCI	suci-0-228-99-1-0-0- b2e92f836055a255837de
	FiveGGUTI	5gguti-228-99-08-121-13- 6f285ac3
	PEI PEIIMEI	35395803121326
	AssociationStartTime	2021-08- 11T11:58:14.225000Z
	AssociationStopTime	2021-08- 11T12:03:47.127000Z
	FiveGSTAIList MCC MNC TAC	228 99 ac5e39 , 2345ac
	GPSI GPSIMSISDN	41779998899

8.4.12.4.3 LI_HIQR interface XML structure of a DELIVER response for a LDTask

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
Header		
Senderldentifer	CountryCode: ShortString / ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН
	UniqueIdentifer: CSPID	99989

ReceiverIdentifer	CountryCode: ShortString / ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН
	UniqueIdentifer:	PTSS
TransactionIdentifer	UUID: RFC 4122 in canonical form	7653c3a6-2311-4d26-bf84- 2bddb3f06859
Timestamp	QualifiedMicrosecondDateTime	2021-08- 11T12:10:23.000000Z
Version	ETSIVersion	V1.9.1
	NationalProfileOwner	PTSS
	NationalProfileVersion	V3.0.0
Payload		
ResponsePayload	Structure	
ActionResponses	Structure	
ActionResponse	Structure	
ActionIdentifier	Generated by the sender	0
DELIVERResponse	Structure	
Identifier	UUID: RFC 4122 in canonical form	eb3d0174-a805-4ad0-944b- a6f0f5202a34

8.4.12.4.4 LI_HIQR interface XML structure of a CREATE response for a LDTask

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
Header	•	
Senderldentifer	CountryCode: ShortString / ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН
	UniqueIdentifer:	PTSS
ReceiverIdentifer	CountryCode: ShortString / ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН
	UniqueIdentifer: CSPID	99989
TransactionIdentifer	UUID: RFC 4122 in canonical form	ee4165be-4817-11e6-beb8- 9e71128cae77
Timestamp	QualifiedMicrosecondDateTime	2021-08- 11T12:10:23.500000Z
Version	ETSIVersion	V1.9.1
	NationalProfileOwner	PTSS
	NationalProfileVersion	V3.0.0
Payload		
ResponsePayload	Structure	
ActionResponses	Structure	
ActionResponse	Structure	
ActionIdentifier	Generated by the sender	0

CREATEResponse	Structure	
Identifier		8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6
HI1Object		
ObejctType	type	LDTaskObject
ObjectIdentifier	UUID: RFC 4122 in canonical form	8a1a0c46-2495-46d5-82c3- 1900dcecaaa6
Status	LDTaskStatus: ETSI dictionary entry	Disclosed

8.4.12.4.5 LI_HIQR interface XML structure of an ErrorInformation response for a LDTask

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1		
Element or attribute	Description	Example
Header	·	
Senderldentifer	CountryCode: ShortString / ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН
	UniqueIdentifer:	PTSS
ReceiverIdentifer	CountryCode: ShortString / ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code	СН
	UniqueIdentifer: CSPID	99989
TransactionIdentifer	UUID: RFC 4122 in canonical form	ee4165be-4817-11e6-beb8- 9e71128cae77
Timestamp	QualifiedMicrosecondDateTime	2021-08- 11T12:10:23.500000Z
Version	ETSIVersion	V1.9.1
	NationalProfileOwner	PTSS
	NationalProfileVersion	V3.0.0
Payload		
ResponsePayload	Structure	
ErrorInformation		
ErrorCode	Integer code specifying the type of error according to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 Annex D.	3005
ErrorDescription	Detail of the error that occurred.	Required element missing

8.5 Handover interfaces requirements

8.5.1 ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 Handover interface for the request and delivery of information requests

The handover interface is used for the transmission of the PTSS requests and CSP responses for Information Requests. The data is encoded in one or several XML files.

The requirements and options related to ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1 are specified in the present document in section 7.5.

8.5.2 ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 LI_HIQR Handover interface for the query and response of the IR_52_ASSOC_TEMP information request

The LI_HIQR handover interface is used for the transmission of the PTSS queries and CSP responses for the specific Information Request IR_52_ASSOC_TEMP in near real-time. The data is encoded in one or several XML files.

The requirements and options related to ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1 for the realization of the LI_HIQR are specified in the present document in section 8.4.12.3.

8.6 Applicable XML schema version for information requests

Any superior version can be adopted by the CSP for better performances. This must be agreed with the PTSS in order to ensure the compatibility with the current Information Request Component systems, and this requires a new compliance assessment.

Applicable XML	Requirement or instruction for application
Schema	
ETSI TS 102 657 V.	1.28.1
RDMessage XML	RDMessage,ver26.xsd
Schema (xsd)	xmlns="http://uri.etsi.org/02657/v1.28.1#/RetainedData"
	The following changes are applicable in Switzerland to the ETSI published xsd:
	The elements "MsgSubscriberID", "MsgStoreID",
	"MultimediaBillingIdentifier", "MultimediaDeviceID" are defined with a type "string" instead of "hexBinary", as
	<xsd:simpletype name="MsgSubscriberID"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"></xsd:restriction></xsd:simpletype>
	<xsd:simpletype name="MsgStoreID"></xsd:simpletype>
	<xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"></xsd:restriction>
	<xsd:simpletype name="MultimediaBillingIdentifier"> <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"></xsd:restriction></xsd:simpletype>
	<xsd:simpletype name="MultimediaDeviceID"></xsd:simpletype>
	<xsd:restriction base="xsd:string"></xsd:restriction>
ETSI TS 103 120 V1	
XML Schema (xsd)	ts_103120v010901p0_Common.xsd
	ts_103120v010901p0_Core.xsd
	ts_103120v010901p0_Delivery.xsd
	ts_103120v010901p0_Dictionaries.xsd
	ts_103120v010901p0_Task.xsd
	ts_103120v010901p0_Notification.xsd
XML file	ts_103120v010901p0_ETSIDictionaryDefinitions.xml
	_PTSS_DictionaryDefinitions V3.0.0.xml (NOTE 1)
ETSI TS 103 280 V2	261
	ts 103280v020601p0.xsd
ETSI TS 103 221-1	V1.11.1
XML Schema (xsd)	TS_103_221_01_v011101.xsd
ETSI TS 133 128 V1	I7.5.0 Annex E
	3GPPIdentityExtensions:r17:v3

XML Schema (xsd) 3GPPIdentityExtensions:r17:v3

Table 8-8: Applicable XML schema version for information requests

NOTE 1: The file "_PTSS_DictionaryDefinitions V3.0.0.xml" is issued by PTSS and can be provided upon request to the CSP.

9 Security

9.1 Data Protection

In order to ensure the confidentiality of data, the legal requirements of the Federal Act on Data Protection (FADP) "Bundesgesetz über den Datenschutz (DSG) vom 25. September 2020 (SR 235.1)" apply for the PTSS and the CSP.

9.2 Hardware Security

The CSP and the PTSS must ensure the prevention of unauthorised access to the functionality of all the systems involved in lawful interception.

10 List of Technical Specifications

This section provides a list of ETSI and 3GPP Technical Specifications (ETSI and 3GPP TS), IETF Request for Comments (RFC), ISO standards, ITU Recommendations, Broadband Forum report, GSM Association and Open Mobile Alliance documents used in this annex. It is meant to ease the reading and implementation of the handover interfaces specified in the present document.

	Lawful Interception (LI);
ETSI TS 101 331 V1.8.1	Requirements of Law Enforcement Agencies
ETSI TS 101 671 V3.12.1	Telecommunication security; Lawful interception (LI); Handover interface for the lawful interception of telecommunication traffic
ETSI TS 102 232-1 V3.26.1	Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service- Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 1: Handover specification for IP delivery
ETSI TS 102 232-2 V3.14.1	Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service- Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 2: Service-specific details for Email services
ETSI TS 102 232-3 V3.9.1	Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service- Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 3: Service-specific details for internet access services
ETSI TS 102 232-5 V3.15.1	Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service- Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 5: Service-specific details for IP Multimedia Services
ETSI TS 102 232-6 V3.3.1	Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service- Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 6: Service-specific details for PSTN/ISDN services
ETSI TS 102 232-7 V3.11.1	Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service- Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 7: Service- specific details for Mobile Services
ETSI TR 102 503 V1.15.1	Lawful Interception (LI); ASN.1 Object Identifiers in Lawful Interception and Retained data handling Specifications
ETSI TS 102 657 V1.28.1	Lawful Interception (LI); Retained data handling; Handover interface for the request and delivery of retained data
ETSI TS 103 221-1 V1.11.1	Lawful Interception (LI); Part 1: Internal Network Interface X1 for Lawful Interception
ETSI TS 103 221-2 V1.6.1	Lawful Interception (LI); Part 2: Internal Network Interface X2/X3 for Lawful Interception
ETSI TS 103 120 V1.9.1	Lawful Interception (LI); Interface for warrant information
ETSI TS 103 280 V2.6.1	Lawful Interception (LI); Dictionary for common parameters
ETSI TS 132 298 V17.3.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) parameter description
ETSI TS 133 106 V17.0.0	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; 3G security; Lawful interception requirements

ETSI TS 133 107 V17.0.0	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; 3G security; Lawful interception architecture and functions
ETSI TS 133 108 V17.0.0	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE;3G security; Handover interface for Lawful Interception (LI)
ETSI TS 133 126 V17.2.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Security; Lawful Interception requirements
ETSI TS 133 127 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; 5G Security; Lawful Interception (LI) architecture and functions
ETSI TS 133 128 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; 5G Security; Protocol and procedures for Lawful Interception (LI); Stage 3
ETSI TS 129 002 V17.1.0	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification
ETSI TS 123 228 V17.3.0	IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS); Stage 2
ETSI TS 124 229 V17.6.1	IP multimedia call control protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3
3GPP TS 23.003 V17.5.0	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Numbering, addressing and identification
3GPP TS 23.008 V17.1.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Organization of subscriber data;
3GPP TS 23.032 V17.2.0	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Universal Geographical Area Description (GAD)
3GPP TS 23.040 V17.2.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Technical realization of the Short Message Service (SMS)
3GPP TS 23.060 V17.0.0	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Service description; Stage 2
3GPP TS 23.204 V17.0.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Support of Short Message Service (SMS) over generic 3GPP Internet Protocol (IP) access; Stage 2
3GPP TS 23.271 V17.0.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Functional stage 2 description of Location Services (LCS)
3GPP TS 23.272 V17.0.0	LTE; Circuit Switched (CS) fallback in Evolved Packet System (EPS); Stage 2
3GPP TS 23.273 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; 5G System (5GS) Location Services (LCS); Stage 2
3GPP TS 23.316 V17.3.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Wireless and wireline convergence access support for the 5G System (5GS)
3GPP TS 23.401 V17.5.0	LTE; General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) enhancements for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) access
3GPP TS 23.402 V17.0.0	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Architecture enhancements for non-3GPP accesses

3GPP TS 23.501 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; System Architecture for the 5G System; Stage 2
3GPP TS 23.502 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Procedures for the 5G System; Stage 2
3GPP TS 23.503 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Policy and Charging Control Framework for the 5G System; Stage 2
3GPP TS 24.007 V17.3.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Mobile radio interface signalling layer 3; General aspects
3GPP TS 24.008 V17.7.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Mobile radio interface Layer 3 specification; Core network protocols; Stage 3
3GPP TS 24.341 V17.1.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Support of SMS over IP networks; Stage 3
3GPP TS 24.501 V17.6.1	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3
3GPP TS 24.502 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Access to the 3GPP 5G Core Network (5GCN) via Non-3GPP Access Networks (N3AN); Stage 3
3GPP TS 29.060 V17.2.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); GPRS Tunnelling Protocol (GTP) across the Gn and Gp interface
3GPP TS 29.163 V17.3.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Interworking between the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem and Circuit Switched (CS) networks
3GPP TS 29.274 V17.5.0	LTE; 3GPP Evolved Packet System (EPS); Evolved General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) Tunnelling Protocol for Control plane (GTPv2-C); Stage 3
3GPP TS 29.518 V17.6.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; 5G System; Access and Mobility Management Services; Stage 3
3GPP TS 29.520 V17.7.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; 5G System; Network Data Analytics Services; Stage 3
3GPP TS 29.540 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; 5G System; SMS Services; Stage 3
3GPP TS 29.561 V17.6.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; 5G System; Interworking between 5G Network and external Data Networks; Stage 3
3GPP TS 29.562 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; 5G System; Home Subscriber Server (HSS) services; Stage 3
3GPP TS 29.563 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; 5G System; Home Subscriber Server (HSS) services for interworking with Unified Data Management (UDM); Stage 3

3GPP TS 29.571 V17.6.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; 5G System; Common Data Types for Service Based Interfaces; Stage 3
3GPP TS 29.572 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; 5G System; Location Management Services; Stage 3
3GPP TS 29.573 V17.5.0	Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; 5G System; Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) Interconnection; Stage 3
3GPP TS 32.240 V17.6.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging architecture and principles
3GPP TS 32.251 V17.0.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Telecommunication management; Charging management; Packet Switched (PS) domain charging
3GPP TS 32.255 V17.6.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G data connectivity domain charging
3GPP TS 32.256 V17.1.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G connection and mobility domain charging
3GPP TS 32.260 V17.3.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Telecommunication management; Charging management; IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) charging
3GPP TS 32.274 V17.1.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Telecommunication management; Charging management; Short Message Service (SMS) charging
3GPP TS 32.275 V17.3.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Telecommunication management; Charging management; MultiMedia Telephony (MMTel) charging
3GPP TS 32.291 V17.3.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Telecommunication management; Charging management; 5G system, charging service; Stage 3
3GPP TS 33.401 V17.2.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; 3GPP System Architecture Evolution (SAE); Security architecture
3GPP TS 33.501 V17.6.0	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Security architecture and procedures for 5G system
3GPP TS 36.300 V17.0.0	Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); Overall description; Stage 2
3GPP TS 36.413 V17.0.0	Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); S1 Application Protocol (S1AP)

3GPP TS 37.340 V17.0.0	Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and NR; Multi-connectivity; Stage 2
3GPP TS 37.355 V17.0.0	Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; LTE Positioning Protocol (LPP)
3GPP TS 38.300 V17.0.0	Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; NR; NR and NG-RAN Overall Description; Stage 2
3GPP TS 38.413 V17.0.0	Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; NG-RAN; NG Application Protocol (NGAP)
IETF RFC 2279	UTF-8, a Transformation Format of ISO 10646
IETF RFC 3261	SIP: Session Initiation Protocol
IETF RFC 4122	A Universally Unique IDentifier (UUID) URN Namespace
IETF RFC 4180	Common Format and MIME Type for Comma-Separated Values (CSV) Files
IETF RFC 4880	OpenPGP Message Format
IETF RFC 4975	The Message Session Relay Protocol (MSRP)
IETF RFC 5321	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol
IETF RFC 5322	Internet Message Format
IETF RFC 5905	Network Time Protocol Version 4, Protocol and Algorithms Specification
IETF RFC 6530	Overview and Framework for Internationalized Email
IETF RFC 7542	The Network Access Identifier
ISO 3166-1 (2013)	Codes for the representation of names of
	countries and their subdivisions
ISO 13616 (2007)	Financial services - International bank account number (IBAN)
ITU-T E.164 (11/10)	ITU-T Recommendation E.164, Numbering plan of the international telephone service
ITU-T G.711 (11/88)	ITU-T Recommendation G.711, Pulse code modulation (PCM) of voice frequencies
ITU-T H.248 (06/00)	ITU-T Recommendation H.248, Gateway control protocol
ITU-T H.323 (12/09)	ITU-T Recommendation H.323, Packet-based multimedia communications systems
ITU-T Q.763 (12/99)	ITU-T Recommendation Q.763, Signalling System No. 7 - ISDN User Part formats and codes
ITU-T Q.850 (10/18)	ITU-T Recommendation Q.850, Usage of cause and location in the Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. 1 and the Signalling System No. 7 ISDN user part
ITU-T Q.931 (05/98)	ITU-T Recommendation Q.931, "ISDN user-network interface layer 3 specification for basic call control"
ITU-T Q.699 (09/97)	ITU-T Recommendation Q.699, "Interworking of Signalling Systems – Interworking between Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. 1 and Signalling System No. 7
ITU-T Q.1912.5 (01/2018)	ITU-T Recommendation Q.1912.5, "Interworking between session initiation protocol (SIP) and bearer independent call control protocol or ISDN user part"
ITU-T X.680 (11/08)	ITU-T Recommendation X.680, Information technology - Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation
ITU-T X.690 (12/97)	ITU-T Recommendation X.690; Data Networks and Open System Communication – OSI networking and system aspects – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)

BBF TR-470 Issue 1 (08/2020)	Broadband Forum, 5G Wireless Wireline Convergence Architecture. Issue 1, Issue Date: August 2020
GSMA IR.61 V14.0	GSM Association, Official Document IR.61; Wi-Fi Roaming Guidelines
GSMA IR.65 V34.0	GSM Association, Official Document IR.65; IMS Roaming, Interconnection and Interworking Guidelines
GSMA IR.88 V24.0	GSM Association, Official Document IR.88; EPS Roaming Guidelines
GSMA IR.92 V16.0	GSM Association, Official Document IR.92; IMS Profile for Voice and SMS
GSMA NG.113 V5.0	GSM Association, Official Document NG.113, 5GS Roaming Guidelines
GSMA SGP.01 V4.0	GSM Association, Official Document SGP.01; Embedded SIM Remote Provisioning Architecture
GSMA SGP.02 V4.0	GSM Association, Official Document SGP.02; Remote Provisioning Architecture for Embedded UICC Technical Specification
OMA-TS-MLP-V3_5-20181211- C.	Open Mobile Alliance; Mobile Location Protocol, Candidate Version 3.5.
OMA-TS-MMS_ENC-V1_3- 20110913-A	Open Mobile Alliance; Multimedia Messaging Service Encapsulation Protocol, Version 1.3

Table 10-1: List of technical specifications